CITY OF MORENO VALLEY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM (QAP)







Revised: October 1, 2010

Prepared By: Guy Pegan, Senior Engineer, P.E.
Capital Projects Division
Public Works Department
City of Moreno Valley
14177 Frederick Street
Moreno Valley, CA 92553

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM (QAP)

CITY OF MORENO VALLEY

The purpose of this program is to provide assurance that the materials incorporated into the construction projects are in conformance with the contract specifications. This program is in conjunction with the Caltrans documents "Quality Assurance Program Manual for Use by Local Agencies" and "Local Assistance Procedures Manual" Section 16.14 Quality Assurance Program for off the National Highway System (NHS) and off the State Highway System (SHS). For on the National Highway System (NHS) and on the State Highway System (SHS) detail QAP requirements refer to the Caltrans "Local Assistance Procedures Manual" Section 16.14 Quality Assurance Program. This program will be updated every five years or more frequent if there are changes of the testing frequencies or to the tests themselves.

INTRODUCTION

A Quality Assurance Program (QAP) consists of an Acceptance Program and an Independent Assurance (IA) Program that will provide assurance that the materials and workmanship incorporated into a construction project are in conformance with the contract specifications for off the National Highway System and off the State Highway System. To accomplish the Local Agency QAP requirements by Caltrans, the following terms, definitions, and procedures will be used:

DEFINITION OF TERMS

- <u>Acceptance Testing (AT)</u> Sampling and testing, or inspection, to determine the degree of compliance with contract requirements.
- <u>Independent Assurance (IA) Program (IAP)</u> Verification that AT is being performed correctly by qualified testers and laboratories.
- Quality Assurance Program (QAP) A sampling and testing program that will provide assurance that the materials and workmanship incorporated into the construction project are in conformance with the contract specifications. The main elements of a QAP are the AT, and IAP.
- <u>Source Inspection</u> AT of manufactured and prefabricated materials at locations other than the job site, generally at the manufactured location.
- <u>Caltrans Materials Engineering and Testing Services (MET)</u> Performs IA services for local agencies with Federal-aid projects off the NHS.
- <u>Witness Test</u>: IA person meets with the local agency acceptance sampler and tester, and observes the person performing the test (or tests) that the person is qualified to perform.
- <u>Proficiency Test</u>: At least once during each calendar year, the IA person should conduct a confirmation test of each Acceptance Tester, with a representative sample of soil or aggregate, to verify that the AT tester is proficient in performing the applicable test.

MATERIALS LABORATORY

The City of Moreno Valley will use private consultant materials laboratory to perform AT on Federalaid and other designated projects. The materials laboratory shall be under the responsible management of a California registered Engineer with experience in sampling, inspection and testing of construction materials. The Engineer shall certify the results of all tests performed by laboratory personnel under the Engineer's supervision. The materials laboratory shall contain certified test equipment capable of performing the tests conforming to the provisions of this QAP.

The materials laboratory used shall provide documentation that the laboratory complies with the following procedures:

- 1. <u>Correlation Testing Program</u> The materials laboratory shall be a participant in one or more of the following testing programs:
 - a. AASHTO Materials Reference Laboratory (AMRL)
 - b. Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory (CCRL)
 - c. Caltrans' Reference Samples Program (RSP)
- 2. <u>Certification of Personnel The materials laboratory shall employ personnel who are certified by one or more of the following:</u>
 - a. Caltrans District Materials Engineer
 - b. Nationally recognized non-Caltrans organizations such as the American Concrete Institute, Asphalt, National Institute of Certification of Engineering Technologies, etc.
 - c. Other recognized organizations approved by the State of California and/or recognized by local governments or private associations.
- 3. <u>Laboratory and Testing Equipment</u> The materials laboratory shall only use laboratory and testing equipment that is in good working order. All such equipment shall be calibrated at least once each year. All testing equipment must be calibrated by impartial means using devices of accuracy traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology. A decal shall be firmly affixed to each piece of equipment showing the date of the last calibration. All testing equipment calibration decals shall be checked as part of the IAP.

ACCEPTANCE TESTING (AT)

AT will be performed by a materials laboratory certified to perform the required tests. The tests results will be used to ensure that all materials incorporated into the project are in compliance with the contract specifications.

Testing methods will be in accordance with the California Test (CT) Methods or a national recognized standard (i.e., AASHTO, ASTM, NIST, etc.) as specified in the contract specifications. On all Federal-aid projects, the testers shall use the California Test Methods.

Sample locations and frequencies may be in accordance with the contract specifications. If not so specified in the contract specifications, samples shall be taken at the locations and frequencies as shown in Attachment #1 (Appendix D, "Acceptance Sampling and Testing Frequencies" of the Caltran's QAP Manual).

AT will generally be required to perform the following on all projects:

The Consultant shall perform public works geotechnical inspection and materials testing services for this project to include, but not be limited to, the following:

- Expertise in geotechnical matters related to storm drain and roadway construction and grading, and knowledge of the local area soils and geology, City's past practices and generally accepted industry standards for work associated with the type of project.
- Safe and proper use of Nuclear Gauge for compaction testing.
- Proper procedures and protocols for field sampling and testing of graded earth materials, backfill materials, sub-grade, base, AC and PCC.
- Ability to provide field test results immediately to the City's Project Inspector and Engineer, and laboratory test results within 48-hours, unless test procedures and protocols require longer.
- Review of contractor material submittals, sample/test frequency protocols, and criteria for acceptable results and provision of materials and compaction reports.

Office Activities:

- 1. Review and thoroughly understand all contract documents, including construction drawings, specifications, and referenced testing methods and protocols.
- 2. Review and thoroughly understand geotechnical and soils reports, materials testing lab reports, contractor submitted mix reports, and other like documentation.
- 3. Review and thoroughly understand project schedules and related sampling, testing, and submittal requirements (field sampling and testing, compliance certificates, materials samples, etc.) from the contractor for conformance to the plans and specifications.
- 4. Participate in pre-construction meetings, field meetings, construction progress meetings, final walk-through meetings, as-built plan completion meetings, equal opportunity meetings, and other administrative meetings as necessary.
- 5. Monitor and report on the Contractor's extra work as it relates to geotechnical sampling, testing and reporting, field and laboratory materials testing.
- 6. Assist in the negotiation of change orders as they relate to geotechnical sampling, testing, and reporting, as requested by the City.
- 7. Review all unknown, unforeseen, and changed conditions that occur, and all disputed work claims from the Contractor as it relates to geotechnical responsibilities and field-testing, and recommend a course of action to the Engineer.
- 8. Prepare and maintain all geotechnical files, daily inspection records, including site photographs, project status reports, and all geotechnical inspection and testing records as they relate to earthwork materials testing and compaction testing.
- 9. Prepare and maintain records of geotechnical work requested and completed, geotechnical related computer files, daily geotechnical field work (when on-site), geotechnical inspections, samples and test records, field and laboratory test results, and all geotechnical related records and files.
- 10. Provide labor compliance reports and certified payroll of the Consultant's fieldwork.

Field Activities:

- 1. Coordinate with the Contractor, City personnel, and other consultants on the job site as needed.
- 2. Coordinate ongoing geotechnical field and laboratory testing, as required, including reviewing and monitoring the Contractor's requests for re-testing.
- 3. Conduct on-demand field geotechnical inspections for quality of materials and installation and workmanship, including quality, placement, and compaction of earthen materials, for conformance to plans and specifications pursuant to all applicable City codes, ordinances, and directives.
- 4. Keep daily (when on-site) geotechnical field notes and take photographs of the field sampling and geotechnical inspection work, including photographic evidence of non-complying materials or work. A daily report identifying work done by the geotechnical technician, including photographs, shall be submitted to the Project Inspector by the next business day for review and filing.
- 5. During the course of fieldwork, if the Consultant geotechnical personnel observe an unsafe situation, he/she shall immediately advise the Contractor's nearest available personnel and notify the City's Inspector and the Engineer.

General:

1. Participate with the City in meetings with contractors, public utility agencies, and other government agency representatives as requested.

INDEPENDENT ASSURANCE PROGRAM (IAP)

"REOUIRED FOR ALL FEDERAL PROJECTS"

IAP shall be provided by personnel from Caltrans, or the City's consultant certified materials laboratory. IAP will be used to verify that sampling and testing procedures are being performed properly and that all testing equipment is in good condition and properly calibrated.

IAP personnel shall be certified in all required testing procedures, as part of IAP, and shall not be involved in any aspect of AT.

IAP should be performed on materials test required for the project as identified by the agency or as required by FHWA requirements for the project. Proficiency tests should be performed on Sieve Analysis, Sand Equivalent, and/or Cleanness Value tests. All other types of IAP should be witness tests. On all Federal-aid projects, the testers shall use the California Test Methods.

Poor correlation between acceptance tester's results and other test results may indicate probable deficiencies with the acceptance sampling and testing procedures. In cases of unresolved discrepancies, a complete review of AT shall be performed by IAP personnel, or an independent materials laboratory chosen by the Agency. IAP samples and tests are not to be used for determining compliance with contract requirements. Compliance with contract requirements is determined only by AT. On all Federal—aid Projects, Caltrans (MET) will perform IA services, and the testers shall use California Test Methods.

REPORTING ACCEPTANCE TESTING RESULTS

The following are time periods for reporting material test results to the Resident Engineer:

- When the aggregate is sampled at material plants, test results for Sieve Analysis, Sand Equivalent and Cleanness Value should be submitted to the Resident Engineer within 24 hours after sampling.
- When materials are sampled at the job site, test results for compaction and maximum density should be submitted to the Resident Engineer within 24 hours after sampling.
- When soils and aggregates are sampled at the job site:
 - (1) Test results for Sieve Analysis, Sand Equivalent, and Cleanness Value should be submitted to the Resident Engineer within 72 hours after sampling.
 - (2) Test results for "R" Value and asphalt concrete extraction should be submitted to the Resident Engineer within 96 hours after sampling.

When sampling products such as Portland Cement Concrete (PCC), cement-treated base (CTB), hot mix asphalt (HMA), and other such materials; the time of such sampling shall be varied with respect to the time of the day insofar as possible, in order to avoid a predictable sampling routine. The reporting of AT results, if not performed by the Resident Engineer's staff, shall be done on an expedited basis such as by fax or telephone.

TESTING OF MANUFACTURED MATERIALS

During the Design phase of the project, the Project Engineer may submit a "Source Inspection Request" see Attachment #2 (Exhibit 16-V of the Caltran's LAPM) to the consultant, or Caltrans for inspection and testing of manufactured and prefabricated materials by their materials laboratory. A list of materials that can be typically accepted on the basis of certificates of compliance during construction is found in Attachment #3 (Appendix F of the Caltran's QAP Manual). All certificates of compliance shall conform to the requirements of the contract specifications, for examples see Attachment #4 (Appendix J of the Caltran's QAP Manual).

Should the City request Caltrans to conduct the source inspection, and the request is accepted, all sampling, testing, and acceptance of manufactured and prefabricated materials will be performed by Caltrans' Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services.

For Federal-aid projects on the National Highway System (NHS), Caltrans will assist in certifying the materials laboratory, and the acceptance samplers and testers. For Federal-aid projects off the NHS, Caltrans may be able to assist in certifying the materials laboratory, and the acceptance samplers and testers.

PROJECT CERTIFICATION

Upon completion of a Federal-aid project, a "Materials Certificate" shall be completed by the Resident Engineer. The City shall include a "Materials Certificate" in the Report of Expenditures submitted to the Caltrans District Director, Attention: District Local Assistance Engineer. A copy of the "Materials Certificate" shall also be included in the City's construction records. The Resident Engineer in charge of the construction function for the City shall sign the certificate. All materials incorporated into the work that did not conform to specifications must be explained and justified on the "Materials

g 50

Certification", including changes by virtue of contract change orders. See Attachment #5 (Appendix K of the Caltran's QAP Manual) for an example.

RECORDS

All material records of samples and tests, material releases and certificates of compliance for the construction project shall be incorporated into the Resident Engineer's project file. If a Federal-aid project:

- The files shall be organized as described in Section 16.8 "Project Files" of the Caltran's Local Assistance Procedures Manual.
- It is recommended that the complete project file be available at a single location for inspection by Caltrans and Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) personnel.
- The project files shall be available for at least three years following the date of final project voucher.
- The use of a "Log Summary," as shown in Attachment # 6, Appendix H of the Caltran's QAP Manual, facilitates reviews of material sampling and testing by Caltrans and FHWA, and assists the Resident Engineer in tracking the frequency of testing.

When two or more projects are being furnished identical materials simultaneously from the same plant, it is not necessary to take separate samples or perform separate tests for each project; however, copies of the test reports are to be provided for each of the projects to complete the records.

This City of Moreno Valley Quality Assurance Program document supersedes other herein reference Quality Assurance Programs for off the National Highway System (NHS) and off the State Highway System (SHS) projects.

APPROVED BY:

Chris A. Vogt,

Public Works Director/City Engineer

R.C.E 44250 Exp. 6/30/2011

g (4)





Appendix D - Acceptance Sampling and Testing Frequencies

Note: It may be desirable to sample and store some materials. If warranted, testing can be performed at a later date.

Portland Cement (Hydraulic Cement)

8-lb. sample 8-lb. sample Rethods Rethods Rethods Rethods Rethods Rethods Rethods Rethods Rethods Compliance. Relb. sample Rethoduct is accepted based on a Certificate of CT 125 RASHTO T127, M85, M295 Relb. sample Recompliance. testing is not required. If the product is accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, testing a Certificate of Compliance, T106 T106	Waterials to be				
8-lb. sample If possible, take a least one sample per job, even if ASTM D75, the material is accepted based on a Certificate of C494 Compliance. 8-lb. sample If the product is accepted based on a Certificate ASTM C109 of Compliance, testing is not required. If the product is accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, testing a Certificate of Compliance, testing a Certificate of Compliance, T106	Sampled or Tested	Sample Size	Sampling/Festing Frequency	Typical Test	Description or Comments
8-lb. sample of Compliance. 8-lb. sample of Compliance. If the product is accepted based on a Certificate of CT 125 8-lb. sample of Compliance. testing is not required. If the product is accepted based on a Certificate of CT 127, M85, M295 is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance. testing is not required. If the product is accepted using a Certificate of Compliance. To 515 is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance. To 515 is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance.	(Pement/fly ach	0 14 000001		spomari	
8-lb. sample of Compliance, testing is not accepted based on a Certificate of Compliance, testing is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, testing a Certificate of Compliance, testing is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, testing a Certificate of Compliance, testing is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, T1106	(Sampling only)	o-to, sample	If possible, take a least one sample per job, even if the material is accented based on a Certificate of	ASTM D75,	Standard for sampling hydraulic cement or
8-lb. sample If the product is accepted based on a Certificate ASTM C109 of Compliance, testing is not required. If the product CT 515 is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, T106 T106			Compliance.	CT 125	riy ash.
8-1b. sample If the product is accepted based on a Certificate ASTM C109 of Compliance, testing is not required. If the product CT 515 is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, T106 T106				AASHTO	
8-lb. sample If the product is accepted based on a Certificate ASTM C109 of Compliance, testing is not required. If the product CT 515 is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, AASHTO test at least once per job.				T127,	
8-lb. sample If the product is accepted based on a Certificate ASTM C109 of Compliance, testing is not required. If the product CT 515 is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, AASHTO test at least once per job. T106				M85, M295	
	Testing Only)	8-1b, sample	If the product is accepted based on a Certificate of Compliance, testing is not required. If the product is not accepted using a Certificate of Compliance, test at least once per job.	ASTM C109 CT 515 AASHTO T106	If testing appears warranted, fabricate six 2-in, mortar cubes using the Portland (or hydraulic cement). Test for compressive strength.

Portland Cement Concrete (Hydraulic Cement Concrete)

	Description or Comments	Sample aggregate from belt or hopper (random basis).	If testing appears warranted, test for chlorides and sulfates.
	Typical Test Methods	ASTM D75 CT 125 AASHTO M6, T2, M80	CT 405, CT 422, CT 417 AASHTO R23
	Sampling/Testing Frequency	Take one aggregate sample for each 1000 cu. yd. of PCC/HCC concrete. Test at least one sample per job.	If the water is clean with no record of chlorides or sulfates greater than 1%, no testing is required. If the water is dirty do not use it. Test only when the chloride or sulfates are suspected to be greater than 1%.
01. 81	Sample Size	50-lb. sample	Take a two-quart sample using a clean plastic jug (with lining) and sealed lid. Sample at the point of use.
Motoriole to be	Sampled or Tested	Aggregate for Hydrau- lic Cement Concrete (Sampling & Testing)	Water (Sampling & Testing)





_	_
7	Ç
- 1	1
- 7	=
- 1	=
::	_
i	-
- 2	-
τ	
•	•
	ı
_	
9	υ
*	7
	_
- 5	5
2	3
7	5
7	í
•	/
+	•
2	i
٥	,
2	ĭ
7	•
Č	′
L	,
e.	
٠,Ξ	
Ξ	
Ξ	
çv	
=	
\sim	
_	,
Ц,	
_	_
ð	
÷	
۳	
5	
Ξ	
≂	
۲,	
r Concret	
-	
Cemen	
نه	ľ
=	
-	ı
Ų	1
J	ı
-	ł
_	ı
=	1
4	1
=	Į
_	ı
>	١
or uanu	ļ

cre (rival aune Cement Concrete) - Continued	ole Size Sampling/Testing Frequency Typical Test Description of Comments Methods	quart sample If the product is accepted based on a ASTM C233 If testing appears warranted, test for certificate of Compliance, testing is not cottle, if required. Take one sample per job. Prior wder, take a to sampling, check with Caltrans (METS) wder, take a for acceptable brands and dosage rates.	ي		On projects with 500 cu. yd., or more, test AS at least one sample per job. AAS	er discharge at least one sample per job. On projects with 500 cu. yd., or more, test ASTM C360 This test determines the ball per job. CT 533 penetration of the freshly-mixed	On projects with 500 cu. yd., or more, test ASTM C231 at least one sample per job. CT 504 AASHTO T152	On projects with 500 cu. yd., or more, test ASTM C138 at least one sample per job. CT 518 AASHTO T121
Sancte (atyanamic Cement	Sample Size	if e a	If liquid, take a 1-qt. Sample using a clean plastic can. If powder, take a 2.5 lb. sample. C			Approx. 150 lb/ (or 1 cu. O ft.) near mixer discharge at	Approx. 150 lb/ (or 1 cu. Of.) near mixer discharge at	Approx. 150 lb/ (or 1 cu. 0 ft.) near mixer discharge at
	Materials to be Sampled or Tested	Air Entraining Admixtures (Sampling & Testing)	Water Reducers or Set Retarders (Sampling & Testing)	Freshly-Mixed Concrete (Sampling)	Freshly-Mixed Concrete (Testing)	Freshly-Mixed Concrete (Testing)	Freshly-Mixed Concrete (Testing)	Freshly-Mixed Concrete (Testing)





Portland Cement Concrete (Hydraulic Cement Concrete) - Continued

	Description or Comments	This test is used to fabricate 6" x 12" concrete cylinders. Compressive strengths are determined, when	needed. This test is used to determine the flexural strength of simple concrete beams in third-point loading
	Typical Test Methods	ASTM C39 CT 521 AASHTO T22	ASTM C78 CT 31 AASHTO T97 &
	Sampling/Testing Frequency	Fabricate at least two concrete cylinders per project. Test for compressive strength at least once for each 500 to 1,000 cu. yd. of structural concrete	One sample set for every 500 to 1,000 cu. yd. of concrete.
Comple Circ	Sampre Size	Approx. 150 lb/ (or 1 cu. ft.) near mixer discharge	Approximately 210 lb. of concrete are needed to fabricate three concrete beams.
Materials to be	Sampled or Tested	Freshly-Mixed Concrete (Testing)	Freshly-Mixed Concrete (Testing)

Soils and Aggregates

	es to	es for	1e No.	ss of
Description or Comments	This test describes the procedures to sample aggregate from the belt or	This test determines the apparent specific gravity of fine aggregates for bituminous mixes, cement treated bases and aggregate bases.	This test determines the bulk specific gravity (SSD) and the absorption of material passing the No. 4 sieve.	This test determines the cleanness of coarse aggregate.
Typical Test Methods	ASTM D75 CT 125 AASHTO T2		AASHTO T84	CT 206
Sampling/Testing Frequency	Take one sample for every 500 to 1,000 tons of materials. Test at least one sample per project.	Take one sample for every 500 to 1,000 tons of materials. Test at least one sample per project.	Take one sample for every 500 to 1,000 tons of materials. Test at least one sample per project.	Take one sample for every 500 to 1,000 tons of materials. Test at least one sample per project.
Sample Size	One 50-lb. sample	One 50-lb. sample	One 50-lb. sample	One 50-lb. sample
 Materials to be Sampled or Tested	Aggregate (Sampling)	Fine Aggregates (Testing)	Fine Aggregate (Testing)	Coarse Aggregate (Testing)

Attachment # 1





aggregate (material retained on the No. soils and aggregates by sieve analysis. This test determines the Sand Equiva-Value (R-) and expansion pressure of This test determines the water content This test determines the gradation of This test determines the gradation for materials finer that the No. 200 sieve This test determines the Durability This test determines the Resistance This test determines field densities Description or Comments This test determines the specific gravity and absorption of coarse Index of soils and aggregates. lent of soils and aggregates. using the nuclear gage. (by washing method) nuclear gage. compacted materials. using the **AASHTO T210** AASHTO T238 AASHTO T239 AASHTO T176 AASHTO T190 **AASHTO T85 ASTM D2419 ASTM D2844 ASTM D2922 ASTM D3017** AASHTO T27 AASHTO T11 **ASTM D3744** ASTM C136 Typical Test ASTM C127 ASTM C117 Methods CT 229 CT 227 CT 202 CT 217 CT 301 CT 231 CT 231 tons of materials. Test at least one sample Take one sample for every 500 to 1,000 Sampling/Testing Frequency per project. per project One random location for One random location for One 50-lb. sample every 2,500 sq. ft. every 2,500 sq. ft. Sample Size Soils and Aggregates - Continued Materials to be Coarse Aggre-Sampled or Aggregates Aggregates Aggregates Aggregates **Aggregates** Aggregates Aggregates Soils and (Testing) Soils and (Testing) Soils and (Testing) Soils and (Testing) Soils and Soils and (Testing) Soils and (Testing) (Testing) (Testing) Tested



ıder
t Bino
sphal
ď

Materials to be	Committee			
Sampled or Tested	Sample Size	Sampling/Testing Frequency	Typical Test	Description or Comments
Asphalt Binder (Sampling)	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	Sample once per job at the asphalt concrete plant.	CT 125 ASTM D 979 AASHTO T 168,	This procedure describes the proper method to sample the asphalt binder.
Asphalt Binder (Testing)	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	Sample once per job at the asphalt concrete plant.	148 ASTM D92, D117 AASHTO T 48	This test determines the flash point of the asphalt binder (by Cleveland open cup).
Asphalt Binder (Testing)	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	ASTM D2872 & D92 CT 346 AASHTO T240	This test determines the rolling thin-film oven test (RTFO).
Asphalt Binder (Testing)	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	ASTM D2042 AASHTO T44	This test determines the solubility of asphalt material in trichloroethylene.
Aspnait Binder (Testing)	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	ASTM D2171 AASHTO T202	This test determines the dynamic viscosity, (absolute viscosity of asphalt @ 140 degrees F by the Vacuum Capillary Viscometer Poises)
Asphalt Binder (Testing)	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	ASTM D5 AASHTO T49	This test determines the penetration of bituminous material @ 77 degrees F and percentage of original penetration from the residue.
Asphalt Binder (Testing)	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	ASTM D113 AASHTO T51	This test determines the ductility of asphalt @ 77 degrees F.
Asphalt Binder (Testing)	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	ASTM D2170 AASHTO T201	This test determines the kinematic viscosity of asphalt @275 degrees F (Centistoke).





Asphalt Binder - Continued

Description or Comments		This test determines the dynamic viscosity. (absolute viscosity of asphalt @ 140 degrees F by the	Vacuum Capillary Viscometer Poises	This test determines the softening point of asphalt.	
Typical Test Methods		ASTM D2171 AASHTO T202		ASTM D36 AASHTO T53	
Sampling/Testing Frequency		a clean, sealed can. concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.		an. Concrete plant for each 1,000	tons of aspirant concrete placed.
Sample Size	One O Same comments	a clean, sealed can.	One O & got against 1	a clean, sealed can.	
Materials to be Sampled or Tested	Asphalt Binder	(Testing)		Asphalt Binder (Testing)	

Typical Test Description or Comments	ASTM D140, This test describes the procedure to D979 sample the emulsified asphalt. CT 125 AASHTO T 40,	ASTM D244 This test determines the sieve AASHTO T59 retention of emulsified asphalt.	AASHTO T59 of emulsified asphalt.	AASHTO T59 emulsified asphalt.	ASTM D244 This test determines the residue @ 325 CT 330 degrees F evaporation of AASHTO T59 emulsified acabalt
Sampling/Testing Frequency	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 1,000 tons of
Sample Size	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.	One 0.5-gal. sample placed in a clean, sealed can.
Sampled or Tested	Emulsified Asphalt (Sampling)	Emulsified Asphalt (Testing)	Emulsified Asphalt (Testing)	Emulsified Asphalt (Testing)	Emulsified Asphalt (Testing)

Asphalt Emulsified





Asphalt Emulsified - Continued

]	<u></u>			+	ומזו
Description or Comments	This fast determines the Decel Cala	Viscosity		This tast datarminas the Saibalt	First viscosity of emulsified asshalt	(a) 77 degrees E (records)
Typical Test	ASTM D4402	AASHTO T201		ASTM D88	AASHTO T72	!
Sampling/Testing Frequency	One 0.5-gal. sample placed Obtain one sample at the asphalt	concrete plant for each 1,000 tons	of asphalt concrete placed.	One 0.5-gal. sample placed Obtain one sample at the asphalt	concrete plant for each 1,000 tons	of asphalt concrete placed.
Sample Size	One 0.5-gal. sample placed	ın a clean, sealed can.		One 0.5-gal. sample placed	in a clean, sealed can.	of the second se
Materials to be Sampled or Tested	phalt	(Testing)		phalt	(Testing)	

Hot Mix Asphalt (Asphalt Concrete) - Concret

Hot MIX Asphalt (not Mix Aspnait (Aspnait Concrete) - Concrete			
Materials to be Sampled or Tested	Sample Size	Sampling/Testing Frequency	Typical Test	Description or Comments
Asphalt Concrete (Sampling)	Obtain one 30-lb. sample each day of production	Obtain one sample at the asphalt concrete plant for each 5,000 tons of asphalt concrete placed.	ASTM D75, D140, D979 CT 125 AASHTO T 40 T168	This test describes the procedure to sample the asphalt concrete.
Asphalt Concrete (Testing)	4" x 8" cores	Take one 4" x 8" core for every 500 ft of paved roadway.	ASTM D1188, D1560, D1561, D5361 CT 304	This test determines the field density of street samples.
Asphalt Concrete (Testing)	Obtain one 30-lb. sample for each day of production	Obtain one sample for every five cores taken.	ASTM D1188, D1560, D1561, D5361 CT 304	This test determines the laboratory density and relative compaction of asphalt concrete.
Asphalt Concrete (Testing)	4" x 8" cores	Obtain one sample for every five cores taken.	ASTM D2726, D1188, D5361	This test determines the specific gravity of compacted bituminous mixture dense- graded or non-absorptive.





Appendix D (continued)

	Description or Comments	This test determines the resistance to plastic flow of prepared mixes as determined by the Marshall Method.	This test determines the screen analysis of aggregates recovered from asphalt materials.	This test determines the weight per sq. yd. and grabs strength of geotextile fabrics.	This test determines the nuclear field density of in-place asphalt concrete.	This test determines the stability value of asphalt concrete.	This test describes the procedure for sampling the slurry seal.	This test determines the Sand Equivalent of aggregates.
· •	l ypical Test Methods	ASTM D1559 AASHTO T245	ASTM C117, D2172 (use Method B) AASHTO T164	ASTM D4632 AASHTO M288	ASTM D2950 CT 375	ASTM D1560, D1561 CT 366 AASHTO T246, T247	ASTM D979 CT 125 AASHTO T 40, T168	ASTM D2419 CT 217 AASHTO T176
	ompring, resung r requency	Obtain one sample for every 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete.	Obtain one sample for every 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete.	Obtain one sample per job.	Obtain one sample for every 1,000 tons of asphalt concrete.	Obtain one sample during every day of production.	Obtain one sample per truck	Obtain at least one sample per project from the belt or hopper or stockpile and test for Sand Equivalent
Hot Mix Asphalt (Asphalt Concrete) —Continued Taterials to be Sample Size	¥.	One 30-1b sample	One 30-lb sample	One 12 ft. x 3 ft. sample	Sample any test location (random basis)	One 10-lb sample	One 0.5 gal. sample in a clean, dry plastic container.	One 30-lb. sample.
Hot Mix Asphal	Sampled or Tested	Asphalt Concrete (Testing)	Asphalt Concrete (Testing)	Geotextile Fabric (Placed Under the Asphalt Concrete) crete) (Testing)	Asphalt Concrete (Testing)	Asphalt Concrete (Festing)	Slurry Seals (Sample)	Aggregate for Slurry Seals (Testing)





Slurry Seals

Sampled or Tested	Sample Size	Sampling/Testing Frequency	Typical Test	Description or Comments
Aggregate for Slurry One 30-lb. sample. Seals (Testing)	One 30-lb. sample.	Obtain at least one sample per project from the belt, hopper, or stockpile and test for sieve analysis of fine sand.	ASTM C117 AASHTO T11	This test determines the sieve analysis of fine sand (gradation of materials finer than No. 200 sieve by wash grading)
Shirry Seals	One O S on Someth			mon grading/.
	in a clean, dry plas-	lest one sample per project and test for Abrasion.	ASTM D3910	This test determines the Wet Track
	tic container.			Abrasion Test (2) (WTAT).

Description or Comments	This test determines the tensile strength of uncoated seven-wire stress-relieved strand for prestressed concrete.	This test determines the steel reinforcement bar tensile strength and bend capability.
Typical Test Methods	ASTM A370, A416, E328 AASHTO T244	ASTM A615, A370 AASHTO T244
Sampling/Testing Frequency	This item may be accepted using a Certificate of Compliance. Sample and test at least two steel strands per job when a Certificate of Compliance is not used.	This item may be accepted using a Certificate of Compliance. Sample and test at least two steel rebar per job when a Certificate of Compliance is not used.
Sample Size	Sample strand at various sizes.	Sample rebar at various sizes.
Materials to be Sampled or Tested	Steel Strand (Testing)	Steel Rebar (Testing)

Attachment # 1

SAMPLE COVER MEMO SOURCE INSPECTION REQUEST FROM LOCAL AGENCY to CALTRANS' DISTRICT LOCAL ASSISTANCE ENGINEER

(Prepared By Applicant On Applicant Letterhead)

To: (name) Caltrans' District Local Assistance Engineer Caltrans' Local Assistance Office (district office address)	Date:
Federal-aid Project Number: (if one has been assigned Project Description: Project Location: Subject: (Source Inspection for Project Name, County)	
We are requesting that Caltrans provide Source Inspection project. We understand we are responsible for paying for are the materials for which we are requesting Caltrans' S	this service provided for by the State. Listed below
Materials that will require source inspection:	
Justification for request: (Based on the requirements in S	
Any question you might have about the above materials to:, at (phone #).	
	Approved:
(Applicant Representative Name)	District Local Assistance Engineer
(Title)	(Date)
(Local agency, name & address)	
Attach	ment #2





Appendix F - Construction Materials Accepted by a Certificate of Compliance *

Soil Amendment Fiber Mulch Stabilizing Emulsion Plastic Pipe

Lime

Reinforcing Steel

Structural Timber and Lumber

Treated Timber and Lumber

Timber and Lumber

Culvert and Drainage Pipe Joints

Reinforced Concrete Pipe

Corrugated Steel Pipe and Corrugated Steel Pipe Arches

Structural Metal Plate Pipe Arches and Pipe Arches

Perforated Steel Pipe

Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe and Polyethylene Tubing

Steel Entrance Tapers, Pipe Down drains, Reducers, Coupling Bands and Slip Joints

Aluminum Pipe (Entrance Tapers, Arches, Pipe Down drains, Reducers, Coupling Bands and Slip Joints)

Metal Target Plates

Electrical Conductors

Portland Cement

Minor Concrete

Waterstop

Note: Usually these items are inspected at the site of manufacture or fabrication and reinspected after delivery to the job site.

^{*} If Caltrans Standard Specifications May 2006 is part of contract specifications.





Appendix J.1 - Example of a Vendor's Certificate of Compliance

No. 583408

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - DEPARTMEN VENDOR'S CERTIFICATE O MR-0543 (REV. 5/93) #CT-7541-6020-2	
PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS	OR X SOUNDWALL
_ BILL SYNDE	R
STATE HIGHWAY ENGINEER RESIDENT ENGINEER	- CITY OF FLATLAND
	mical and mineral admixtures contained in the
CONTRACT NUMBER:	The section of the se
XYZ CEMENT CO.	MELLOCATION MIDLAND,
II MODIFIED	CALIFORNIA
1. BRANO 4	ADMIXTURE MANUFACTURER
ABC AUMIXTURE	XYZ SUPPLIER
WATER REDUCER	X/Z SUITZIEK
2. BRANO	MANUFACTUREN
WPE	
CHECK BOX IF A CHEMICAL A	DMAXTURE WAS NOT USED
	ADMIXTURE
MANUFACTURER POZZ. INC.	ÇLASS
CHECK BOX IF A MINERAL ADI	AFTER WAS NOT LICED
DELIVERY DATE PROSPET TO T	DATES OF FABRICATION (Principl)
LIST PRODUCTS TO WHICH CERTIFICATE A	PPUES, (Show size and let, ft. of pipe, etc.,
Portland Co Flyash Water Redu	ement exer
A. FB. RE	
LAUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATU	136
W 93 1839 Original to Res.	Engr. Retain Duplicate. OSP 01 55624





Appendix J.2 - Example of a Certificate of Compliance for Portland Cement (continued)

This is to certify that the

Portland Cement .

Supplied by ABC Cement Company complies with all requirements for Type II Portland Cement when tested in accordance with ASTM C - 494.

Local Agency Project No. HP21L - 5055 - 111 Albert Howakowa Quality Assurance Engineer ABC Cement Company

Date: <u>07/07/07</u>.





Appendix K - Examples of Materials Certificates/Exceptions (Signed by the Resident Engineer at the Completion of the Project)

Federal-aid Project No.: Project HP21L - 50	55 – 111	
Subject: Materials Certification		
This is to certify that the results of the tests o incorporated in the construction work and the and testing were in conformity with the	construction operations controlled by sample	
All materials exceptions to the plans a	nd specifications on this project are noted be	low.
No exceptions were found to the plans and s	pecifications on this project.	
Bill Sanders	Bill Sanders	7/7/07
Resident Engineer (Print Name)	Resident Engineer (Signature)	(Date)
Note: The signed original of this certific copy is mailed to the DLAE and filed und	,	project files and one
See the attachment (next page)		

Attachment # 5





Attachments: Materials Exceptions (Acceptance Testing)

Type of Test	Description of Work	Total Tests Performed On the Project	Number of Failed Tests	Action Taken
Slump Test	Concrete Sidewalk	8	1	When the measured slump exceeded the maximum limit, the entire concrete load was rejected.
Sand Equivalent	Aggregate for Structural Concrete	10	I	The tested S.E. was 70 and the contract compliance specification was 71 minimum. However, the concrete 28-day compressive strength was 4800 psi. The concrete was considered adequate and no materials deductions were taken.
Compaction	Sub grade Material	12	1	One failed test was noted. The failed area was watered and reworked. When this was completed, a retest was performed. The retest was acceptable.
Compaction	Hot Mix As- phalt	12	1	One failed area was noted. It was reworked and retested. The second test met specifications.

Bill Sanders	Bill Sanders	July 4, 2007
Resident Engineer (Print Name)	Resident Engineer (Signature)	Date





Appendix H - Example of a Log Summary Sheet

Subgrade Materials

Date	CT	Station	Elevation	Test Results	Minimum Spec.	Passed or Failed	Action Taken
5/15/07	231	1+ 00 (30° L)	99.00	93	90 or greater	Passed	N/A
5/16/07	231	1+ 50 (20° R)	100.50	94	90 or greater	Passed	N/A
5/17/07	231	2+ 25 (25° R)	101.00	96	90 or greater	Passed	N/A
5/18/07	231	1+ 50 (30° L)	101.50	95	95 or greater	Passed	N/A
5/19/07	231	2+ 50 (20° L)	102.00	92 *	95 or greater	Failed	See Note 1
5/19/07	231	2+ 50 (20° L)	102.00	95	95 or greater	Passed	N/A

CT 231 = Compaction (Nuclear Gage)

Aggregates and Base Materials

Date	CT	Station	Elevation	Test Re- sults	Minimum Spec.	Passed or Failed	Action Taken
6/20/07	202	1+ 00 (10° R)	102.50	See data sheet	See data sheet	Passed	N/A
6/20/07	202	2+ 00 (20° L)	102.50	See data sheet	See data sheet	Passed	N/A
6/22/07	217	1+00 (10° R)	102.50	75	25 or greater	Passed	N/A
6/22/07	217	2+ 00 (20° L)	102.50	83	25 or greater	Passed	N/A
6/20/07	227	1+00 (20° R)	102.50	86	71 or greater	Passed	N/A
6/20/07	227	1+ 50 (20° L)	102.50	85	71 or greater	Passed	N/A
6/24/07	231	2+ 00 (20° R)	102.50	98	95 or greater	Passed	N/A
6/24/07	231	2+ 50 (20° L)	102.50	97	95 or greater	Passed	N/A

CT 202 = Sieve Analysis, CT 217 = Sand Equivalent, CT 227 = Cleanness Value, CT 231 = Compaction (Nuclear Gage)

^{*} Note 1: The Contractor used a water tank to dampen the soil surface at the failed subgrade location. Using a sheep's foot compactor, he reworked the subgrade (making at least 10 passes) from Station 2+00 to Station 3+00. After approximately 30 minutes, another compaction test was taken. This time the relative compaction was 95.





Hot Mix Asphalt

Date	CT	Station	Elevation	Test Results	Minimum Spec.	Passed or Failed	Action Taken
7/10/07	339	1+ 00 (10' R)	103.00	0.08 gal/ sq yd	0.05 -0.10 gal/sq yd	Passed	N/A
7/10/07	366	2+ 00 (20° L)	103.00	32	>23	Passed	N/A
7/10/07	366	1+ 00 (10' R)	103.00	41	>23	Passed	N/A
7/10/07	375	2+ 00 (20' L)	103.00	94	RC = 93 to 97	Passed	N/A
7/15/07	375	1+ 00 (20° R)	103.00	96	RC = 93 to 97	Passed	N/A
7/15/07	375	1+ 50 (20° L)	103.00	95	RC = 93 to 97	Passed	N/A

CT 339 = Distributor Spread Rate,

CT 366 = Stabilometer Value

CT 375 = In-Place Density & Relative Compaction

Portland Cement Concrete

Date	CT	Station	Elevation	Test Results	Minimum Spec.	Passed or Failed	Action Taken
9/25/07	504	10 + 50 (50° R)	102.50	6.5%	>6.0%	Passed	N/A
9/25/07	533	12 + 50 (50° R)	102.50	1.5"	<2"	Passed	N/A
9/25/07	518	11 + 50 (50° R)	102.50	151 lb/cu ft	> 145 lb/cu ft	Passed	N/A
9/25/07	521	10 + 50 (50° R)	102.50	28 day = 4200 psi	>3800 psi	Passed	N/A
9/28/07	521	11 + 50 (50° R)	102.50	28 day = 4290 psi	>3800 psi	Passed	N/A
9/30/07	521	12 + 50 (50° R)	102.50	28 day = 4160 psi	>3800 psi	Passed	N/A

CT 504 = Air Content,

CT 518 = Unit Weight,

CT 521 = Compressive Strength,

CT 533 = Ball Penetration