





City of Moreno Valley, California Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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CITY OF MORENO VALLEY AND IN A LINE OF THE NEW COMPREHENSIVE COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Introductory Section

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT SERVICES
D E P A R T M E N T



TEL: 951.413.3021 FAX: 951.413.3096 WWW.MOVAL.ORG 14177 Frederick Street
P. O. Box 88005
Moreno Valley, CA 92552-0805

January 17, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Moreno Valley:

On behalf of the City Manager, Management Team, and City Staff, it is my pleasure to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Moreno Valley (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Rogers, Anderson, Malady & Scott, LLP, a firm of certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded, based on their audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. An unmodified opinion reflects the auditor's judgment that the City's financial records and statements are fairly and appropriately presented and are in accordance with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing the Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with emphasis on those involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Management has provided an overall analysis of the financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Key Financial Report Sections

The **Introductory Section** includes information about the organizational structure of the City, the City's economy, major initiatives, status of City services, and cash management.

The **Financial Section** includes the MD&A, Basic Financial Statements, Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information. The Basic Financial Statements include the government-wide financials and other statements that report on all City financial operations, and also include fund financial statements that present information for all City funds.

The independent auditor's report on the Basic Financial Statements is also included.

The **Statistical Section** includes up to ten years of historical financial data and miscellaneous social and economic information that conforms to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards for reporting statistical information. This section may be of special interest to citizens and prospective municipal bond investors.

Profile of the City of Moreno Valley

The City of Moreno Valley was incorporated on December 3, 1984. It is centrally located in Southern California, 66 miles east of Los Angeles and 100 miles north of San Diego. The City encompasses 51.3 square miles of land area in western Riverside County and with a population estimate of 208,289 continues to be the second largest city in Riverside County.

During the 2022/23 fiscal year, the City operated under the council-manager form of government with a directly elected mayor and a four-member elected City Council. There are volunteer Commissions and Boards, as well as several Citizen Advisory Committees to help guide the Council in its decisions. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney and City Clerk. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments.

The City provides a wide range of services, which include general government, public safety (police and fire), animal control services, disaster preparedness, construction and maintenance of infrastructure, economic development, library, an electric utility which primarily serves the newly developed areas of the City, parks, and a wide range of community recreation and youth programs. In addition to general City activities, the Council is financially accountable for the Moreno Valley Community Services District, the Moreno Valley Public Financing Authority, the Moreno Valley Public Facilities Financing Corporation, the Housing Authority, the Successor Agency and several Community Facilities Districts. These entities are included as an integral part of the City's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in Note 1a of the Notes to Financial Statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City Manager presents the proposed biennial (two-year) budget to the City Council for review in April/May prior to the start of the first budget year. The Council holds a series of public meetings on the proposed budget and adopts a final budget no later than June 30th. The City's fiscal year is July 1st through June 30th. The City Council is updated on the City's financial condition through the process of quarterly budget reviews, which contain amendments as needed to update revenues and expenditures. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, and program, and is controlled at the fund level by the City Council. The City Manager can approve transfers between programs and departments, provided that such transfers do not increase the overall budget. Appropriations that increase the fund budget require City Council approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The budget-to-actual comparisons for the general fund and the major governmental funds can be found in the Financial Section of this report. The budget-to-actual comparisons for the non-major governmental funds can be found in the Supplemental Schedules of this report.

Moreno Valley's economy and long-term outlook

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Moreno Valley operates.

The City continues to be a leader in business development with 4,500 businesses strong, including many Fortune 500 and international companies such as Amazon, Proctor & Gamble, Skechers USA, Karma Automotive, Harbor Freight, Floor & Decor, Decker Brands, Aldi, Gate City, ResMed and

many more. In addition, the City has an array of undeveloped land, development opportunities, entitled development projects, and available lease space at economically feasible prices to continue its growth into the future.

Moreno Valley has experienced yet another year of pronounced economic activity. The City continues to experience increased development activity in new retail, commercial and industrial construction and development. The employment environment in the City of Moreno Valley has expanded dramatically in recent years and over 29,700 jobs have been created in the last ten years.

Following employment growth within the City, average household income has increased to \$96,932 in 2023 or nearly a 25% growth rate since 2019.

The City continues to look forward to ongoing growth with over 2 million of square feet of industrial space completed in 2022. This is in addition to the previously approved World Logistics Center, which will be the largest industrial park in California with 40.6 million square feet of development over 2,600 acres of land and projected to produce an estimated 20,000 new jobs. The World Logistics Center continues through the development process with new building permits expected to be issued next year.

The ongoing growth and development have had other positive impacts to the community with the residential market showing growth over the last year with a 1.36% annual increase in average home value to over \$520,000. This has also driven the demand for additional housing and the City currently has over 3,000 single family units approved, entitled or under construction along with more than 3,600 multifamily units approved, entitled or under construction.

During FY 2022-23 the City continued to monitor the effects of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) virus. The business community continues to experience difficulties related to staffing as well as growing inflationary pressure of the cost of goods. The long-term economic impacts of the pandemic continue to be an unknown. The City has invested in infrastructure and support for local businesses and residents to ease the effects of the pandemic.

The City of Moreno Valley has a tax abatement agreement with one local business. These agreements include local hiring requirements which are intended to stimulate the local employment opportunities for the community. Due to limitations established by California law we are unable to disclose information regarding the amounts of sales tax that were abated. For additional information regarding these tax abatements please refer to Note 10d.

Long-term financial planning: In May 2023, the City Council approved a two-year Operating Budget for fiscal years 2023/2024 and 2024/2025 that was not only balanced without the use of General Fund reserves, it also continues to support enhanced services and increased customer service standards for our development community, customers, and citizens. Through quarterly budget review meetings and continued development of Long-Range Business Projections, the City continues to be responsive to any financial changes and remains focused on the long-term impacts of any financial decisions. In June 2023, the City Council approved a two-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) which includes all capital projects and identifies the timing of each project as well as the funding source. These actions provide the City Council with expected results of operations based on their budget and other policy decisions within the scope of projected revenues and expenditures.

The City of Moreno Valley continues to prepare for the future, enhancing a comprehensive financial reserve policy to direct the City's reserves for specific purposes. This policy will help maintain the City's financial stability, protect against future economic downturns, which bring unpredictable shortfalls in tax revenue, better prepare the City, its residents and its businesses for a catastrophic natural disaster. Moreno Valley's financial reserves policy formalizes the City's long-standing best practice of maintaining reserves and splits the reserve funds into three categories: Reserve Stabilization (Emergency Fund), Economic Uncertainty Reserve (Rainy Day Fund), and Unassigned (Cash Flow). Maintaining a Cash Flow reserve in unassigned fund balance with a minimum of 17% and a maximum of 70% of the City's general fund expenses will allow the City to provide day-to-day

services through normal revenue cycles. Assigning a minimum of 15% of the City's general fund to a Rainy Day Fund will ensure that the City has the flexibility to continue to deliver quality services during future economic downturns. A minimum of 15% of the City's general fund will be committed to an Emergency Fund which can be used in response to a catastrophic earthquake, flood, fire or other disaster. The fund will also provide a financial buffer in the event that the City is forced to wait for receipt of federal disaster relief funds or any attempts by the State to redirect local revenues in the wake of their projected \$68 billion budget deficit for fiscal year 2024/25.

The City's credit rating is AA- as assigned by Standard & Poor's. A key factor in maintaining the strong rating is the action of City Council and the City Manager to balance the City's General Fund budget. The City's ongoing commitment to fiscal responsibility and effective management is continuously demonstrated as we navigate complex fiscal challenges without the use of General Fund reserves. Our City Council and management team strategized, planned and delivered on balanced financials and as revenues continue to steadily grow for now, we look forward to strategizing and planning our continued economic recovery.

While Moreno Valley's fiscal position currently remains stable, the City is keeping a watchful eye on areas of concern such as the potential for slower economic growth related to recessionary pressures, increase costs related to a continued recessionary period we are currently experiencing, which includes increased contractual costs from our vendors. As the City continues to add residents, infrastructure and service needs will also grow as new facilities and roadways are constructed to meet community needs. Through financial management, the City will continue to focus on financial stability and community quality of life, despite state and federal policies that potentially affect the funding Moreno Valley and other California cities receive.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Moreno Valley for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the year ended June 30, 2022. This was the twenty fifth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. The City received the award for publishing an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe that our ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and I am submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. The City also received its eighth consecutive award from the GFOA for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting (PAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2022. The development of the supplemental PAFR is just one piece of the City's increased public communication efforts to increase transparency and public awareness.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial & Management Services Department and especially the Financial Operations and Financial Resources Division. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the divisions who assisted and contributed to its preparation. Credit also must be given to other City departments for their assistance and the City Council for their continuous support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Moreno Valley's finances.

Lastly, I would like to thank the City's independent auditors, Rogers, Anderson, Malady & Scott, LLP, for their assistance in preparing this important financial document.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian Mohan Assistant City Manager

Mohan

CITY OF MORENO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2023

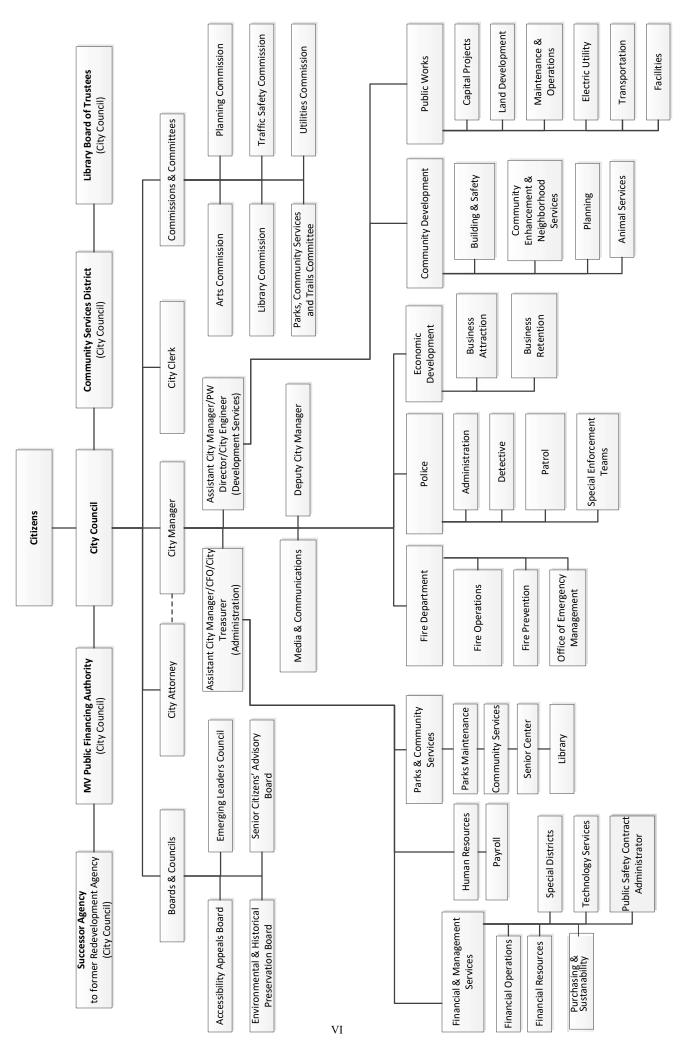
CITY COUNCIL

Ulises Cabrera, Mayor Edward A. Delgado, Mayor Pro Tem Elena Baca-Santa Cruz, Councilmember David Marquez, Councilmember Cheylynda Barnard, Councilmember

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Mike Lee, City Manager
Brian Mohan, Assistant City Manager/Chief Financial Officer/City Treasurer
Michael Lloyd, Assistant City Manager (Development)
Jane Halstead, Manager of the Office of Mayor and City Council/City Clerk
Steve Quintanilla, Interim City Attorney
Melissa Walker, Public Works Director/City Engineer
Sean Kelleher, Community Development Director
Jeremy Bubnick, Parks & Community Services Director
Jesse Park, Fire Chief
Kenneth Reichle, Chief of Police

City of Moreno Valley Organization Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Moreno Valley California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF MORENO VALLEY AND IN LIFE COMPREHENSIVE COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Financial Section

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT SERVICES
D E P A R T M E N T

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> PCPS The AICPA Alliance for CPA Firms

Governmental Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Moreno Valley, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Moreno Valley, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison statements as listed in the table of contents for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and schedules listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, such as the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rogers, Anderson, Malody e Scott, LLP.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Bernardino, California

January 17, 2024

City of Moreno Valley, California Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Moreno Valley provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter located in the introductory section, and financial statements, which follow this discussion.

Financial Highlights

- In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position: The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.2 billion (net position) on June 30, 2023.
- In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position: The City's total net position increased \$87.5 million for fiscal year 2022-23 mainly due to the increase in current assets.
- In the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet: The General Fund had an end of year fund balance of \$98.6 million. The unassigned fund balance decreased by \$27.4 million, reaching \$23.7 million. This reduction was primarily due to the increase in fund balances for Reserve Stabilization (Emergency Fund) and Economic Uncertainty Reserve (Rainy Day Fund), totaling \$15.3 million, as required to maintain adequate reserve levels in compliance with City Council adopted policy.
- For business-type activities: Revenues exceeded expenses by \$12.5 million, increasing the unrestricted net position to \$43.1 million. Future infrastructure projects are anticipated to meet the demands for the City's electric service customer base.

Overview of Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Components of the Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status

Fund Financial Statements Focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the

government-wide statements

Notes to the Financial Statements Additional information that is essential to a full

understanding of the data provided in the government-

wide and fund financial statements



Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, as well as any deferred outflows or inflows of resources. The statement of activities includes all current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These government-wide statements report the City's net position and how the City's net position has changed during the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided as follows:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as police, fire, public works, community development, parks and recreation, and general government. Taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities Certain services provided by the City are funded by customer fees.
 The business-type activities of the City include the Electric Utility.
- Component unit The City includes the Moreno Valley Community Services District, Moreno Valley Public Financing Authority, the Moreno Valley Public Facilities Financing Corporation, and the Moreno Valley Housing Authority in its basic financial statements because, although legally separate, the City is financially accountable for them.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's largest funds, not the City as a whole. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds - Governmental fund statements tell how general government services such as police, fire and public works were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, and (2) the remaining year-end balances available for spending. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliations that explain the relationship (or differences) between governmental funds and governmental activities follow the governmental fund statements.

Information regarding governmental funds is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Development Impact Fees, the Community Services District (CSD) Zones, the Housing Authority Special Revenue Funds, and the Public Works Capital Projects Fund. All of these are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the supplementary section of the report in the form of *combining statements*.

Proprietary funds - The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Electric Utility. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for self-insured insurance programs, technology services, facilities maintenance, fleet operations, equipment replacement, and unfunded liabilities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Electric Utility, the City's only enterprise fund, is included in the Basic Financial Statements. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the supplementary section of the report.

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong. The City is the trustee, or *fiduciary*. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these resources to finance its operations.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

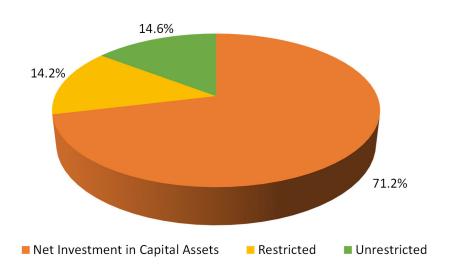
Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Statements

This section provides analysis of the government-wide financial statements including long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial condition. The following graphs and tables address the financial results of the City as a whole for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Comparative data from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is also represented in the tables.

Analysis of Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between the City's resources and its obligations. As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following graphs and tables address the financial results of the City as a whole. The City's combined net position as of June 30, 2023 was \$1.2 billion.





City of Moreno Valley's Net Position June 30, 2023 (continued) (\$000's)

	Govern Activ		Busine: Activ		Totals			
	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023		
Current and other assets	\$ 437,011	\$ 452,047	\$ 49,176	\$ 59,213	\$ 486,187	\$ 511,260		
Capital assets	845,866	898,535	79,640	80,043	925,506	978,578		
Other noncurrent assets	-	9,297	-	-	-	9,297		
Total Assets	1,282,877	1,359,879	128,816	139,256	1,411,693	1,499,135		
Deferred outflows of resources	15,650	29,859	5,066	5,035	20,716	34,894		
Current liabilities	74,306	79,406	7,735	6,899	82,041	86,305		
Long-term liabilities	106,457	133,356	54,240	53,501	160,697	186,857		
Total Liabilities	180,763	212,762	61,975	60,400	242,738	273,162		
Deferred inflows of resources	29,527	13,780	682	159	30,209	13,939		
Net investment in capital assets	790,714	856,489	27,056	30,453	817,770	886,942		
Restricted	164,344	167,224	7,939	10,226	172,283	177,450		
Unrestricted	133,179	139,483	36,230	43,053	169,409	182,536		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,088,237	\$ 1,163,196	\$ 71,225	\$ 83,732	\$ 1,159,462	\$ 1,246,928		

Total net position of the City of Moreno Valley increased from the previous year with a balance of \$1.2 billion on June 30, 2023. The City's unrestricted net position increased \$13.1 million to \$182.5 million. Total assets increased \$87.4 million and total liabilities increased by \$30.4 million.

The following analysis of governmental and business-type activities provides more detailed information for these changes:

Governmental Activities

Total assets increased by \$77.0 million primarily due to an increase in capital assets of \$52.7 million in governmental activities.

The current year capital asset additions of \$107.5 million (including intangible assets) were offset by current year depreciation and amortization expenses of \$37.4 million and asset retirements (including transfers out from Capital Improvement Projects) net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$17.4 million for a net increase of \$52.7 million.

Current liabilities increased by \$5.1 million primarily due to an increase in accounts payable and deposits payable. Total liabilities increased \$32.0 million due to the increase in net pension and OPEB liability on June 30, 2023. See Note 8 and Note 9 of Notes to the Financial Statements for more information.

Net investment in capital assets increased \$65.8 million as various infrastructure projects, including a \$50 million investment in pavement rehabilitation, were completed within the City following the pandemic.

Restricted net position increased by \$2.9 million due to increased commitments and programming in the areas of community and cultural, and water quality.

Business-type Activities

Current and other assets of business-type activities increased by \$10.0 million over last year. This was primarily due to the increase in cash and investments of \$8.2 million, which was the result of the accumulation of net operating income for future infrastructure needs.

Capital assets had a net increase of \$0.4 million during the fiscal year. Capital asset additions included investment in additional electric utility infrastructure. Additional capital asset information is located in Note 5 in the financial statements.

Total liabilities decreased by \$1.6 million primarily due to reduction in long-term debt at June 30, 2023. See Note 6 to the financial statements for more information.

Net investment in capital assets increased \$3.4 million due to the addition of capital assets during the fiscal year.

Unrestricted net position increased by \$6.8 million during the year primarily due to the funding of reserves in keeping with established electric utility industry best practices.



Analysis of the Changes in Net Position

Total government-wide revenues increased by \$37.8 million, a 13.0% increase from the prior year, while total expenses increased by \$7.9 million, a 3.4% increase from the prior year.

The following table represents a summary of the changes in net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities, as of June 30, 2023. Comparative data from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is also presented.

Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (\$000's)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Totals						
		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	38,512	\$	37,147	\$	45,340	\$	48,711	\$	83,852	\$	85,858
Operating contributions and grants		74,406		58,965		-		870		74,406		59,835
Capital contributions and grants		6,116		19,979		833		1,339		6,949		21,318
General Revenues:												
Property tax		49,695		54,492		-		-		49,695		54,492
Transient occupancy tax		4,732		4,787		-		-		4,732		4,787
Sales tax		40,570		36,162		-		-		40,570		36,162
Franchise taxes		6,848		7,995		-		-		6,848		7,995
Business license tax		2,669		2,959		-		-		2,669		2,959
Utility users tax		17,708		19,501		-		-		17,708		19,501
Franchise in lieu of taxes		859		1,051		-		=		859		1,051
Documentary transfer tax		1,314		955		-		=		1,314		955
Other taxes		7,433		10,843		-		-		7,433		10,843
Use of money and property		(7,102)		8,394		-		911		(7,102)		9,305
Miscellaneous		1,399		12,729		224		1,584		1,623		14,313
Total Revenues		245,159		275,959		46,397		53,415		291,556		329,374
Expenses:												
General government		30,490		26,812		-		-		30,490		26,812
Public safety		68,559		76,208		-		-		68,559		76,208
Community and economic development		18,199		15,911		-		-		18,199		15,911
Community and cultural		27,179		28,558		-		-		27,179		28,558
Public works		49,395		50,775		-		-		49,395		50,775
Interest and fiscal charges		1,859		2,736		-		-		1,859		2,736
Electric						38,377		40,908		38,377		40,908
Total Expenses		195,681		201,000		38,377		40,908		234,058		241,908
Excess before transfers		49,478		74,959		8,020		12,507		57,498		87,466
Transfers						<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				-
ange in Net Position		49,478		74,959		8,020		12,507		57,498		87,466
t Position Beginning of Year		,038,759		,088,237		63,205		71,225		1,101,964		1,159,462
t Position End of Year	\$ 1	,088,237	\$ 1	,163,196	\$	71,225	\$	83,732	\$ 1	1,159,462	\$	1,246,928

Governmental Activities

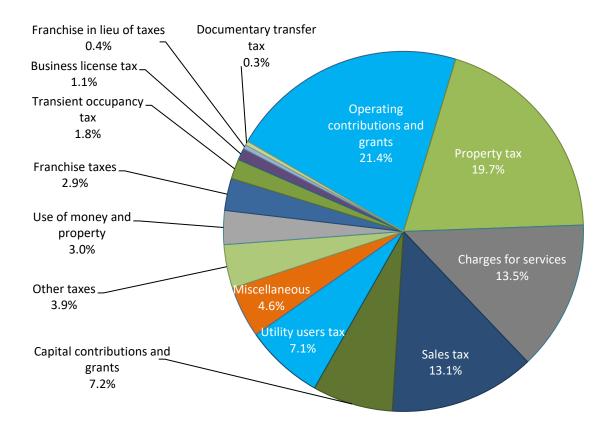
The City's governmental revenues increased \$30.8 million, a 12.6% increase from the prior year, and total expenses increased \$5.3 million, a 2.7% increase. The following discusses the changes in more detail.

Revenue

Program revenues have remained consistent compared to the previous years, which includes various grants received in both years.

General revenues increased by \$33.7 million, driven by a \$4.8 million rise in property taxes, a \$15.5 million increase in use of money and property due to higher investment income, and a boost in miscellaneous income of \$11.3 million, mainly caused by a \$6.0 million community benefit contribution from the City's contracted waste hauler and a \$3.9 million land sale from March JPA.

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023



Expense

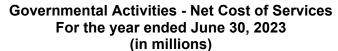
Total governmental expenses increased by \$5.3 million. This increase is primarily due to increased public safety expenses of \$7.6 million.

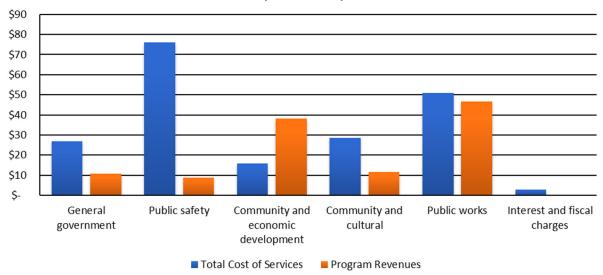
The following table presents the cost of each of the six major program categories and identifies each program's *net cost* (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost is the amount paid for by general revenue sources that are generated by all City taxpayers. As illustrated, program revenues recovered \$116.1 million of the cost of providing these services.

Governmental Activities - Net Cost of Services For the year ended June 30, 2023

 Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services
\$ 26,811,517	\$	(16,206,683)
76,207,709		(67,394,012)
15,911,117		22,351,133
28,558,641		(16,872,740)
50,775,462		(4,050,490)
2,735,642		(2,735,642)
\$ 201,000,088	\$	(84,908,434)
\$	\$ 26,811,517 76,207,709 15,911,117 28,558,641 50,775,462 2,735,642	\$ 26,811,517 \$ 76,207,709 15,911,117 28,558,641 50,775,462 2,735,642

The City paid for the remaining public benefit portion of these governmental activities with \$159.9 million in taxes (some of which were restricted for certain programs) and with other revenues. This governmental activity cost/revenue relationship is further illustrated in the following graph.





Business-type Activities

The City's business-type activities include the activities of the Electric Utility. Total revenues for business-type activities increased \$7.0 million from the prior year or 15.1%. Total expenses increased \$2.5 million or 6.6%. The following discusses the changes in more detail.

Revenue

Total revenues increased \$7.0 million from prior year primarily due to increase in charges for services.

Expenses

Expenses in the Electric Utility increased \$2.5 million. This increase was primarily due to increases in services, supplies and expenses associated with providing services to a growing customer base.

Financial Analysis of the Fund Statements

Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of City governments, reporting City operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

Total fund balances presented in the governmental funds balance sheet are \$270.1 million, with the General Fund representing \$98.6 million, or 36.5% of the total. The City's General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$23.7 million.

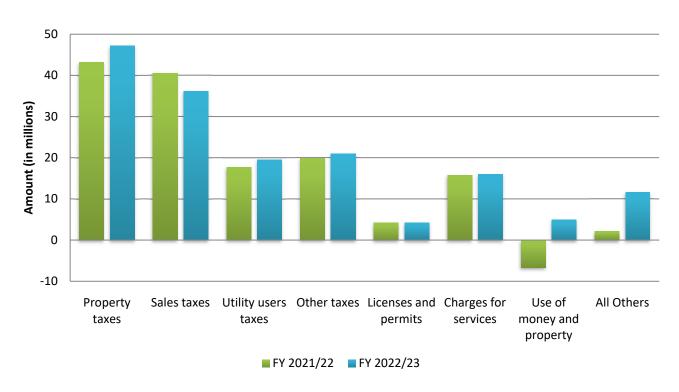
General Fund Financial Results

The General Fund was anticipated to have a balanced budget resulting in minimal change in fund balance. Actual results increased the total fund balance by \$1.4 million. Actual results realized an expenditure reduction of \$13.2 million primarily related to savings in public safety expenditures as these expenditures were covered by the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2021 funding. The operating reserve increased to \$22.4 million, and the economic uncertainty increased to \$22.4 million. These reserves are maintained at adequate levels per the City Council adopted policy to mitigate financial risk that can occur from unforeseen revenue fluctuations, unanticipated expenditures, major emergencies, or a catastrophic event.

The General Fund revenues were \$11.7 million more than what was anticipated in the budget. This increase was primarily due to a \$1.8 million rise in property taxes attributed to increased property values, a \$3.8 million increase in utility users tax revenue resulting from population growth within the City, and an additional \$3.9 million in other taxes attributable to business expansion within the City.

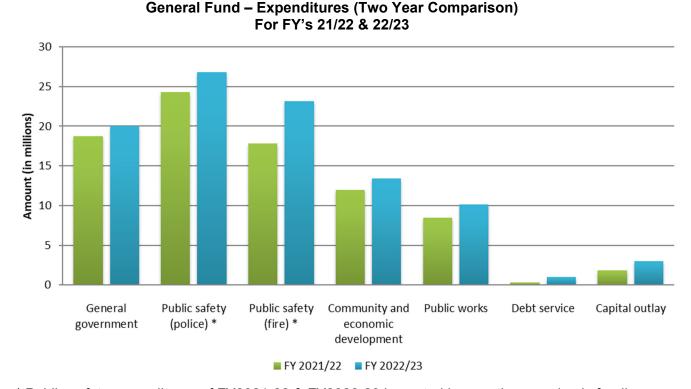
The following graph presents a comparison of each General Fund revenue source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2023.

General Fund – Revenues (Two Year Comparison) For FY's 21/22 & 22/23



Overall General Fund actual expenditures were \$13.2 million less than the final budget. The major contributors to this result were primarily due to savings of \$10.4 million in public safety contracts (as these expenditures were covered by the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2021 funding) and \$2.1 million in development expenditure through the delay of capital projects running multiple years.

The following graph presents a comparison of each General Fund expenditure category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2023.



^{*} Public safety expenditures of FY2021-22 & FY2022-23 impacted by one-time pandemic funding.

Other Major Fund Financial Results

The fund balance of the Development Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund increased by \$3.5 million over the prior year. This fund accounts for the developer impact fees, which are one-time charges, used to offset the additional public service costs of new development. The increase in fund balance was primarily caused by accelerated receipt of fees from new development projects within the City following the pandemic.

The fund balance of the Community Service District Zones Special Revenue Fund increased \$6.8 million over the prior year compared to the \$5.0 million decrease originally anticipated. This fund accounts for the administration, operations and maintenance of the City's various service zones established by the Moreno Valley Community Services District. The main reason for this positive outcome was that expenditures were \$10.4 million lower than expected and there was an additional \$1.2 million in property tax revenue due to additional annexations related to new development projects within the City following the pandemic.

The fund balance of the Housing Authority Fund decreased \$0.3 million over the prior year. This fund accounts for the housing assets as a result of the 2012 States dissolution of redevelopment agencies. In FY 2022-23, the fund balance decreased primarily due to investment in an affordable housing project currently under construction.

The fund balance of the Public Works Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$14.1 million over the prior year. This fund accounts for capital projects including co-op and reimbursement agreements with Riverside County Flood Control (RCFC) and Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD). The decrease in fund balance was primarily a result of accelerated capital project developments within the City following the pandemic.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of FY 2022-23, the City's governmental activities had \$1.6 billion (\$898.5 million net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The current year capital asset additions of \$107.5 million (including intangible assets) were offset by current year depreciation and amortization expense of \$37.4 million and asset retirements (including transfers out from Capital Improvement Projects) net of accumulated depreciation of \$17.4 million for a net increase of \$52.7 million. This increase was primarily caused by progress in construction projects following the pandemic.

At June 30, 2023, the City's business-type activities had \$102.1 million (\$80.0 million net of accumulated depreciation) invested in capital assets, primarily utility infrastructure. The current year capital asset additions of \$4.5 million were offset by current depreciation expense of \$2.8 million and asset retirements (including transfers out from Capital Improvement Projects) net of accumulated depreciation of \$1.3 million for a net increase of \$0.4 million.

City of Moreno Valley Capital Assets June 30, 2023 (\$000's)

	_	nmental vities	Busine Activ	ss-type vities	Total Primary Government			
	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023		
Land	\$ 306,923	\$ 307,414	\$ 1,729	\$ 1,729	\$ 308,652	\$ 309,143		
Buildings and Improvements	159,022	159,333	-	-	159,022	159,333		
Furniture and Equipment	26,345	32,612	1,347	1,347	27,692	33,959		
Vehicles	12,513	12,810	-	-	12,513	12,810		
Construction in progress	36,837	97,876	4,672	5,189	41,509	103,065		
Infrastructure	927,416	947,240	91,183	93,863	1,012,062	1,041,103		
Right-to-use intangible assets	2,659	4,462	-		2,659	4,462		
	1,471,715	1,561,747	98,931	102,128	1,570,646	1,663,875		
Accumulated Depreciation	(625,439)	(661,758)	(19,291)	(22,085)	(644,730)	(683,843)		
Accumulated Amortization	(410)	(1,455)	-	-	-	(1,455)		
Net Capital Assets	\$ 845,866	\$ 898,534	\$ 79,640	\$ 80,043	\$ 925,916	\$ 978,577		

Some of the major capital projects from the Capital Improvement Plan that were completed during the current fiscal year were:

- Road safety Audits on Ironwood Avenue and Kitching Street
- Moreno Valley Ranch Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)
- Citywide Pavement Rehabilitation Program Various Local Streets FY 20-21
- Juan Bautista de Anza Multi –Use Trail / El Potrero Park to Lake Perris State Recreation Area
- Juan Bautista de Anza Multi –Use Trail / Iris Avenue to El Potrero Park

Some major capital projects under construction at the end of the fiscal year, which are expected to be completed by the end of the next fiscal year are:

- SR-60 Truck Safety and Efficiency Project/ SR-60 Moreno Beach Phase 2
- Juan Bautista de Anza Multi- Use Trail (ATP Cycle 4)
- Citywide Pavement Rehabilitation Program Phases 1 and 2

Other major projects that are in the Design, Environmental and Right of Way Acquisition Phases are:

- Iris Avenue Corridor Safety Improvements from Heacock St. to Nason St.
- Perris Blvd. Signalized Intersection Safety Improvements
- Overnight Intersection Visibility Systemic Safety Improvements
- Citywide Pavement Rehabilitation Program (FYs 23-24 and 24-25)
- Kitching Street Storm Drain Line B-16 / Ironwood Avenue to Kalmia Avenue
- Senior Center Expansion
- Corporate Yard Office Building F

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the basic financial statements.

Long-term Liabilities

At year-end, the City's governmental activities had \$142.0 million in bonds, certificates of participation, compensated absences, pension and OPEB liability and self-insurance claims and judgments.

Outstanding Liabilities at Year End June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities		В	isiness-type Activities	
Direct Placements					
Notes and Other	\$	-	\$	6,425,772	
Other Liabilities					
Lease revenue bonds		23,473,688		46,118,201	
Certificates of participation		17,905,000		-	
Lease liability		1,852,301		-	
SBITA liability		1,003,657		-	
Compensated absences		6,897,969		156,958	
Net pension and OPEB liability		86,853,979		2,982,714	
Self-insurance claims and judgments		4,034,000		-	
	\$	142,020,594	\$	55,683,645	

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6, Note 8, Note 9 and Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

During the Fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City implemented the following GASB standard:

GASB Statement No. 96-Subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). SBITAs provide governments with access to vendors' IT software and associated tangible capital assets for subscription payments without granting governments perpetual license or title to the IT software and associated tangible capital assets.

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs.

Economic Factors and Outlook for Future Years

Although the focus of this Annual Report is on the economic condition of the City in the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2023, it is important for the City's financial management to report on current issues affecting the City and their economic impact on FY 2022-23 and future years.

The Moreno Valley's local economy has continued to demonstrate steady improvements as our tax revenues continue to experience moderate growth in past years. With a population estimate of 208,289, Moreno Valley remains the second largest city in Riverside County and the fourth largest city in the Inland Empire Region. The population in Moreno Valley remains stable because of its strategic location at the junction of Interstate I-215 and State Route 60, along with offering a wide array of quality housing options, a family-oriented lifestyle and a variety of quality-of-life amenities.

For several years, Moreno Valley has experienced substantial non-residential growth including significant new commercial retail and industrial development. The economy has slowed commercial development in Southern California, but Moreno Valley continues to secure new business development opportunities. In FY 2022-23, several new retail and industrial developments opened, adding to the property and sales tax base which will provide a foundation for tax revenue to continue to grow moderately in the next budget cycle.

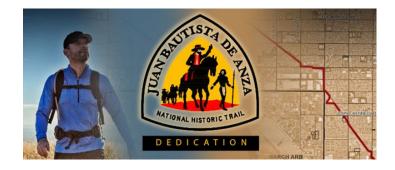
The City's Economic Development Department has been committed to aggressively marketing Moreno Valley as the region's preeminent choice for businesses interested in locating in the Inland Empire. Ideally situated in Southern California, Moreno Valley continues to be a leading location for the logistics industry with an array of developable parcels, available facilities and projects entitled by the nation's most recognized development and investment firms.

The City's credit rating is AA- as assigned by Standard & Poor's. A key factor in achieving and maintaining a strong rating is the action of City Council and the City Manager to balance the City's General Fund budget. The City's ongoing commitment to fiscal responsibility and effective management is continuously demonstrated as we navigate complex fiscal challenges without the use of General Fund reserves. Our City Council and management team strategized, planned, and delivered on balanced financials and as revenues continue to steadily grow for now, we look forward to strategizing and planning our continued economic recovery.

The City is evaluating several economic indicators that are currently slowing the economy to determine how long the Country, State and Region may be in a recessionary period, the States projected \$68 billion deficit heading into fiscal year 2024/25, new legislation creating new unfunded State mandates and Cal Cities push to equitably reallocate sales tax due to the surge in e-commerce sales. Based on our financial position, the City is poised to weather a moderate recession but will continue the fiscal prudence to ensure future budgets are balanced while providing our residents with services to better their quality of life.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. For component units that publish separate financial statements, those statements can be obtained from the City Clerk. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, City of Moreno Valley, 14177 Frederick Street, P.O. Box 88005, Moreno Valley, California 92552-0805.







Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental	Primary Governmen Business-type	·
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$ 340,192,045	\$ 46,173,693	\$ 386,365,738
Receivables: Accounts	7,422,804	9,173,793	16,596,597
Notes and loans (note 4)	50,263,761	9,173,793	50,263,761
Notes to Successor Agency (note 4)	9,464,341	-	9,464,341
Leases (note 4)	305,261	-	305,261
Interest	5,884,306	-	5,884,306
Prepaid costs	1,014,694	159,455	1,174,149
Due from other governments	32,149,432	-	32,149,432
Due from other funds Inventories	29,522	720.262	29,522
Land held for resale	47,367 5,267,471	720,263	767,630 5,267,471
Restricted assets:	3,207,471		3,207,471
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)	6,192	2,986,164	2,992,356
Total Current Assets	452,047,196	59,213,368	511,260,564
Noncurrent Assets:			
Leases (note 4)	9,297,238	-	9,297,238
Capital assets - not being depreciated (note 5)	405,289,959	6,918,672	412,208,631
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation (note 5)	490,237,296	73,124,297	563,361,593
Right-to-use intangible assets (note 5)	3,007,052		3,007,052
Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	907,831,545 1,359,878,741	80,042,969 139,256,337	987,874,514 1,499,135,078
Total Assets	1,333,676,741	133,230,337	1,455,155,076
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows related to pensions (note 8)	23,737,101	462,885	24,199,986
Deferred outflows related to OPEB (note 9)	3,932,185	135,032	4,067,217
Unamoritized loss on refunding of debt	2,189,600	-	2,189,600
Deferred outflows - Utility Network		4,436,932	4,436,932
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	29,858,886	5,034,849	34,893,735
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	44,964,311	2,686,885	47,651,196
Accrued liabilities	1,353,979	-	1,353,979
Accrued interest	203,590	248,518	452,108
Unearned revenue	8,793,786	-	8,793,786
Deposits payable	9,385,188	1,780,998	11,166,186
Due to other governments	6,010,348	=	6,010,348
Due to other funds Compensated absences payable (note 6)	29,522 4,138,781	94,175	29,522 4,232,956
Claims and judgements payable (note 11)	1,287,000	94,175	1,287,000
Long term debt - net of unamoritized premium (note 6)	3,239,169	2,088,563	5,327,732
Total Current Liabilities	79,405,674	6,899,139	86,304,813
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable (note 6)	2,759,187	62,783	2,821,970
Claims and judgements payable (note 11)	2,747,000	=	2,747,000
Long term debt - net of unamoritized premium (note 6)	40,995,477	50,455,410	91,450,887
Net pension liability (note 8) Net OPEB liability (note 9)	81,310,544	2,792,352	84,102,896
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,543,435 133,355,643	190,362 53,500,907	5,733,797 186,856,550
Total Liabilities	212,761,317	60,400,046	273,161,363
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows related to pensions (note 8)	2,575,225	88,438	2,663,663
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (note 9)	2,066,272	70,956	2,137,228
Deferred inflows related to leases	9,138,180		9,138,180
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,779,677	159,394	13,939,071
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	856,489,261	30,453,356	886,942,617
Restricted for:	300, 100, 202	,,	,
Expendable:			
Community development projects	46,500,366	-	46,500,366
Public safety	604,679	-	604,679
Community and cultural	30,105,216	-	30,105,216
Public works	45,019,548	-	45,019,548
Capital projects	36,437,858 6,029,355	-	36,437,858
	n U/9 155	-	6,029,355
Debt service			E1 E70
Debt service Permanent funds	51,578	- 10 225 486	51,578 10.225.486
Debt service		10,225,486 -	51,578 10,225,486 2,475,298
Debt service Permanent funds Public purpose programs	51,578 -	- 10,225,486 - 43,052,904	10,225,486

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	26,811,517	\$	10,276,989	\$	327,845	\$	-		
Public safety		76,207,709		4,197,413		4,616,284		-		
Community and economic development		15,911,117		11,883,403		26,378,847		-		
Community and cultural		28,558,641		1,208,759		10,477,142		-		
Public works		50,775,462		9,580,855		17,164,641		19,979,476		
Interest and fiscal charges		2,735,642		-		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		201,000,088		37,147,419		58,964,759		19,979,476		
Business-Type Activities:										
Electric		40,907,575		48,711,053		869,816		1,338,613		
Total Business-Type Activities		40,907,575		48,711,053		869,816		1,338,613		
Total Primary Government	\$	241,907,663	\$	85,858,472	\$	59,834,575	\$	21,318,089		

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Net (Expense) I	Rever	nue and Changes	in N	et Position			
	Primary Government								
/5	Go	overnmental	В	Business-type					
Functions/Programs		Activities		Activities		Total			
Primary government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	(16,206,683)	\$	-	\$	(16,206,683)			
Public safety		(67,394,012)		-		(67,394,012)			
Community and economic development		22,351,133		-		22,351,133			
Community and cultural		(16,872,740)		-		(16,872,740)			
Public works		(4,050,490)		-		(4,050,490)			
Interest and fiscal charges		(2,735,642)		-		(2,735,642)			
Total Governmental Activities		(84,908,434)		-		(84,908,434)			
Business-Type Activities:									
Electric		-		10,011,907		10,011,907			
Total Business-Type Activities		-		10,011,907		10,011,907			
Total Primary Government		(84,908,434)		10,011,907		(74,896,527)			
General Revenues: Taxes:									
Property taxes		54,491,764		-		54,491,764			
Transient occupancy taxes		4,787,129		-		4,787,129			
Sales taxes		36,161,809		-		36,161,809			
Franchise taxes		7,994,625		-		7,994,625			
Business license taxes		2,959,202		-		2,959,202			
Utility users taxes		19,501,114		-		19,501,114			
Other taxes		10,842,736		-		10,842,736			
Franchise in lieu of taxes		1,051,159		-		1,051,159			
Documentary transfer tax		954,975		-		954,975			
Use of money and property		8,393,925		910,770		9,304,695			
Miscellaneous		12,728,963		1,584,151		14,313,114			
Total General Revenues and Transfers		159,867,401		2,494,921		162,362,322			
Change in Net Position		74,958,967		12,506,828		87,465,795			
Net position - Beginning of Year	í	1,088,237,666		71,224,918		1,159,462,584			
Net position - End of Year	\$ 1	1,163,196,633	\$	83,731,746	\$	1,246,928,379			

City of Moreno Valley, California MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the city traditionally associated with government operations which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

Development Impact Fees

This group of funds is used to account for the restricted fees collected to provide funding for capital improvements related to the impact of development on various City services. The City collects fees for the following: arterial streets, traffic signals, fire facilities, police facilities, park improvements, recreation facilities, library facilities, city hall facilities, corporate yard facilities, interchange improvements, maintenance equipment, animal shelter facilities, administration fees, workforce development facilities, and public art.

Community Services District (CSD) Zones

This group of funds is used to account for the revenues expended on the various Community Services District (CSD) programs. There are eleven special financing districts within the CSD providing services. Each district funds different services based on the requirements set forth at formation. Zone A (Parks and Community Services), Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 1 and CFD 2021-01 provide funding for maintenance and repairs of parks and park improvements and community services throughout the City. Zone C (Arterial Street and Intersection Lighting) and Lighting Maintenance District (LMD) No. 2014-01 provide funding for the operation and maintenance of street lighting provided throughout the City. Zone D (Parkway Landscape Maintenance), Zone E (Extensive Landscape Maintenance), Zone M (Commercial, Industrial, and/or Multifamily Median Maintenance) and LMD 2014-02 provide funding for the maintenance of public landscaping and the landscaped medians within the City's right of way. Zone L (Library Services) provides funding for library services to the City residents. Zone S provides funding for the maintenance of certain public landscape improvements fronting Sunnymead Boulevard from Frederick Street to Perris Boulevard.

Housing Authority

This fund is used to account for the housing assets as a result of the dissolution of the former Community Redevelopment Agency of the City.

Public Works Capital Projects

This fund is used to account for capital projects including co-op and reimbursement agreements with Riverside County Flood Control (RCFC) and Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD).

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

These funds constitute all other governmental funds that do not meet the criteria to be a major fund, which is 10% or more of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures for the governmental funds and 5% or more of total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures for the total governmental and enterprise funds combined. These funds include other Special Revenue Funds, other Capital Projects Funds, all Debt Service Funds, and all Permanent Funds of the City.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

					Spe	cial Revenue Funds		
	GI	GENERAL FUND		OPMENT IMPACT FEES		CSD ZONES	HOUS	SING AUTHORITY
Assets		TENAL I OND		1223	_	COD LONES	11000	mic Actioniti
Pooled cash and investments (note 3) Receivables:	\$	51,139,078	\$	30,750,658	\$	80,694,825	\$	3,560,130
Accounts Notes and loans (note 4)		7,072,296 -		-		329,018		- 33,074,942
Notes to Successor Agency (note 4)		9,464,341		-		-		-
Leases (note 4)		1,629,255		-		7,973,244		-
Interest		1,827,367		-		-		3,297,026
Due from other governments		6,793,509		-		409,876		-
Due from other funds (note 7)		63,304,067		-		-		-
Advances to other funds (note 7)		5,500,000		-		-		-
Prepaid		743,112		-		18,380		2 411 000
Land held for resale/development Restricted assets:		2,856,471		-		-		2,411,000
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)		_		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	150,329,496	\$	30,750,658	\$	89,425,343	\$	42,343,098
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	22,798,736	\$	-	\$	1,131,027	\$	65,091
Accrued liabilities		1,313,703		-		· -		-
Unearned revenues		1,025,176		-		433,930		-
Deposits payable		9,385,188		-		-		-
Due to other governments		6,010,337		-		11		-
Due to other funds (note 7)		-				50,148,589		-
Advances from other funds (note 7)				5,500,000				
Total Liabilities	-	40,533,140		5,500,000		51,713,557		65,091
Deferred Inflows of Resources		0.601.017						E 2E0 002
Unavailable revenues Leases		9,601,917 1,549,990		-		7,588,190		5,258,082
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		11,151,907		<u> </u>	_	7,588,190		5,258,082
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of								
Resources		51,685,047		5,500,000		59,301,747		5,323,173
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Notes to Successor Agency		2,555,187		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		5,500,000		-		-		-
Prepaids		743,112		-		18,380		-
Permanent fund principal		2.056.474		-		-		-
Land held for Resale/Redev Restricted		2,856,471		-		-		-
Community development projects		_		_		_		37,019,925
Public safety		_		_		_		37,013,323
Community and cultural		-		-		30,105,216		-
Public works		-		25,250,658		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Water quality		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Endowment		-		-		-		-
Committed Describing line of another		3 600 000						
Revolving line of credit Maintenance of pedestrian bridge		2,600,000 255,936		-		-		-
Operating reserve		22,446,030		_		_		_
Library development				-		-		-
Assigned								
Continuing appropriations		2,454,543		-		-		-
Economic uncertainty reserve		22,446,030		-		-		-
Grants and federal/state awards		13,115,981		-		-		-
Unassigned		23,671,159						-
Total Fund Balances (deficits)		98,644,449	-	25,250,658		30,123,596		37,019,925
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	ė	150 220 406	ć	20 750 650	ć	80 435 343	ć	43 343 000
nesources and rund baidfices (Deficits)	<u>\$</u>	150,329,496	\$	30,750,658	\$	89,425,343	\$	42,343,098

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Capi	tal Project Fund				
		JBLIC WORKS ITAL PROJECTS		TAL NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL FUNDS	G	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Assets	-					
Pooled cash and investments (note 3) Receivables:	\$	22,693,817	\$	68,882,780	\$	257,721,288
Accounts		-		21,443		7,422,757
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		17,188,819		50,263,761
Notes to Successor Agency (note 4)		-		-		9,464,341
Leases (note 4) Interest		-		759,913		9,602,499 5,884,306
Due from other governments		50,000		24,896,045		32,149,430
Due from other funds (note 7)		50,000		24,030,043		63,304,067
Advances to other funds (note 7)		_		-		5,500,000
Prepaid		-		216,278		977,770
Land held for resale/development		-		-		5,267,471
Restricted assets:						
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)		-		6,192		6,192
Total Assets	\$	22,743,817	\$	111,971,470	\$	447,563,882
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	7,102,878	\$	11,882,491	\$	42,980,223
Accrued liabilities	*		*	40,276	Ψ	1,353,979
Unearned revenues		3,200,980		755,899		5,415,985
Deposits payable		-		-		9,385,188
Due to other governments		-		-		6,010,348
Due to other funds (note 7)		-		13,155,478		63,304,067
Advances from other funds (note 7)		-		-		5,500,000
Total Liabilities		10,303,858		25,834,144		133,949,790
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenues		-		19,499,119		34,359,118
Leases		-		-		9,138,180
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources			-	19,499,119	-	43,497,298
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of						
Resources		10,303,858		45,333,263		177,447,088
Fund Balances (Deficits)						
Nonspendable						
Notes to Successor Agency		-		-		2,555,187
Advances to other funds		-		-		5,500,000
Prepaids		-		216,278		977,770
Permanent fund principal		-		288,098		288,098
Land held for Resale/Redev		-		-		2,856,471
Restricted Community development projects				9,480,440		46,500,365
Public safety		_		604,679		604,679
Community and cultural		_		-		30,105,216
Public works		_		19,768,888		45,019,546
Capital projects		12,439,959		23,997,900		36,437,859
Water quality		-		2,475,298		2,475,298
Debt service		-		6,029,354		6,029,354
Endowment		-		51,577		51,577
Committed						
Revolving line of credit		-		-		2,600,000
Maintenance of pedestrian bridge		-		-		255,936
Operating reserve		-		7 760 000		22,446,030
Library development Assigned		-		7,768,000		7,768,000
Continuing appropriations		_		_		2,454,543
Economic uncertainty reserve		_		_		22,446,030
Grants and federal/state awards		-		-		13,115,981
Unassigned		-		(4,042,305)		19,628,854
Total Fund Balances (deficits)		12,439,959		66,638,207		270,116,794
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	22,743,817	\$	111,971,470	\$	447,563,882

City of Moreno Valley, California Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Fund balances of governmental funds	Ş	270,116,794
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity		
Capital Assets (excludes internal service capital assets)	1,531,352,004	
Accumulated depreciation (excludes internal service accumulated depreciation)	(647,431,105)	
Right-to-use intangible asset (net of amortization)	3,007,052	
·		886,927,951
2014 Refunding of 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds	(22,602,069)	
2020 Refunding Total Road Improvements Certificates of Participation	(17,905,000)	
Unamortized Premium/Discount	(871,619)	
Compensated Absences	(6,636,103)	
Lease and SBITA liability	(2,855,958)	
		(50,870,749)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity		30,981,319
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on long-term debt has not been reported in the governmental funds		(203,590)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds		27,669,286
Deferred charge related to refunding of debt is reported as current financial uses in the governmental funds but treated as a deferred outflow on the Statement of Net Position. This is the difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying value of the refunded debt.		2,189,600
Long-term liabilities related to pensions and OPEB are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds		
Net OPEB liability	(5,543,435)	
Net pension liability	(81,310,544)	
·	_	(86,853,979)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not current obligation and are not reported in the governmental funds		(4,641,497)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net position		07.004.405
internal service funds must be added to the statement of flet position	_	87,881,498
Net position of governmental activities	=	\$1,163,196,633

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Specia	al Revenue Funds		
	G	ENERAL FUND	DEVELO	PMENT IMPACT FEES		CSD ZONES	HOUS	ING AUTHORITY
Revenues		ENERALTON		1223		CSD ZONES	11003	ING ACTIONITY
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	47,207,562	\$	-	\$	7,284,202	\$	-
Sales taxes		36,161,809		-		-		-
Utility users taxes		19,501,114		-		-		-
Other taxes		20,930,742		-		7,274,142		-
Licenses and permits		4,254,783		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		607,686		-		58,366		-
Fees and charges for services		15,931,642		6,720,385		6,098,568		-
Use of money and property		4,910,748		497,992		1,095,153		181,727
Fines and forfeitures		678,067		-		3,748		-
Miscellaneous		10,383,637		-		40,239		5,690
Total Revenues		160,567,790		7,218,377		21,854,418		187,417
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		20,026,089		-		-		-
Public safety		49,946,422		-		-		-
Community and economic development		13,435,228		-		-		471,374
Community and cultural		-		-		15,772,492		-
Public works		10,116,764		-		6,346,598		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		882,176		-		185,921		-
Interest		60,997		-		42,814		-
Capital outlay		3,030,793		-		735,551		<u> </u>
Total Expenditures		97,498,469		-		23,083,376		471,374
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures		63,069,321		7,218,377		(1,228,958)		(283,957)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in (note 7)		758,451		1,295,962		8,124,784		-
Transfers out (note 7)		(64,222,671)		(5,053,037)		(48,521)		-
Transfers from Successor Agency		-		-		-		-
SBITA acquisition		1,775,199						
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		(61,689,021)		(3,757,075)		8,076,263		
Net change in fund balances		1,380,300		3,461,302		6,847,305		(283,957)
Fund Balances								
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		97,264,149		21,789,356		23,276,291		37,303,882
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	98,644,449	\$	25,250,658	\$	30,123,596	\$	37,019,925

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capital Project Fund		
	PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,491,764
Sales taxes	-	-	36,161,809
Utility users taxes	-	-	19,501,114
Other taxes	-	384,941	28,589,825
Licenses and permits	-	-	4,254,783
Intergovernmental	50,000	71,705,717	72,421,769
Fees and charges for services	-	11,398,745	40,149,340
Use of money and property	-	612,621	7,298,241
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	681,815
Miscellaneous	18	393,232	10,822,816
Total Revenues	50,018	84,495,256	274,373,276
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	-	2,209,721	22,235,810
Public safety	-	24,979,575	74,925,997
Community and economic development	-	1,811,713	15,718,315
Community and cultural	-	10,338,368	26,110,860
Public works	-	7,740,533	24,203,895
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	2,776,583	3,844,680
Interest	-	1,483,332	1,587,143
Capital outlay	40,863,021	38,071,218	82,700,583
Total Expenditures	40,863,021	89,411,043	251,327,283
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over			
Expenditures	(40,813,003)	(4,915,787)	23,045,993
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in (note 7)	26,745,287	12,468,312	49,392,796
Transfers out (note 7)	-	(2,630,340)	(71,954,569)
Transfers from Successor Agency	-	150,000	150,000
SBITA acquisition		27,583	1,802,782
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	26,745,287	10,015,555	(20,608,991)
Net change in fund balances	(14,067,716)	5,099,769	2,437,003
Fund Balances			
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	26,507,675	61,538,438	267,679,791
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 12,439,959	\$ 66,638,207	\$ 270,116,794

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total government funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures and do not report donated capital assets. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense Capital outlay, net of disposals Depreciation expense Capital outlay, net of disposals Depreciation expense Repayment of debt Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of lease and SBITA Deferred charge Lease and SBITA 1,095,678 Deferred charge Lease and SBITA 2,005,678 Deferred charge Lease and SBITA 2,005,678 Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expenses exceeded the contributions during the year Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds Change in net position of governmental activities			
different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures and do not report donated capital assets. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense Capital outlay, net of disposals Depreciation expense Repayment of debt Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of lease and SBITA Deferred charge Lease and SBITA 1,095,678 Deferred charge Lease and SBITA 2,026,956 Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds.	Net change in fund balances - total government funds	\$	2,437,003
donated capital assets. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense Capital outlay, net of disposals Depreciation expense (36,424,621) Pepreciation expense Repayment of debt Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of lease and SBITA Deferred charge Lease and SBITA acquisitions (1,699,416) Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year Internal service funds are used by management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds.	•		
Depreciation expense Repayment of debt Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of lease and SBITA Deferred charge Lease and SBITA acquisitions Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year Internal service funds are used by management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds.	donated capital assets. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation		
Depreciation expense Repayment of debt Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of lease and SBITA Deferred charge Lease and SBITA acquisitions Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year Internal service funds are used by management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds.	Capital outlay, net of disposals	88.566.517	
Repayment of debt 2,749,000 Amortization of bond premiums 189,649 Amortization of lease and SBITA 1,095,678 Deferred charge (307,955) Lease and SBITA acquisitions (1,699,416) Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities do not rerecognized in the statement of activities do not recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity (1,566,055) Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds			
Amortization of lease and SBITA Deferred charge Lease and SBITA acquisitions (1,699,416) 2,026,956 Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371	Repayment of debt	2,749,000	52,141,896
Deferred charge Lease and SBITA acquisitions (307,955) (1,699,416) 2,026,956 Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period 14,839 Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (606,525) Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity (1,566,055) Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371			
Lease and SBITA acquisitions (1,699,416) 2,026,956 Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period 14,839 Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (606,525) Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity (1,566,055) Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371			
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period 14,839 Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (606,525) Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity (1,566,055) Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371	-		
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period 14,839 Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (606,525) Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity (1,566,055) Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371	'	(//	2,026,956
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371	Accrued interest for long term liabilities. This is the not change in accrued interest		, ,
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (606,525) Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity (1,566,055) Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371			14,839
recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity (1,566,055) Pension and OPEB expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371	require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as		(606,525)
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially calculated pension/OPEB expense exceeded the contributions during the year 1,491,482 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371	recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the		(1,566,055)
activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds 19,019,371	the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which actuarially		1,491,482
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 74,958,967	activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with the		19,019,371
	Change in net position of governmental activities		74,958,967

City of Moreno Valley, California GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Statement For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts								
								Variance with	
Davianuas		Original		Final		Actual		inal Budget	
Revenues Taxes:									
	\$	44 461 502	\$	45 261 502	Ļ	47 207 562	۲	1,845,969	
Property taxes Sales taxes	Ş	44,461,593 23,005,000	Ş	45,361,593 36,725,489	\$	47,207,562 36,161,809	\$	(563,680)	
Utility users taxes Other taxes		15,717,540 16,653,787		15,717,540 17,044,481		19,501,114 20,930,742		3,783,574 3,886,261	
		5,364,135						(1,375,542)	
Licenses and permits		345,000		5,630,325 639,963		4,254,783 607,686			
Intergovernmental Fees and charges for services		•		,		•		(32,277)	
_		13,097,871		14,393,395		15,931,642		1,538,247	
Use of money and property		4,669,753		4,684,136		4,910,748		226,612	
Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous		504,500		596,952		678,067		81,115	
	-	167,000		8,056,421		10,383,637		2,327,216	
Total revenues		123,986,179		148,850,295		160,567,790		11,717,495	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government									
City council		989,295		1,026,248		818,170		208,078	
City manager		1,935,916		2,602,268		1,905,521		696,747	
City clerk		926,131		1,223,051		891,277		331,774	
City attorney		486,154		486,154		1,588,974		(1,102,820)	
Financial and management services		13,756,573		14,997,203		11,276,602		3,720,601	
Non-departmental		1,578,190		464,816		3,545,545		(3,080,729)	
Public safety		1,370,130		404,010		3,343,343		(3,000,723)	
Police		53,921,492		37,214,131		26,784,822		10,429,309	
Fire		23,554,625		23,050,035		23,161,600		(111,565)	
Community and economic development		13,065,859		15,548,040		13,435,228		2,112,812	
Public works		9,135,500		11,023,438		10,116,764		906,674	
Total current		119,349,735		107,635,384		93,524,503		14,110,881	
Debt service:		113,343,733		107,033,304		33,324,303		14,110,001	
Principal retirement		_		_		882,176		(882,176)	
Interest		_		_		60,997		(60,997)	
Total debt service						943,173		(943,173)	
Capital outlay		907,575		3,016,760		3,030,793		(14,033)	
Total Expenditures		120,257,310		110,652,144		97,498,469		13,153,675	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		120,237,310		110,032,144		37,438,403		13,133,073	
expenditures		3,728,869		38,198,151		63,069,321		24,871,170	
•								· ·	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
SBITA acquisition		-		-		1,775,199		1,775,199	
Transfers in (note 7)		845,573		1,089,216		758,451		(330,765)	
Transfers out (note 7)		(4,565,102)		(41,323,751)		(64,222,671)		(22,898,920)	
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		(3,719,529)		(40,234,535)		(61,689,021)		(21,454,486)	
Net change in fund balances		9,340		(2,036,384)		1,380,300		3,416,684	
Fund balances - Beginning of Year		97,264,149		97,264,149		97,264,149		-, -==,-= -	
Fund balances - Ending of Year	\$	97,273,489	\$	95,227,765	\$	98,644,449	\$	3,416,684	
	<u> </u>		_		_	33,311,113	_	2,0,00 7	

City of Moreno Valley, California DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES Budgetary Comparison Statement For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
		Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget		
Revenues									
Fees and charges for services	\$	3,191,275	\$	5,845,257	\$	6,720,385	\$	875,129	
Use of money and property		359,837		359,837		497,992		138,155	
Total Revenues		3,551,112		6,205,094		7,218,377		1,013,284	
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures		3,551,112		6,205,094		7,218,377		1,013,284	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in (note 7)		1,059,115		1,295,962		1,295,962		-	
Transfers out (note 7)		(1,992,712)		(5,178,037)		(5,053,037)		125,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		(933,597)		(3,882,075)		(3,757,075)		125,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,617,515		2,323,019		3,461,302		1,138,284	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		21,789,356		21,789,356		21,789,356		· ,	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	24,406,871	\$	24,112,375	\$	25,250,658	\$	1,138,284	

City of Moreno Valley, California CSD ZONES

Budgetary Comparison Statement For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			unts		Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	6,066,819	\$	6,066,819	\$ 7,284,202	\$	1,217,383	
Other taxes		6,727,600		6,767,100	7,274,142		507,042	
Intergovernmental		-		32,035	58,366		26,331	
Fees and charges for services		5,918,779		5,918,779	6,098,568		179,789	
Use of money and property		1,122,455		995,954	1,095,153		99,199	
Fines and forfeitures		30,000		30,000	3,748		(26,252)	
Miscellaneous		25,210		25,210	40,239		15,022	
Total Revenues		19,890,863		19,835,897	 21,854,418		2,018,514	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		8,530,353		9,805,894	6,346,598		3,459,296	
Community and cultural		15,013,763		16,585,483	15,772,492		812,991	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-	185,921		(185,921)	
Interest		-		-	42,814		(42,814)	
Capital outlay		72,000		7,094,029	735,551		6,358,477	
Total Expenditures		23,616,116		33,485,406	23,083,376		10,402,028	
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		(3,725,253)		(13,649,509)	 (1,228,958)		12,420,543	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in (note 7)		1,722,336		8,722,929	8,124,784		(598,145)	
Transfers out (note 7)		(298,521)		(48,521)	(48,521)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		1,423,815		8,674,408	 8,076,263		(598,145)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,301,438)		(4,975,101)	6,847,305		11,822,398	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		23,276,291		23,276,291	23,276,291		-	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	20,974,853	\$	18,301,190	\$ 30,123,596	\$	11,822,398	

City of Moreno Valley, California HOUSING AUTHORITY Budgetary Comparison Statement For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with		
	Original Final		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
Revenues		_		_		_		_
Use of money and property	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	181,727	\$	106,727
Miscellaneous				-		5,690		5,690
Total Revenues		75,000		75,000		187,417		112,417
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community and economic development		165,000		279,870		471,374		(191,504)
Total Expenditures		165,000		279,870		471,374		(191,504)
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures		(90,000)		(204,870)		(283,957)		(79,086)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(90,000)		(204,870)		(283,957)		(79,086)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		37,303,882		37,303,882		37,303,882		
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	37,213,882	\$	37,099,012	\$	37,019,925	\$	(79,086)

City of Moreno Valley, California PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL PROJECTS Budgetary Comparison Statement For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues				_		_		_
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	14,743,811	\$	50,000	\$	(14,693,811)
Miscellaneous		-				18		18
Total Revenues				14,743,811		50,018		(14,693,793)
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		-		67,792,634		40,863,021		26,929,612
Total Expenditures		-		67,792,634		40,863,021		26,929,612
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures		-		(53,048,823)		(40,813,003)		12,235,819
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in (note 7)		-		26,745,287		26,745,287		-
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		-		26,745,287		26,745,287		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(26,303,536)		(14,067,716)		12,235,819
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		26,507,675		26,507,675		26,507,675		-
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	26,507,675	\$	204,139	\$	12,439,959	\$	12,235,819

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUND:

Enterprise Funds account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The City's enterprise fund is the Electric Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the City electric utility, with its basic purpose to purchase and distribute electricity to customers in the City's newly developed areas under the "Greenfield" concept. The City began serving its first customers in February 2004.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for services provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis. These services include general liability and workers' compensation insurance benefits, maintaining and replacing information systems, facilities maintenance, vehicle and equipment maintenance, accumulating cash reserves for equipment replacement, and payment of compensated absences.

City of Moreno Valley, California Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities INTERNAL		
	ENTERPRISE			
	FUND - ELECTRIC	SERVICE FUNDS		
Assets				
Current assets:	4 46 470 600	4 00 470 757		
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$ 46,173,693	\$ 82,470,757		
Receivables:	0 172 702	47		
Accounts	9,173,793	47 36 034		
Prepaid costs Inventories	159,455 720,263	36,924 47,367		
Restricted:	720,203	47,307		
Cash with fiscal agent (note 3)	2,986,164	_		
Total Current Assets	59,213,368	82,555,095		
Noncurrent assets:	33,213,300	02,333,033		
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	80,042,969	11,606,356		
Total Noncurrent Assets	80,042,969	11,606,356		
Total Assets	139,256,337	94,161,451		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	462,885	_		
Deferred outlows of resources related to OPEB	135,032	-		
Deferred outflows - Utility Network	4,436,932	-		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,034,849			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 144,291,186	\$ 94,161,451		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	2,686,885	1,984,088		
Accrued interest	248,518	-		
Deposits payable	1,780,998	-		
Compensated absences (note 6)	94,175	157,119		
Self-insurance payable (note 11)	-	1,287,000		
Bonds, notes and loans payable (note 6)	2,088,563			
Total current liabilities	6,899,139	3,428,207		
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences (note 6)	62,783	104,746		
Self-insurance payable (note 11)	-	2,747,000		
Bonds, notes and loans payable (note 6)	50,455,410	-		
Net pension liability	2,792,352	-		
Net OPEB liability	190,362			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	53,500,907	2,851,746		
Total Liabilities	60,400,046	6,279,953		
Defermed before of Decourses				
Deferred inflows of resources	00.420			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	88,438 70,956	-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	159,394			
Total Deferred lilliows of Resources	155,554			
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	30,453,356	11,606,356		
Restricted for Public purpose programs	10,225,486			
Unrestricted	43,052,904	76,275,142		
Total Net Position	83,731,746	87,881,498		
	23,732,740	5.,002,430		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Net Position	\$ 144,291,186	\$ 94,161,451		
**************************************	7 2.4,232,130	- 5.,101,431		

City of Moreno Valley, California Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities		
	ENTERPRISE FUND	INTERNAL		
	- ELECTRIC	SERVICE FUNDS		
Operating Revenues	4			
Sales and service charges	\$ 49,580,869	\$ 8,956,787		
Miscellaneous	1,584,151	11,745		
Total Operating Revenues	51,165,020	8,968,532		
Operating Expenses				
Cost of services	2,071,181	7,774,835		
Depreciation expense	2,804,230	1,010,185		
Amortization - utility distribution system	177,477	-		
Electricity purchased	16,385,619	-		
Services and supplies	9,370,977	-		
Distribution share	8,432,647	-		
Self-insurance claims and charges		3,725,914		
Total Operating Expenses	39,242,131	12,510,934		
Operating income (loss)	11,922,889	(3,542,402)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest revenue	910,770	_		
Interest expense and debt issuance costs	(1,611,654)	_		
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(53,790)	_		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(754,674)			
Income (loss) before transfers and				
contributions	11,168,215	(3,542,402)		
Transfers and Contributions				
Contributed capital	1,338,613	_		
Transfers in (note 7)	-	24,270,000		
Transfers out (note 7)	-	(1,708,227)		
Change in net position	12,506,828	19,019,371		
Total net position - beginning	71,224,918	68,862,127		
Total net position - ending	\$ 83,731,746	\$ 87,881,498		

City of Moreno Valley, California Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	E	Activities NTERPRISE	_	Activities INTERNAL RVICE FUNDS
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	FUI	ND - ELECTRIC	3EI	AVICE FUNDS
Cash receipts from customers	\$	48,884,750	\$	8,968,485
Payments to suppliers	Ţ	(35,259,090)	Ų	(4,527,843)
Payments to employees		(1,481,260)		(1,684,778)
Cash paid for claims		(1,401,200)		(2,358,914)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		12,144,400		396,950
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Cash transfers in		-		24,270,000
Cash transfers out		-		(1,708,227)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities				22,561,773
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,922,464)		(1,536,502)
Principal paid on capital debt		(2,089,405)		-
Interest paid on capital debt		(1,624,685)		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(5,636,554)		(1,536,502)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest received		910,770		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		910,770		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		7,418,616		21,422,221
Balances - beginning of year Balances - end of the year	\$	41,741,241 49,159,857	\$	61,048,536 82,470,757
Reconcilation to Statement of Net Position:		46 472 602		00 470 757
Cash and investments	\$	46,173,693	\$	82,470,757
Restricted cash with fiscal agent	_	2,986,164	_	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$	49,159,857	\$	82,470,757
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating				
activities:		44 022 000		(2.542.402)
Operating Income	\$	11,922,889	\$	(3,542,402)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by				
operating activities:		2 804 220		1 010 195
Depreciation Amortization		2,804,230		1,010,185
Changes in assets and liabilities:		177,477		-
(Increase) decrease in customer receivables		(2,280,270)		(47)
(Increase) decrease in customer receivables		(75,291)		(34,962)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension		(129,929)		(34,302)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to OPEB		(16,315)		_
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(263,430)		11,528
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(598,514)		1,596,717
Increase (decrease) in deposit payable		(132,612)		1,330,717
Increase (decrease) in self insurance payable		(132,012)		1,367,000
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		1,395,273		-
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		15,230		_
Increase (decrease) in OFEB hability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pension		(504,096)		_
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to OPEB		(18,874)		_
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(151,368)		(11,069)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	12,144,400	\$	396,950
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:	· <u> </u>	_	_	
Developer contributed	\$	1,338,613	\$	_
Amortization of bond premium/discount	Y	9,399	Y	-

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS:

A fiduciary fund is an account with funds from assets that the city holds as a trustee and that it cannot use to fund its own programs. The city reports Custodial Funds and Private-purpose Funds. Custodial funds are used to report resources held by the agency in a purely custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments. Private-purpose trust funds report all other trust arrangements under which the principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations or other governments.

City of Moreno Valley, California Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds			
		essor Agency of e Former RDA	Cus	todial Funds
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments (note 12)	\$	1,791,365	\$	1,599,900
Cash with fiscal agents (note 12)		11,732		-
Total Assets		1,803,097		1,599,900
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		-		1,599,900
Accrued interest		627,868		-
Long term debt - due in more than one year		50,181,503		-
Total Liabilities		50,809,371		1,599,900
Net Position				
Held in trust for other purposes		(49,006,274)		-
Total Net Position	\$	(49,006,274)	\$	-

City of Moreno Valley, California Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Successor Agency of the Former RDA		Custodial Funds	
Additions				
Investment earnings				
Interest	\$	11,729	\$	-
Total investment earnings		11,729		-
Revenues		_		
Receipts from property owners		-	569,91	.0
Taxes		3,349,676		-
Total Revenues	<u>-</u>	3,349,676	569,91	.0
Total Additions		3,361,405	569,91	.0
Deductions				
Administrative expenses		257,855		-
Contractual services		268,770		-
Due to trustee		-	488,76	2
Interest expenses		1,976,871		-
Payments to trustee		-	81,14	8
Transfers to City		150,000		-
Total Deductions		2,653,496	569,91	.0
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		707,909		-
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(49,714,183)		_
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	(49,006,274)	\$	<u> </u>

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Description of the Reporting Entity

The City of Moreno Valley, California (the City), is located in the County of Riverside and was incorporated on December 3, 1984 under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under an elected Council/City Manager form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, public works, parks, recreation and certain social services and general administration services.

Reporting Entity:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements represent the City of Moreno Valley and its component units. A component unit is included in the primary government's financial statements if the governing body is substantively the same as that of the City or if the component unit provides services or other benefits almost entirely to the primary government. The component units discussed below are legally separate component units and are included in the City's reporting entity because of their operational significance or financial relationships with the City. The City Council members, in separate session, serve as the governing board of the Moreno Valley Community Service District, the Moreno Valley Public Facilities Financing Corporation, and the Moreno Valley Housing Authority, as such; these entities are presented on a blended basis. The component units have the same fiscal year end as the City.

- The Moreno Valley Community Services District (the District) was established pursuant to the terms and provisions of the California Government Code, Division 3 of Title 6. The District was established to allow for the continued provision of certain services provided by the County of Riverside through the use of County Service Areas prior to the City incorporation.
- Community Facilities District 2014-01 and Community Facilities Districts No. 5 (Stoneridge), 7 (Improvement Area 1) and 87-1, IA#1 (Towngate) were established pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. Their purpose is to finance the acquisition and construction of certain major public capital infrastructure and improvements within the boundaries of the Community Facilities Districts and they are governed by City Council. Separate financial statements are not available for the Community Facilities Districts.
- The Moreno Valley Public Facilities Financing Corporation (MVPFFC) and the Moreno Valley Public Financing Authority (MVPFA) are nonprofit public benefit corporations, formed for the purpose of providing public facility financing to the City. The Corporations' Boards of Directors are each composed of the five elected City Council members. Both Corporations may acquire, construct, rehabilitate, remodel, improve, install and finance or lease various facilities, land and equipment for the benefit of the City. Separate financial statements are not available for the Public Facilities Financing Corporation and the Public Financing Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Moreno Valley Housing Authority (the Housing Authority) was established pursuant to State law section 34240 of the California Health and Safety Code, which allows for every City to establish a housing authority. The Housing Authority is designed to protect local housing funds and programs, provide new revenue opportunities for affordable housing programs, serve the public interest, promote public safety and welfare, and ensure decent, safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations to persons of low income. The City of Moreno Valley City Council serves as the Housing Authority's Commissioners. The City manages, administers and has operational responsibility for the operations of the Housing Authority. Separate financial statements are not available for the Housing Authority.

The accounting policies of the City of Moreno Valley conform with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

b. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statements Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The custodial funds also employ the economic resources measurement focus and apply the accrual basis of accounting when reporting assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, while grant and sales tax revenues have an availability period of 120 days.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and as such have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Development Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund accounts for the restricted fees collected to provide funding for capital improvements related to the impact of development on various City services. The City collects fees for the following: arterial streets, traffic signals, fire facilities, police facilities, park improvements, recreation facilities, library facilities, city hall facilities, corporate yard facilities, interchange improvements, maintenance equipment, animal shelter facilities, and administrative fees. The City has elected to report this fund as a major fund.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The CSD Zones Special Revenue Fund accounts for restricted property taxes for the various Community Services District (CSD) programs. There are eleven zones within the Community Services District providing services. Zone A - Parks and Community Services provide citywide park maintenance and recreation programming. Lighting Maintenance District (LMD) 2014-01 - Residential Street Lighting provides the funding for the operation and maintenance of certain residential subdivision street lighting. Zone C - Arterial and Intersection Street Lighting provides funding for the operation and maintenance of certain arterial and intersection street lighting. Landscape Maintenance District (LMD) 2014-02, Zone D and Zone E provide funding for the maintenance of certain public landscaping throughout the City. Zone L - Library Services provides funding for library services to City residents. Zone M - Medians provides funding for the landscape maintenance of public medians within the City. Community Facilities District (CFD) #1 provides funding for the maintenance of certain parks, trails and class 1 bikeways. Zone S - Sunnymead Boulevard Maintenance provides funding for the maintenance of certain landscape improvements along Sunnymead Boulevard. Community Facilities District (CFD) 2021-01 Parks Facility Maintenance provides funding for maintenance and repairs of certain parks and park improvements.

The Housing Authority accounts for the housing assets as a result of the dissolution of the former Community Redevelopment Agency of the City.

Public Works Capital Projects Fund accounts for capital projects including co-op and reimbursement agreements with Riverside County Flood Control (RCFC) and Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD).

The City reports the following major business-type fund:

The Electric Fund accounts for the operations of the City electric utility, with its basic purpose to purchase and distribute electricity to customers in the City's newly developed areas under the "Greenfield" concept. The City began serving its first customers in February 2004.

Additionally the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for financial transactions related to repair, replacement and maintenance of City-owned vehicles and equipment, the City's self-insurance programs, unfunded liabilities, and the City's general information systems and telecommunications hardware and software. These services are provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Custodial Funds are used to report resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity, which includes assets held on behalf of customers and trustees for the MSHCP Trust fund and various pass through activities.

The Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency and its allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until obligations of the former redevelopment agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Internal Service Funds are charges to departments or agencies for sales and services. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity

Deposits, Investments, Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value except for investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until fair values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables:

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Lease Receivables:

The City is a lessor for leases of land, building, and equipment and recognizes lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

At the commencement of a lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received on or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses incremental borrowing rate (IBR) provided by the financial institution on July 1, 2021 for existing leases or the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease plus any option periods that are likely to be exercised.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Inventory and Prepaid Items:

Inventory in proprietary funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Proprietary funds value inventory at cost and expense supply inventory using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. This is referred to as the consumption method of inventory accounting. The governmental fund types use the purchase method to account for supply inventories, which are not material.

Payments to vendors for services benefiting future periods are recorded as prepaid items in both governmental and proprietary funds and expenditures are recognized when item are consumed. The fund balances in the governmental fund types have been set aside as nonspendable for amounts equal to the prepaid items in the fund-level statements, since these amounts are not available for appropriation.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Donated infrastructure assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost provided by the developer.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	5 - 50
Furniture and Equipment	3 - 15
Vehicles	3 - 10
Infrastructure	20 - 50

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:

In accordance with GAAP, the City recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods. A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods. Refer to Note 8 and Note 9 for the list of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to Pension and OPEB of the City, recognized as of June 30, 2023.

Deferred inflows of resources related to rental revenues from leased assets under GASB Statement No. 87 are reported in the balance sheet of governmental fund financial statements. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources until amortized.

Unearned Revenue:

The City reports unearned revenue in the fund-level statements and in the statement of net position. Unearned revenue arises when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unfunded liabilities:

The City accounts for the accumulation of cash reserves to provide for payment of future unfunded liabilities, such as those associated with employee benefits like Pension, OPEB, and Compensated Absence, attributable to services already rendered. It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave benefits. The City records the annual leave liability using benefits earned by employees at the balance sheet date that will result in termination payments rather than compensated absences. The City records the annual leave liability using the dollar value of employees' rights to receive compensation attributable to services already rendered.

Lease Liabilities:

The City is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate.
 When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease
 payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of
 fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain
 to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure any lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

SBITA Liabilities:

The City is in agreements for a noncancellable right to use various external software. The City recognizes a SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use SBITA asset (SBITA asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the City initially measures the SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the agreement term. Subsequently, the SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments made. The SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the SBITA liability, adjusted for SBITA payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) SBITA term, and (3) SBITA payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate.
 When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The SBITA term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA. SBITA payments included in the measurement of the SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure any SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the SBITA liability.

Long-term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary and fiduciary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Land Held for Resale:

Land purchased for the purposes of resale is recorded at cost or, if lower, the estimated net realizable value upon entering into an agreement to sell the property.

Fund Balance:

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted include amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority, City Council. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution by the City Council.

Assigned include amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Chief Financial Officer is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose, which was established by the governing body in a resolution.

Unassigned include the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

An individual governmental fund could include non-spendable resources and amounts that are restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned or any combination of those classifications. Restricted amounts are to be considered spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available and committed, assigned, then unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions:

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Net Position Flow Assumption:

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Property Taxes:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Secured property taxes are payable in two installments with December 10 the last day to pay the first installment of secured property taxes without penalty, and April 10 the last day to pay the second installment of secured property taxes without penalty. Unsecured personal property taxes are due in a single installment on August 31. The County of Riverside bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City in installments during the year.

Property taxes received within 60 days after the City's fiscal year end are considered "measurable" and "available" and are accrued in the City's financial statements.

Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB):

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Moreno Valley Retiree Benefits Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

During the Fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City implemented the following GASB standards:

GASB Statement No. 96-Subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs.

This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. Greater consistency and comparability enhance the value provided by the information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship.

The effect of this implementation is the inclusion of financial information within the General Fund and Other Grants Fund. The implementation of this statement resulted in no prior period adjustment however did result in rises in Right-to-Use Intangible Assets and SBITA Liabilities, which are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. The Right-to-Use Intangible Assets and SBITA Liabilities are deferred and amortized until matured.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a. Budget Information

Budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all governmental fund types. The budget is prepared on a GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis.

From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments.

The City Council may amend the budget only during a regular meeting, providing that sufficient monies are available and that expenditures of proceeds of taxes will not be increased beyond the constitutional appropriation limit as imposed by Article XIIIB of the State Constitution.

The City's formal budgetary process begins at the operating program level. Departmental budgets are comprised of the various operating program budgets. Individual fund budgets consist of departmental budgets; departmental budgets may cross fund lines.

Individual fund budgets are, in all cases where appropriations are required, the same as the appropriation amounts. In the case of the Governmental Fund types, unexpended budgeted amounts, except for amounts relating to capital projects, lapse at the end of the budget year. Spending control (legal level) for most funds is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted at the fund levels. Accordingly, the General Fund expenditures are displayed in the supplementary schedules at the department level and the Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds expenditures are displayed at the function level. Management control is exercised at the line item level in each operating program. Management can transfer budgeted amounts between operating programs and departments, as long as these transfers are made at the line item level within each operating program and do not result in an increase in the overall fund budget. Appropriations that increase the fund budget require City Council approval.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

b. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in departments of individual funds are as follows:

Fund	Final Budget	Expenditures	Excess
General Fund			
General government			
City attorney	\$ 486,154	\$ 1,588,974	\$1,102,820
Non-departmental	464,816	3,545,545	3,080,729
Public safety			
Fire	23,050,035	23,161,600	111,565
Debt Service			
Principal retirement	-	882,176	882,176
Interest	-	60,997	60,997
Capital outlay	3,016,760	3,030,793	14,033
CSD Zones			
Debt Service			
Principal retirement	-	185,921	185,921
Interest	-	42,814	42,814
Housing Authority			
Community and economic development	279,870	471,374	191,504
Public Education Government Access			
General government	575,006	661,349	86,343
Other Grants			
Public works	-	14,848	14,848
Debt Service			
Principal retirement	-	27,583	27,583
Neighborhood Stabilization Grant			
Community and economic development	-	2,586	2,586
American Rescue Plan			
Public safety	23,815,616	24,299,122	483,506

c. Fund Deficits

The following funds contained a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2023:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	3
Special Revenue Funds:	
Other Grants	\$ 7,182
Capital Projects Grants	486,398
Capital Project Funds:	
TUMF Capital Projects	3,542,006

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2023, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$ 340,198,237
Business-type Activities	49,159,857
Fiduciary Funds	 3,402,997
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 392,761,091

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Petty Cash and Cash Boxes	\$ 10,690
Demand Deposits	508,909
Investments	389,237,404
Cash with Fiscal Agents	 3,004,088
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 392,761,091

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on monthly cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

Deposits:

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits that are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors.

Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local government agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by the California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local government agency.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements:

The above investments do not address the investment of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee. Investments of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee are governed by the provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Investments in State Investment Pool:

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

GASB Statements No. 31 and 72:

In accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles, the City reports its investments at fair value in the balance sheet. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statement. GASB Statement No. 72 clarified the definition of fair value, established general principles for measuring fair value and enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements.

Credit Risk:

The City's investment policy limits investments in medium term notes (MTN's) to those rated in the top category by two of the three largest nationally recognized rating services at the time of purchase (with split ratings, the lower rating must meet the standard). As of June 30, 2023, the City's investment in medium term notes consisted of investments with Abbott Laboratories, Amazon, Apple, Bank of Montreal, Berkshire Hathaway, Caterpillar, Charles Schwab, Guardian Life, JP Morgan Chase, Mass Mutual Insurance, Merck, MetLife, Morgan Stanley, New York Life Global, Northwestern Mutual, Northern Trust, Deere & Company, U.S. Bancorp, Target, Toyota Motor Corporation, Paccar Financial, Prologis, Bank of America, Prudential Financial, Realty Income, Royal Bank of Canada, Salesforce, Toronto Dominion Bank, and United Healthcare Group, and Wal-Mart. As of June 30, 2023, all MTN's were rated "A" or higher by Moody's. All securities were investment grade and legal under State and City law at their time of purchase. US Treasury securities hold ratings of AA+ by S&P and Fitch, and AAA by Moody's, making them the "risk-free" security in the US. Consequently, their credit quality is not disclosed. As of June 30, 2023, the City's investments in external investment pools and investment agreements are unrated.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk:

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The carrying amount of the City's demand deposits was \$2,953,248 at June 30, 2023. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with the City's investment policy, all investments are held by third-party custodians for safekeeping, with securities in the City's name. This is the lowest level of custodial credit risk exposure.

Interest Rate Risk:

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's investment portfolio will not directly invest in securities maturing in more than five years. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

Investment Type	ype Less than 1 year 1 to 3 years 3 to 5 years		Less than 1 year 1 to 3 years		Fair Value	
Local Agency Investment Fund		\$ 122,233,001	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 122,233,001	
US Treasury Notes		55,853,914	23,677,091	35,367,367	114,898,372	
Corporate		-	34,364,596	19,040,964	53,405,560	
US Agency		5,900,640	30,961,060	3,163,984	40,025,684	
Asset Backed Security		307,626	11,315,837	8,755,826	20,379,289	
Supranational		-	13,723,790	3,363,802	17,087,592	
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations		-	566,126	10,753,038	11,319,164	
Municipal Bonds		-	1,841,749	-	1,841,749	
Money Market Funds		488,010	-	-	488,010	
Held By Bond Trustee:						
Money Market Funds		5,447,150	-	-	5,447,150	
PARS Section 115 Trust		5,115,921			5,115,921	
	Totals	\$ 195,346,262	\$ 116,450,249	\$ 80,444,981	\$ 392,241,492	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 Cash and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The City's investment policy imposes restrictions on the maximum percentage and amount that can be invested in certain types of investments. These restrictions are as follows:

Investment Type	Maturity Limit	Portfolio	Investment in
U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds	5 years	None	None
Government Sponsored Enterprises (GSE's)			
or U.S. Agencies	5 years	None	None
California State Local Agency Investment Fund	n/a	None	None
Bonds, notes or other indebtedness of the State agencies in California	5 years	None	None
Bonds, notes or other indebtedness of local agencies in California	5 years	None	5%
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	5 years	30%	5%
CD Placement Service	5 years	30%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	5%
Medium-term Notes (MTN's)	5 years	30%	5%
Mutual Funds and Money Market Accounts	n/a	20%	5%
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	None	5%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	5%
Bank/Time Deposits	5 years	None	5%
Other Governmental Sponsored Investment Pools	n/a	None	None
Supranationals	5 years	30%	5%

As of June 30, 2023, the City is in compliance with the investment policy restriction.

In accordance with GAAP, if the City has invested more than 5% of its investments in any one issuer, it is exposed to credit risk. The following investments are considered exposed to credit risk:

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp 5.37%

Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 Cash and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement:

In accordance with GAAP, the City establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

Fair Value Measurement:

The following table represents the City's fair value hierarchy for its financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Fair Value Measurement
Using Significant Other
Observable
Inputs (Level 2)

		Observable
Investments by Fair Value Level	Fair Value	Inputs (Level 2)
Asset Backed Security	\$ 20,379,289	\$ 20,379,289
Agency	40,025,684	40,025,684
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	11,319,164	11,319,164
Corporate	53,405,560	53,405,560
Municipal Bonds	1,841,749	1,841,749
Supranationals	17,087,592	17,087,592
US Treasury Notes	114,898,372	114,898,372
Money Market Funds	488,010	488,010
Held by Trustee:		
Money Market Funds	 5,447,150	5,447,150
Total	264,892,570	\$ 264,892,570
Uncategorized:		
Local Agency Investment Fund	122,233,001	
PARS Section 115 Trust	5,115,921	
Total Uncategorized	127,348,922	
Total Investments measured at Fair Value	\$ 392,241,492	

The City and the third-party trustees that hold the City's assets utilize the Market Approach in valuing the investment portfolio through the use of a pricing service that utilized matrix pricing. The market approach utilizes prices and other relevant data from market transactions for similar assets.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 4 Notes, Loans, and Lease Receivables

a. Notes and Loans Receivable

Notes and loans receivables of \$50,263,761 consist primarily of revolving home improvement and other housing loans and are due beyond one year.

A summary of amounts owed as of June 30, 2023, follows:

	Nonmajor					
	Housing	Governmental				
	Authority	Funds	Total			
Cottonwood Properties	\$ 2,124,023	\$ 2,013,373	\$ 4,137,396			
Sheila Street Rehabilitation	2,651,875	-	2,651,875			
RHDC Properties	1,794,958	2,709,785	4,504,744			
Coachella Valley Housing Coalition	1,102,903	-	1,102,903			
Ability First	824,917	-	824,917			
Perris Isle	413,000	687,000	1,100,000			
Oakwood	3,000,000	-	3,000,000			
Rancho Dorado	12,500,000	-	12,500,000			
Hemlock Family Apartments	6,300,000	1,525,474	7,825,474			
Courtyards at Cottonwood	2,010,000	4,420,682	6,430,682			
Others	353,265	5,832,505	6,185,770			
Totals	\$ 33,074,942	\$ 17,188,819	\$ 50,263,761			

b. Notes to Successor Agency

In prior years, the City made various loans to the former Redevelopment Agency. Upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, certain loans were approved as enforceable obligations in a letter dated May 26, 2012, from the California Department of Finance and remain as a receivable in the General Fund and a liability of the Successor Agency. At June 30, 2023, the balance of \$9,464,341 consists of the following:

The Towngate Regional Mall notes (Sears Note) totaling \$7,431,155 which originated from a participation agreement (as amended) whereby the Agency acquired certain parcels within the mall for subsequent transfer to major tenants. The notes bear interest at 4.9% and are payable solely from available site-generated property tax increment and up to 50% of site-generated sales tax. Payments on this agreement are determined and pre-approved by the Department of Finance. Furthermore, the Agency has covenanted to use reasonable best efforts to refinance these notes with Tax Allocation Bonds, provided such financing is determined to be fiscally feasible. At June 30, 2023, accrued interest amounts to \$2,033,186.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 4 Notes, Loans, and Lease Receivables (continued)

c. Lease Receivables

Lease receivables consist of agreements with others for the right-to-use of the underlying assets for land, building, and infrastructure owned by the City at various locations. The remaining terms of the agreement range from 1 to 38 years. The average incremental borrowing rate was 1.95%. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$65,312 and \$220,177 in lease revenue and \$45,147 and \$159,015 in interest revenue for General Fund and CSD Zones, respectively. The outstanding receivables are in the amount of \$9,602,499 as of as of June 30, 2023.

	Governmental Activities				
Year Ending	Principal	Interest			
June 30,	Payments	Payments	Total		
2024	\$ 305,261	\$ 225,143	\$ 530,404		
2025	326,144	218,681	544,825		
2026	348,916	211,778	560,694		
2027	337,027	204,473	541,500		
2028	328,790	197,181	525,971		
2029 - 2033	1,984,400	859,190	2,843,590		
2034 - 2038	1,972,864	616,065	2,588,929		
2039 - 2043	1,565,430	409,815	1,975,245		
2044 - 2048	1,659,970	199,737	1,859,707		
2049 - 2053	246,198	84,993	331,191		
2054 - 2058	317,625	48,798	366,423		
2059 - 2061	209,874	7,835	217,709		
Totals	\$ 9,602,499	\$ 3,283,689	\$ 12,886,188		

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 5 Capital Assets

The following is a schedule of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023.

	Balance					Balance
	July 1, 2022		Additions		Deletions	June 30, 2023
Non-Depreciable Assets:						
Land	\$ 306,923,318	\$	490,291	\$	-	\$ 307,413,609
Construction in progress	36,836,825		78,465,041		(17,425,516)	97,876,350
Total Non-Depreciable Assets	343,760,143		78,955,332		(17,425,516)	405,289,959
Depreciable Assets:						
Buildings and Improvements	159,022,093		310,906		-	159,332,999
Furniture and Equipment	26,345,126		6,274,022		(6,695)	32,612,453
Vehicles	12,512,681		362,856		(65,775)	12,809,762
Infrastructure	927,415,753		19,824,805		<u>-</u>	947,240,558
Total Depreciable Assets	1,125,295,653		26,772,589		(72,470)	1,151,995,772
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings and Improvements	(83,541,719)		(4,233,367)		-	(87,775,086)
Furniture and Equipment	(16,965,981)		(2,261,312)		6,695	(19,220,598)
Vehicles	(8,719,668)		(1,370,394)		63,609	(10,026,453)
Infrastructure	(516,211,632)		(28,524,707)			(544,736,339)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(625,439,001)		(36,389,780)		70,304	(661,758,476)
Total Depreciable Assets, Net	499,856,652		(9,617,191)		(2,166)	490,237,296
Intangible asset - right of use						
Lease assets	2,659,170		-		-	2,659,170
SBITA assets			1,802,781		-	1,802,781
Total Amortizable Assets	2,659,170		1,802,781			4,461,951
Less Accumulated Amortization:						
Lease assets	(409,873)		(409,873)		-	(819,746)
SBITA assets			(635,153)	_		(635,153)
Total Accumulated Amortizaion	(409,873)		(1,045,026)	_		(1,454,899)
Total Amortizable Assets, Net	2,249,297		757,755	_		3,007,052
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 845,866,092	\$	70,095,896	\$	(17,427,682)	\$ 898,534,307
•		_		_		

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 5 Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 2,199,351
Public Safety	1,281,711
Community and Economic Development	192,803
Community and Cultural	2,261,859
Public Works	30,488,897
Internal Service Funds	1,010,185
Total	\$ 37,434,806

The following is a schedule of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022		Additions		Deletions		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023
Non-Depreciable Assets:								
Land	\$	1,729,408	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,729,408
Construction in progress		4,671,381		1,764,493		(1,246,610)		5,189,264
Total Non-Depreciable Assets		6,400,789		1,764,493		(1,246,610)		6,918,672
Depreciable Assets:								
Furniture and Equipment		1,346,774		-		-		1,346,774
Infrastructure		91,183,322		2,743,194		(63,535)		93,862,981
Total Depreciable Assets		92,530,096		2,743,194		(63,535)		95,209,755
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Furniture and Equipment		(662,071)		(85,337)		-		(747,408)
Infrastructure		(18,628,903)		(2,718,893)		9,746		(21,338,050)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(19,290,974)		(2,804,230)		9,746		(22,085,458)
Total Depreciable Assets, Net		73,239,122		(61,036)		(53,789)		73,124,297
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	79,639,911	\$	1,703,457	\$	(1,300,399)	\$	80,042,969

Depreciation expense for business-type activities was charged as follows:

Electric Utility \$ 2,804,230

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt

a. Changes in Long-term Debt - Governmental Activities

The following is a schedule of changes in governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year
Moreno Valley Public Facilities Financing Authority:					
Direct Placements 2011 Private Placement Refunding of 1997					
Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 331,000	\$ -	\$ (331,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Other Debt					
2013 Refunding of 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds	1,453,000	-	(1,453,000)	-	-
Unamortized Premium	117,012	-	(117,012)	-	-
2014 Refunding of 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds	22,602,069	-	-	22,602,069	1,297,170
Unamortized Premium	944,253	-	(72,634)	871,619	72,635
City:					
2020 Total Road Improvement Program COP's	18,870,000	-	(965,000)	17,905,000	970,000
Leases	2,252,220	-	(399,919)	1,852,301	404,622
SBITA	-	1,699,416	(695,759)	1,003,657	494,742
Totals	\$ 46,569,554	\$ 1,699,416	\$ (4,034,324)	\$ 44,234,646	\$ 3,239,169

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

Other Debt

2014 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds

Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds 2014 in the original issue amount of \$25,325,000 were issued for the purpose of paying off a portion of the 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds and certain costs related to the issuance of the Bonds. Of the \$25,325,000 originally issued, the portion for the electric utility infrastructure (\$2,669,255) has been separated and is shown as long-term debt of the Electric Fund business-type activities. The bonds mature in serial fashion through November 1, 2035 and bear interest ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds are subject to optional redemption and are subject to mandatory redemption beginning November 2035. The bonds are payable from lease payments made by the City under a project lease dated December 1, 2013, between the City and the MVPFA. The lease payments are equal to the principal and interest on the bonds and are made by the City as rent for use of the City Hall, the Public Safety Building, Morrison Park Fire Station No. 99, Sunnymead Park, Woodland Park, and John F. Kennedy Veterans Memorial Park. The refunding transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$4,180,553 and a reduction of \$6,604,104 in future debt service payments.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2014 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

2014 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds

			<u> </u>			
Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		Interest	 Total		
2024	\$	1,297,170	\$ 976,903	\$ 2,274,073		
2025		1,355,319	910,591	2,265,910		
2026		1,426,887	841,036	2,267,923		
2027		1,489,509	768,126	2,257,635		
2028		1,574,496	691,526	2,266,022		
2029-2033		9,066,771	2,251,306	11,318,077		
2034-2036		6,391,917	 390,493	 6,782,410		
Totals	\$	22,602,069	\$ 6,829,981	\$ 29,432,050		

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

2020 Total Road Improvement Program Certificates of Participation

Taxable refunding certificates of participation in the original amount of \$20,970,000 were issued for the purpose of refunding the outstanding balance of the 2013 Total Road Improvement Certificates of Participation and certain costs related to the issuance of the certificates. The bonds mature in serial fashion through June 2035 and in term fashion through June 2019. The certificates bear interest rates ranging from 0.435% to 3.238%. The bonds are subject to optional redemption beginning June 2031. This issue is fully insured in the event of non-payment by the City. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$1,313,094 and a reduction of \$1,665,223 in future debt service payments.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2020 Total Road Improvement Program Certificates of Participation outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

2020 Total Road Improvement Program Certificates of Participation

	 Gertificates of Farticipation								
Year Ending									
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total				
2024	\$ 970,000	\$	424,415	\$	1,394,415				
2025	980,000		415,093		1,395,093				
2026	990,000		404,695		1,394,695				
2027	1,005,000		390,815		1,395,815				
2028	1,015,000		374,715		1,389,715				
2029-2033	5,425,000		1,548,951		6,973,951				
2034-2038	6,165,000		812,223		6,977,223				
2039	1,355,000		43,875		1,398,875				
Totals	\$ 17,905,000	\$	4,414,782	\$	22,319,782				

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

Lease Payables

Lease payables consist of agreements of payment obligations for the use of land, building, and equipment owned by other entities. The remaining terms of the agreements range from 1 to 33 years. The average incremental borrowing rate was 1.45%. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$213,998 and \$185,921 in lease payment and \$20,397 and \$42,814 in interest payment for General Fund and CSD Zones, respectively. The outstanding payables are in the amount of \$1,852,301 as of as of June 30, 2023.

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending	Principal			Interest				
June 30,	Payments		F	ayments		Total		
2024	\$ 404,622		\$	27,019	\$	431,641		
2025	400,028			22,231		422,259		
2026	294,773			17,849		312,622		
2027	157,936			14,429		172,365		
2028	125,597			12,395		137,992		
2029-2033	129,390			48,353		177,743		
2034-2038	57,952			40,988		98,940		
2039-2043	65,834			33,106		98,940		
2044-2048	74,787			24,153		98,940		
2049-2053	84,958			13,982		98,940		
2054-2056	56,424			2,940		59,364		
Totals	\$ 1,852,301		\$	257,445	\$	2,109,746		

SBITA Payables

SBITA payables consist of agreements of payment obligations for the use of software subscriptions owned by other entities. The remaining terms of the agreement range from 1 to 2 years. The average incremental borrowing rate was 2.38%. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$668,176 and \$27,583 in SBITA payment for General Fund and Other Grants Fund, respectively, and \$40,601 in interest payment for General Fund. The outstanding payables are in the amount of \$1,003,657 as of June 30, 2023.

		Governmental Activities							
Year Ending	F	Principal	Interest						
June 30,	P	ayments	_	Pa	ayments		Total		
2023	\$	494,742		\$	23,240	\$	517,982		
2024		508,915	_		11,786		520,701		
Totals	\$	1,003,657		\$	35,026	\$	1,038,683		

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2023, the amount of compensated absences liability was \$6,897,968. This amount consists of \$6,636,103 for governmental funds, principally paid by the General Fund, and \$261,865 for internal service funds.

	Balance July 1, 2022		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023		Due Within One Year	
Compensated Absences:									
Governmental Funds	\$	6,029,578	\$	3,624,203	\$ (3,017,678)	\$	6,636,103	\$	3,981,662
Internal Service Funds		272,934		118,870	(129,939)		261,865		157,119
Totals	\$	6,302,512	\$	3,743,073	\$ (3,147,617)	\$	6,897,968	\$	4,138,781

Pension and OPEB Liability

Pension and OPEB obligations will be met from unrestricted revenues of the General Fund.

Lines of Credit

The City has no available, unused lines of credit.

b. Changes in Long-term Debt - Business-Type Activities

The following is a schedule of changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year	
Direct Placements						
Finance Leases - Streetlight Refinancing, 2021	\$ 6,898,177	\$ -	\$ (472,405)	\$ 6,425,772	\$ 488,940	
Other Debt						
Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, 2013	172,000	-	(172,000)	-	-	
Plus Unamortized Premium	12,606	-	(12,606)	-	-	
Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, 2014	2,662,931	-	-	2,662,931	152,830	
Plus Unamortized Premium	109,143	-	(7,796)	101,347	7,796	
Lease Revenue Bonds, 2019	15,830,000	-	-	15,830,000	-	
Less Unamortized Discount	(297,080)	-	11,003	(286,077)	(11,003)	
Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, 2021	29,255,000	-	(1,445,000)	27,810,000	1,450,000	
Totals	\$ 54,642,777	\$ -	\$ (2,098,804)	\$ 52,543,973	\$ 2,088,563	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

Direct Borrowing/Direct Placements

2021 Streetlight Refinancing

2021 Streetlight Refinancing, in the original issue amount of \$7,402,587 as a Lease/Purchase agreement in 2018, was executed to purchase approximately 9,411 streetlights from Southern California Edison and to retrofit approximately 11,100 Cityowned streetlights with LED fixtures. The bonds will bear interest of 3.47% and are subject to optional redemption beginning in 2026. Debt service payments will be paid through MVU streetlight rates.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2021 Streetlight Refinancing outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

2021 Streetlight Refinancing

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2024	\$ 488,940	\$ 218,733	\$ 707,673
2025	506,055	201,618	707,673
2026	523,769	183,904	707,673
2027	542,103	165,570	707,673
2028	561,078	146,595	707,673
2029-2033	3,114,104	424,262	3,538,366
2034	689,723	 17,950	707,673
Totals	\$ 6,425,772	\$ 1,358,632	\$ 7,784,404

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

Other Debt

2014 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds

Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds 2014 in the original issue amount of \$25,325,000 were issued for the purpose of paying off the remaining portion of the 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds and certain costs related to the issuance of the Bonds. Of the \$25,325,000 originally issued, the portion for the electric utility infrastructure (\$2,669,255) has been separated and is shown as long-term debt for Electric Fund business-type activities. The bonds mature in serial fashion between November 2023 and November 2035 and bear interest ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption but are subject to mandatory redemption beginning 2035. The bonds are payable from lease payments made by the City under a project lease dated December 1, 2013, between the City and the MVPFA. The lease payments are equal to the principal and interest on the bonds and are made by the City as rent for use of the Public Safety Building and the City Hall, Sunnymead Park and Fire Station 99 (Morrison Park). The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$4,180,553 (\$440,650 attributable to the electric fund) and a reduction of \$6,604,104 (\$696,043 attributable to the electric fund) in future debt service payments.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2014 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 152,830	\$ 115,097	\$ 267,927
2025	159,681	107,284	266,965
2026	168,113	99,089	267,202
2027	175,491	90,499	265,990
2028	185,504	81,474	266,978
2029-2033	1,068,229	265,244	1,333,473
2034-2036	 753,083	 46,007	 799,090
Totals	\$ 2,662,931	\$ 804,694	\$ 3,467,625

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

2019 Lease Revenue Bonds

2019 Lease Revenue Bonds (Taxable) in the original amount of \$15,830,000 were issued for the purpose of financing capital improvements of the City including installation of approximately 5.8 miles of 12Kv backbone infrastructure, retrofit and/or replacement of switches, and installation of smart meters and associated data collection system. The bonds will mature in serial and term fashion through 2049 and bear a true interest cost of 4.00% per annum. The Series 2019 Bonds will share the "Master Lease" bond structure to secure repayment of the bonds that is also being used to secure the 2015 and the 2016 Lease Revenue Bonds. This allows the City to pledge fewer assets over time for future lease financings. The bonds will be secured primarily by four assets in the master lease, Kitching Substation, Moreno Beach Substation, the Conference and Recreation Center and the Corporation Yard.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2019 Lease Revenue Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	2019 Lease Revenue Bonds							
Year Ending								
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2024	\$ -	\$	633,200	\$	633,200			
2025	-		633,200		633,200			
2026	-		633,200		633,200			
2027	-		633,200		633,200			
2028	-		633,200		633,200			
2029-2033	-		3,166,000		3,166,000			
2034-2038	-		3,166,000		3,166,000			
2039-2043	5,545,000		2,740,000		8,285,000			
2044-2048	8,070,000		1,512,000		9,582,000			
2049	2,215,000		88,600		2,303,600			
Totals	\$ 15,830,000	\$	13,838,600	\$	29,668,600			

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

2021 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds

Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds 2021 consolidated both the 2015 Lease Revenue Bonds and the 2016 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds for a cumulative amount of \$30,985,000. In the original issue amount of the 2015 Lease Revenue Bonds (Taxable) the issue amount of \$10,430,000 were issued for the purpose of financing certain capital improvements of the City including installation of new electrical substation and associated feeders. In the issue amount of the 2016 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, of which the original amount of \$24,655,000 was issued for the purpose of retiring the outstanding portion of the 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds as well as certain costs related to the issuance of the bonds.

The bonds are comprised of a combination of serial and term bonds with maturities between 2024 and 2045 and bear interest ranging from 0.183% to 3.100%. The bonds are payable from lease payments made by the City as rent for the use of the Kitching Electrical Substation, the Moreno Beach Electrical Substation and the Conference and Recreation Center pursuant to a master facility sublease between the City and the Moreno Valley Public Financing Authority (MVPFA) dated December 15, 2015. The transaction resulted in a net present value of savings of \$4.6 million.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2021 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

2021 Refunding Lease Revenue Bo	3onds
---------------------------------	-------

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 627,506	\$ 2,077,506
2025	1,460,000	618,066	2,078,066
2026	1,470,000	604,780	2,074,780
2027	1,490,000	588,022	2,078,022
2028	1,505,000	566,939	2,071,939
2029-2033	7,975,000	2,396,266	10,371,266
2034-2038	9,020,000	1,352,759	10,372,759
2039-2043	2,385,000	389,515	2,774,515
2044-2045	1,055,000	49,290	1,104,290
Totals	\$ 27,810,000	\$ 7,193,143	\$ 35,003,143

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2023, the amount of compensated absences liability totaled \$156,958. Based on the current trend of usage, \$94,175 is expected to be paid within one year.

	Balance July 1, 2022 Additions		 Balance Deletions June 30, 2023		Due Within One Year			
Business type activities	\$	308,326	\$ 147,996	\$ (299,364)	\$	156,958	\$	94,175
Totals	\$	308,326	\$ 147,996	\$ (299,364)	\$	156,958	\$	94,175

c. Non-Commitment Debt

2007 Towngate Improvement Tax Refunding Bonds

CFD 87-1 Improvement Area No. 1 Special Tax Refunding Bonds in the original issue of \$4,075,000 were issued in November 2007, to refund prior bonds currently outstanding, to fund a reserve for the bonds and to pay issuance costs. The bonds mature in serial fashion through October 1, 2023 and bear interest ranging from 3.75% to 4.875%. The bonds are subject to both optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity beginning on April 1, 2009. The bonds are payable from and secured by a special tax levy against certain affected parcels within the District.

Under an arrangement (a Cooperation and Reimbursement Agreement) involving the District, the City and the Successor Agency of the former RDA, the required tax levy may be reduced in part by a reimbursable tax increment from the Agency to a maximum of 70.3% of required debt service. This debt is not the responsibility of the City but the City will act as the administrator for the collection of the special tax and the transfer of special tax funds to the trustee for the payment of debt service. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2023 was \$345,000.

2016 Community Facilities District 7 Improvement Area 1 Special Tax Bonds

Community Facilities District No. 7 ("District") of the City of Moreno Valley issued bonds in the amount of \$3,265,000 in September 2016 to reimburse the site developer for the cost of certain site improvements. The Bonds are special limited obligations of the District and are payable solely from revenues derived from certain annual Special Taxes to be levied on and collected from the owners of the taxable land within the District.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 Long-term Debt (Continued)

The Special Taxes are to be levied according to the rates and method of apportionment approved by the City Council, the legislative body of the District, and the qualified electors within the District. Except for the Special Taxes, no other taxes are pledged to the payment of the Bonds. The City is in no way liable for repayment but is acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments and forwarding the collections to bondholders. These bonds consist of both serial and term bonds that mature on September 1, 2047 and bear interest rates ranging from 1% to 3.25%. The bonds will be repaid from a special tax assessment levied on the parcels and are subject to optional redemption beginning in September 2026. This debt is not the responsibility of the City but the City acts as the administrator for the collection of the special tax and the transfer of special tax funds to the trustee for the payment of debt service. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2023 was \$2,880,000.

2021 Community Facilities District No. 5 Special Tax Refunding Bonds

The Community Facilities District No. 5 of the City of Moreno Valley 2007 Special Tax Bonds were issued to finance various public improvements needed to develop property located within the Community Facilities District No. 5 ("District"). The original issue amount was \$4,795,000. The Bonds are special limited obligations of the District and are payable solely from revenues derived from certain annual Special Taxes to be levied on and collected from the owners of the taxable land within the District and from certain other funds pledged under the Escrow Agreement dated December 1, 2021 by and between the City for and on behalf of the District and Wilmington Trust, as fiscal agent.

The Special Taxes are to be levied according to the rates and method of apportionment approved by the City Council, the legislative body of the District, and the qualified electors within the District. Except for the Special Taxes, no other taxes are pledged to the payment of the Bonds. The City is in no way liable for repayment but is acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments and forwarding the collections to bondholders. Interest on the Bonds will be payable on March 1, 2022 and semiannually thereafter on each March 1 and September 1 thru 2037. Interest rates range from 3.00% to 4.00%. Principal on the Bonds is due each September 1 beginning 2022 and ending 2037. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2023 was \$4,530,000.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

a. Due To/From other Funds

	Due To Other Funds						
		Nonmajor					
	Governmental						
Due From Other Funds	CSD Zones	Funds	Total				
General Fund	\$ 50,148,589	\$ 13,155,478	\$ 63,304,067				
	\$ 50,148,589	\$ 13,155,478	\$ 63,304,067				

The City of Moreno Valley utilizes the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) as a short-term investment tool. Interest earnings related to investments are due to the General Fund in compliance with Administrative Policy 3.03, Investment Policy. At June 30, 2023, the CSD Zones Fund included \$50,148,589 of City's funds invested in the CSD's LAIF account.

The General Fund has made short-term loans to the following funds to eliminate negative cash balances:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Child Care Grant	\$	29,522
ASES Program Grant		683,720
Other Grants		227,391
Capital Project Grants		8,102,708
Community Development Block Grant		1,236,872
Emergency Solutions Grant		59,088
ARPA		20,845
Law Enforcement Grants		46,197
TUMF Capital Projects		2,749,135
Total	\$ ^	13,155,478

b. Advances To/From Other Funds

	Advances from		
	Other Funds		
	Development		
Advances to Other Funds	Impact Fees		
General Fund	\$ 5,500,000		

The General Fund loaned \$5,500,000 to the Development Impact Fees Fund to cover negative cash balances resulting from construction of facilities and purchases of land for future expansion. This loan is to be fully repaid by June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued)

c. Interfund Transfers

						Transfers In			
				elopment Impact	CSD	Public Works Capital	Nonmajor Governmental	Internal Service	
Transfers Out	Gen	eral Fund		Fees	Zones	Projects Fund	Funds	Funds	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 8,114,119	\$26,745,287	\$ 5,093,265	\$24,270,000	\$64,222,671
Development Impact Fees		50,000		-	-	-	5,003,037	-	5,053,037
CSD Zones		15,573		-	-	-	32,948	-	48,521
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		692,878	1	,295,962	10,665	-	630,835	-	2,630,340
Internal Service Funds		-		-	-	-	1,708,227	-	1,708,227
Totals	\$	758,451	\$ 1	,295,962	\$ 8,124,784	\$26,745,287	\$12,468,312	\$24,270,000	\$73,662,796

The General Fund transferred a total of \$64,222,671, including \$26,745,287 to Public Works Capital Projects Fund to cover capital deficits for the cost for general benefit projects and \$24,270,000 to Internal Service Funds to fund reserves for actuarial assumptions and future replacement of equipment, technology, and facilities.

The Development Impact Fees Fund and Nonmajor Governmental Funds transferred a total of \$5,003,037 and \$630,835, respectively, to Nonmajor Governmental Funds for debt service payments and to provide support for several capital projects in the fiscal year.

The Nonmajor Governmental Funds transferred a total of \$2,630,340, including \$1,295,962 to Development Impact Fees Fund primarily as a result of savings from facility construction projects.

Note 8 Employee Pension Plan

a. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Miscellaneous Plan, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefits provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on CalPERS website.

In November 2022, the City established a post-employment benefits trust to begin funding the City's unfunded liability through the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The program is a tax-exempt trust performing an essential governmental function within the meaning of Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code, along with its associated Regulations. Furthermore, it holds tax-exempt status under the pertinent statutory regulations of the State of California.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 Employee Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic CalPERS members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. PEPRA CalPERS members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service.

The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2 Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous					
Hire Date	Prior to December 23, 2011	December 23, 2011 thru December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013			
Benefit Formula	2.7% @ 55	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Retirement Age	50-55	50-55	52-62			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.00%	6.75%			
Required employer contribution rates	19.69%	19.69%	19.69%			

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscellaneous
Active Employees	285
Retired Employees	439
Inactive Employees	268

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 Employee Pension Plan (Continued)

b. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Miscellaneous
June 30, 2021
June 30, 2022
Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Fair Value of Assets
6.90%
2.50%
2.75%
Varies by Entry Age and Service (1)
7.00% (2)
Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds

- (1) Depending on age, service, and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of a 2017 CalPERS actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 Employee Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 6.90% is without reduction of pension plan administrative expenses and will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 Employee Pension Plan (Continued)

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New	
	Strategic	Real
Asset Class ¹	Allocation	Return ^{1,2}
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity Non-Cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.00%)	(0.59%)

¹An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

Change of Assumptions

Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with the risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions

² Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 Employee Pension Plan (Continued)

c. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability over the measurement period are as follows:

Miscellaneous Plan:	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Governmental Activities Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Enterprise Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$ 244,548,531	\$ 189,651,335	\$ 54,897,196	\$ 53,500,117	\$ 1,397,079
Changes in the year:					
Service Cost	4,410,902	-	4,410,902	4,264,453	146,449
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	16,903,144	-	16,903,144	16,341,932	561,212
Changes of Assumptions	8,512,485	-	8,512,485	8,512,485	-
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	(4,439,439)	-	(4,439,439)	(4,405,914)	(33,525)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	9,026,559	(9,026,559)	(8,701,132)	(325,427)
Contributions - Employees	-	1,659,557	(1,659,557)	(1,604,457)	(55,100)
Net Investment Income	-	(14,386,583)	14,386,583	13,288,841	1,097,742
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of					
Employee Contributions	(11,707,851)	(11,707,851)	-	-	-
Administrative Expense	-	(118,141)	118,141	114,219	3,922
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)					
Net Changes	13,679,241	(15,526,459)	29,205,700	27,810,427	1,395,273
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$ 258,227,772	\$ 174,124,876	\$ 84,102,896	\$ 81,310,544	\$ 2,792,352

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate for the Miscellaneous Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	to 5.90%	6.90%	to 7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 118 695 641	\$ 84 102 896	\$ 55 515 876

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 Employee Pension Plan (Continued)

d. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$10,099,679 principally paid by General Fund and the Electric Utility. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 10,257,840	\$	-
Changes of assumptions	5,107,491		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	227,303		(2,663,663)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	0.007.050		
investments	 8,607,352		
	\$ 24,199,986	\$	(2,663,663)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement	
Periods Ending	
June 30:	
2023	\$ (3,189,236)
2024	(2,022,268)
2025	(584,340)
2026	(5,482,639)
2027	-
Thereafter	_

Note: The fiscal year will be one year later than the measurement period. The 2023 measurement period presented in the above table will be listed as year 2024 in the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 financial statements.

As of June 30, 2023, the City did not have outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 Employee Pension Plan (Continued)

e. Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expenses.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments

5 year straight-line amortization

All other amounts

The EARSL for the Plan for the measurement period ending June 30, 2022 is 2.5 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 2,942 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 1,175 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired). Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan provides a portion of certain health care for retired employees. In accordance with City policy, employees hired prior to September 30, 2011, who retire directly from the City under CalPERS (age 50 and 5 years of CalPERS service or disability) and are not temporary employees, are eligible for these benefits. In June 2009, the City established an irrevocable trust fund to begin funding the City's unfunded liability through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions, as well as other requirements, are established by state statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The City selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. The City administers a single-employer defined-benefit post-employment healthcare plan. Benefits vary by hire date and employment status (Management or Non-Management). Benefits continue to the surviving spouses.

CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Headquarters, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

Benefits Provided

The Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) minimum amount for retirees participating in PEMHCA is \$151 per month for 2023 PEMHCA amounts are adjusted on an annual basis.

An additional \$318.73 per month will be paid for medical, dental, and vision for full-time employees hired and for City Council elected before September 30, 2011. The total subsidy will not be greater than the premium for the retiree and spouse. Coverage is allowed under any medical plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2022 (the census date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Category	Count
Active employees	316
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	177
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payment	80

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Contributions

The City establishes contributions based on the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC). For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City's ADC contribution rate was 5.89% of covered-employee-payroll. Employees do not contribute to the plan, but instead pay the difference between the benefit that they receive and the monthly premium for that benefit.

Net OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was valued as of June 30, 2022 and was used to calculate the net OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

This valuation assumes that the City will fund the OPEB benefits using the ADC each year, with the ADC calculated as the sum of the Entry Age Normal Cost (cash subsidy only) for the year plus amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) and estimated administrative expenses. The Normal Cost is the portion of the Actuarial Present Value of benefits allocated to a valuation year. The UAAL is the excess of the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Market Value of Assets.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Measurement Date:	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	_
Discount Rate	6.17%	6.00%	
Investment Rate of Return	5.85%	6.00%	
Inflation	2.50%	2.30%	
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.50%	6.50%	Trending down to 4.00% over 55 years.
			over 33 years.
Salary Increases	2.75%	2.80%	Additional merit-based increases based on CalPERS merit salary
Mortality Rates	Based on Ca	IPERS tables.	•

Mortality rates used in the valuation are based on the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions published in November 2021 for Public Agency Miscellaneous members. Sample pre-retirement, post-retirement non-disabled, and post-retirement disabled base mortality rates are as shown below. These rates are projected fully generationally using 80% of MP-2020 mortality improvement scale.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes of Assumptions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2022, the investment rate of return was changed to 6.00%.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 6.00%. This is the expected long-term rate of return on City assets using the Strategy I asset allocation provided by California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Base on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return is determined using the long-term rates of return developed by the CalPERS Investment Office in their report dated August 9, 2022. The target allocation and the arithmetic expected return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Projected Real Rates
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Global Equity	49%	4.50%
Fixed Income	23%	1.40%
Global Real Estate (REITs)	20%	3.70%
Treasury Inflation Protection Securities	5%	0.50%
Commodities	3%	1.10%

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	lnd	creases (Decrease	es)
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Balance as of fiscal year end June 30, 2022	\$ 20,689,327	\$ 15,414,512	\$ 5,274,815
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	453,543	-	453,543
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	1,272,484	-	1,272,484
Differences Between Expected			
and Actual Experience	(1,910,420)	-	(1,910,420)
Changes of Assumptions	438,727	-	438,727
Contribution - Employer		1,747,036	(1,747,036)
Net Investment Income		(2,206,130)	2,206,130
Benefit Payments, Including			
Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1,054,058)	(1,054,058)	-
Implicit Subsidy Credit	(258,562)	-	(258,562.00)
Administrative Expenses		(4,116)	4,116
Net Changes	(1,058,286)	(1,517,268)	458,982
Balance as of fiscal year end June 30, 2023	\$ 19,631,041	\$ 13,897,244	\$ 5,733,797

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.00%) or one percentage point higher (7.00%) follows:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	5.00%	6.00%	7.00%	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 7,940,288	\$ 5,733,797	\$ 3,868,56	5

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates follows:

	19	6 Decrease	Trend Rate		1% Increase	
Net OPEB liability	\$	4,510,540	\$	5,733,797	\$	7,126,918

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$766,352. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual		
Experience	\$ 277,347	\$ (1,911,158)
Changes of Assumptions	1,249,136	(226,070)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Plan Investments	1,173,426	-
City Contribution Subsequent to the		
Measurement Date	1,367,308	
Total	\$4,067,217	\$ (2,137,228)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement	
Period Ending	
June 30	<u></u>
2023	\$ 133,320
2024	161,325
2025	143,585
2026	375,014
2027	(250,565)
Remaining	-

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 Commitments and Contingencies

a. Construction Commitments

The following material construction commitments existed at June 30, 2023:

Project Name	Contract Amount	Expenditures to date as of 6/30/2023	Remaining Commitments
Governmental Activities			
SR-60/ Moreno Beach IC Phase 2	\$ 27,754,303	\$ 14,786,402	\$ 12,967,901
Citywide Pavement Rehab Program (FY 20/21)	4,090,236	3,505,517	584,720
Citywide Pavement Rehab Program (FY 21/22 - 25/26)	19,683,998	17,525,172	2,158,827
Citywide Pavement Rehab Program (FY 21/22)	7,058,919	6,241,638	817,281
Citywide Pavement Rehab Program (FY 22/23)	11,297,080	8,441,008	2,856,072
Citywide Pavement Rehab Program (FY 26/27 - 30/31)	19,272,998	16,412,964	2,860,033
Juan Bautista de Anza Multi-Use Trail - ATP 4	6,544,493	671,843	5,872,650
Other projects	4,825,008	4,414,970	410,038
Electric Utility			
ENCO Work Authorizations on MVU CIP projects	\$ 1,638,337	\$ 750,874	\$ 887,463
Other projects	4,169,334	3,621,773	547,561

b. Litigation

There are several lawsuits pending against the City. The outcome and eventual liability of the City, if any, in these cases is not known at this time. Management estimates that the potential claims against the City, not covered by insurance or self-insurance reserves, resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

c. Grants Review

The City has received local, state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the contracting agencies. Although such audits could generate expense disallowances under terms of the grants or contracts, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

d. Tax Abatements

GASB 77

As of June 30, 2023, the City has entered into one agreement to provide tax abatements to local businesses. These abatements are designed to encourage businesses to hire city residents and have "local hire" clauses in them. The structure of the abatement, or rebate, and the local-hire requirement is specific to each agreement and may vary with each one.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Agreement # 1

The terms of Agreement # 1, approved by City Council Resolution 2015-54, require that sales tax is refunded based on preset percentages over the life of the agreement. The original agreement covered a ten-year period but on August 23, 2018, the participating business completed the additional conditions which were required to extend the agreement to the full twenty-year period. Payments are made to the business on a quarterly basis as the detailed sales tax data is received from the California Board of Equalization.

The participating business is required to certify their compliance annually. If hiring levels fall below the 30% for a given year, the City is entitled to recapture a pro-rate share of the revenues abated for that year. The recapture clause is limited to the payments that pertain to the particular year where the requirement was not met and cannot be applied to any payments previously earned.

Agreement Years	Tax Abatement Rate
Years 1 through 5	60%
Years 6 through 10	50%
Years 11 through 15	50%
Years 16 through 20	40%

Note 11 Self-Insurance

The City is a member of CSAC Excess Insurance Authority. The Authority is a member directed joint powers insurance pool, which has been operational since October 1979. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other coverage.

The City participates in the excess workers' compensation and employer's liability programs of the Authority. For workers' compensation, the City has a self-insured retention of \$300,000 per occurrence. For employer's liability, the City has a self-insured retention of \$250,000 per occurrence. The City has a pooled retention of \$5,000,000 each occurrence, a \$45,000,000 reinsurance layer in excess of the \$5,000,000 pooled retention per occurrence for workers' compensation claims, and a \$5,000,000 employer's liability reinsurance layer per occurrence in excess of the \$5,000,000 pooled retention. During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection have had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There has been no significant reduction in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 11 Self-Insurance (Continued)

Self-Insurance Payable

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees. The City established two self-insurance funds (Internal Service Funds) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the self-insurance funds provide coverage for up to a maximum of \$300,000 for each workers' compensation claim and \$250,000 for each general liability claim. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the funds and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the self-insurance funds based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

The fund establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The City has accrued for its anticipated liability with respect to claims filed and claims incurred but not reported to the City as of year-end. The accruals are in the amounts of \$2,497,000 and \$1,537,000 for the workers' compensation claims and general liability claims, respectively, for a total of \$4,034,000. Of these amounts, the current year's adjustment is an increase of \$1,367,000.

A reconciliation of changes in aggregate liabilities for claims for the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year is as follows:

	General Liability	Workers' Compensation	Total
Amounts of accrued claims at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,128,000	\$ 1,533,000	\$ 2,661,000
Incurred claims, representing the total of provision for events for the current fiscal year and any changes (increase or decrease) in the provision for events of prior fiscal years and adjustments to estimates.	34,486	487,176	521,662
Payments on claims attributable to events of both the current fiscal year and prior fiscal years.	(92,486)	(423,176)	(515,662)
Amount of accrued claims at June 30, 2022	1,070,000	1,597,000	2,667,000
Incurred claims, representing the total of provision for events for the current fiscal year and any changes (increase or decrease) in the provision for events of prior fiscal years and adjustments to estimates.	1,432,000	269,903	1,701,903
Payments on claims attributable to events of both the current fiscal year and prior fiscal years.	(5,000)	(329,903)	(334,903)
Amount of accrued claims at June 30, 2023	\$ 2,497,000	\$ 1,537,000	\$ 4,034,000

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill X1 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Moreno Valley that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 2012-04.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The City acts as the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency and accounts for its activities in a private purpose trust fund.

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments of the Successor Agency reported in the accompanying financial statements consisted of the following:

Cash and Investments	\$ 1,791,365
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	11,732
	\$ 1,803,097

The Successor Agency's cash and investments are pooled with the City's cash and investments in order to generate optimum interest income. The share of the pooled cash account is separately accounted for, and investment income is allocated to all participating funds based on the relationship of their average daily cash balances to the total of the pooled cash and investments. Information regarding the authorized types of deposits and investments, the type of risks (i.e. credit, interest rate, custodial, etc.) and other disclosures associated with the City's pooled cash and investments is reported in Note 3.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

Long-term Debt

A description of long-term debt outstanding of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2023, follows:

		Balance					Balance	D	ue Within
	J	uly 1, 2022	Additions	R	epayments	Ju	ne 30, 2023	C	ne Year
Fiduciary Activities									
City loans - Principal	\$	8,026,295	\$ -	\$	(595,140)	\$	7,431,155	\$	595,140
City loans - Interest		2,201,046	-		(167,860)		2,033,186		167,860
2017 Ref of the 2007 TABs, Series A		38,045,000	-		-		38,045,000		-
Unamortized premium		2,839,173	-		(167,011)		2,672,162		167,010
Totals	\$	51,111,514	\$ -	\$	(930,011)	\$	50,181,503	\$	930,010

Loans Payable to the City of Moreno Valley

The Towngate Regional Mall notes (Sears Note), totaling \$13,000,000, originated from a participation agreement (as amended) whereby the Agency acquired certain parcels within the mall for subsequent transfer to major tenants. The notes bear interest of 4.9% and are payable solely from available site-generated property tax increment. Furthermore, the Agency had covenanted to use reasonable best efforts to refinance these notes with Tax Allocation Bonds, provided such financing is determined to be fiscally feasible. During 2003-2004, the City purchased the rights to the notes from the holder.

In a letter dated May 26, 2012, the California Department of Finance approved this loan as an enforceable obligation. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal and accrued interest balances are \$7,431,155 and \$2,033,186, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

2017 Tax Allocation Bonds Series A

On September 13, 2017, the Successor Agency for the City of Moreno Valley issued bonds in the amount of \$38,045,000 for the purpose of paying off the remaining portion of the 2007 Moreno Valley Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bonds (\$40,855,000 as of August 1, 2017). These bonds are comprised of both serial and term bonds bearing interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%. With a final maturity of August 1, 2038 that bear a true interest cost of 3.057%. These bonds include an optional call provision beginning in 2027. The repayment of this debt will be financed through Tax Increment and has been approved by the California Department of Finance to be included in future Recognized Obligation Payment Schedules (ROPS) submitted by the Successor Agency. This transaction is a current refunding of the outstanding debt, and resulted in an economic gain of \$8 million and a net savings in debt service costs of \$9.2 million.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2017 Tax Allocation Bonds Series A outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

2017 Tax Allocation Bonds Series A

		00110071	
Year Ending			_
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ -	\$ 1,506,881	\$ 1,506,881
2025	-	1,506,881	1,506,881
2026	1,395,000	1,478,981	2,873,981
2027	2,045,000	1,399,956	3,444,956
2028	2,145,000	1,295,206	3,440,206
2029-2033	12,745,000	4,699,781	17,444,781
2034-2038	16,175,000	1,829,391	18,004,391
2039	3,540,000	55,313	3,595,313
Totals	\$ 38,045,000	\$ 13,772,390	\$ 51,817,390

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

Pledged Revenue

The former Redevelopment Agency pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low and Moderate Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low and Moderate Income Housing projects and to decease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill X1 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$51,817,390 with annual debt service requirements as indicated in the previous chart. For the current year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the Successor Agency for the payment of indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency was \$3,349,676 and the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$1,506,881.

a. Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of Moreno Valley's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 11.

b. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

At June 30, 2023, the Successor Agency was involved as a defendant in several lawsuits arising out of the ordinary conduct of its affairs. It is the opinion of management that settlements of these lawsuits, including losses for claims that are incurred but not reported, if any, will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Successor Agency.

Note 13 Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2023 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Such events were evaluated through January 17, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that no subsequent events occurred that requires recognition or additional disclosure in the financial statements.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Years*

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
4,630,703 \$ 4,122,713 11,785,648 12,457,642	\$ 3,836,160 \$ 12,991,903	4,154,188 \$ 13,608,182	4,096,701 \$ 14,018,703	4,224,541 \$ 14,940,039	4,421,787 \$ 15,737,260	4,706,624 \$ 16,516,203	4,410,902 16,903,144
(3,142,601)	- 201 07	11,559,898	(1,695,079)	- 000 440 0	. 00 440	- 45.00	8,512,485
(5,670,706) - (6,643,394)	(2,531,675) (7,199,811)	(300,190)	(2,163,560)	3,645,228 (9,381,500)	1,544,561 (9,934,145)	876,743 (10,633,661)	(4,439,439)
10,745,645 5,634,680	7,096,577	20,985,200	5,760,777	13,428,308	11,769,463	11,465,909	13,679,241
157,661,972 168,407,617 168,407,617 \$ 174,042,297	174,042,297 \$ 181,138,874 \$	181,138,874 202,124,074 \$	202,124,074 207,884,851 \$	207,884,851 221,313,159 \$	221,313,159 233,082,622 \$	233,082,622 244,548,531 \$	244,548,531 258,227,772
							Ī
4,620,745 \$ 4,923,787	\$ 5,086,125 \$	5,743,170 \$	6,385,610 \$	7,094,031 \$	7,971,246 \$	8,002,625 \$	9,026,559
1,934,518 1,688,857	1,705,426	1,676,844	1,721,640	1,710,075	1,801,643	1,414,837	1,659,557
16,911,034 2,629,698	639,392	13,032,362	11,053,578	9,301,132	7,444,800	35,531,661	(14,386,583)
(5,670,706) (6,643,394)	(7,199,811)	(7,770,872)	(8,495,988)	(9,381,500)	(9,934,145)	(10,633,661)	(11,707,851)
		(7,368)	(323)		•		
- (132,025)	(71,338)	(173,057)	(202, 130)	(69,759)	(209,231)	(155,326)	(118,141)
			(383,849)	323	-	-	
		12,501,079	10,078,538	8,624,302	7,074,313	34,160,136	(15,526,459)
		117,212,967	129,714,046	139,792,584	148,416,886	155,491,199	189,651,335
↔	↔	129,714,046 \$	139,792,584 \$	148,416,886 \$	155,491,199 \$	189,651,335 \$	174,124,876
53,821,367 \$ 56,989,124	\$ 63,925,907 \$	72,410,028 \$	68,092,267 \$	72,896,273 \$	77,591,423 \$	54,897,196 \$	84,102,896
68.04% 67.26%	64.71%	64.18%	67.25%	%90.79	66.71%	77.55%	67.43%
23,278,052 \$ 22,079,654	\$ 20,814,759 \$	20,793,815 \$	20,860,026 \$	21,783,847 \$	23,174,982 \$	24,680,774 \$	21,728,582
231.21%	307.12%	348.23%	326.42%	334.63%	334.81%	222.43%	387.06%
(5,670,706) 10,745,648 10,745,645 10,745,645 1934,618 1934,618 16,911,034 (5,670,706) 17,795,591 96,790,692 14,586,250 53,821,367 68,04% 68,04% 23,278,052 23,278,052 23,278,052 23,278,052 23,278,052 23,278,052	12,457, 12,457, (3,142, (1,153, 16,643, 168,407, 174,042, 2,629, (6,643, (1,12,546, 114,586, 114,586, 114,586, 114,586, 114,586, 114,586, 117,053, 11	12,425,410 (1,159,601) (1,159,601) (1,159,601) (1,159,601) (1,643,394) (1,199,617] 168,407,617 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 174,042,297 175,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,199,811) (1,198,811) (1,199,811) (1,198,811) (1,19	1,155,186 1,155,186 1,155,188 1,15	1,1559,886	12,457,642 1,559,103 1,1559,882 14,040,039 14,040,039 12,457,642 1,559,880 1,559,882 14,040,039 14,040,039 (6,43,384) (7,199,811) (7,708,572) (8,455,860) (3,451,200) 16,634,680 7,096,577 20,965,200 5,760,777 13,428,306 168,407,617 174,042,297 181,138,874 202,124,074 207,184,851 207,184,851 1,688,367 1,705,426 1,676,844 1,721,640 1,710,075 1,688,367 1,705,426 1,676,844 1,721,640 1,710,075 2,62,387 8,394,394 (7,199,811) (7,708,72) (8,495,988) (9,381,500) 1,17,053,173 117,053,173 117,053,173 117,053,173 117,053,173 117,053,173 117,053,173 67,26% 117,053,173 117,053,173 117,053,174 117,057 129,714,046 139,792,584 117,053,173 117,053,173 117,212,967 129,714,046 139,792,584 148,416,886 65,989,124 63,925,907 72,410,028	12,457,642 13,608,100 13,608,100 13,608,100 14,650,000 15,737,200 11,769,403 15,737,200 11,769,403 11,769,	1,152,61 1,159,60 1,150,61 1,150,61 1,150,61 1,150,60 1,150,61 1,150,60 1,150,61 1,150,60 1,150,61 1,150,60 1,150,61 1,150,60

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes - The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

Changes in assumption - Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return some the long-term. The discount rate used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount labilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. The accounting discount rate was 7.15% for measurement dates 2017 through 2021, 7.65% for measurement date 2016 for measurement date 2016.

^{*} Historical information is required only for measurement periods where GASB 68 is applicable.

Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions Last Ten Years*

					For the Fiscal Ye	For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30	0			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2021	2022	2023
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 4,616,283	\$ 4,919,325	\$ 5,081,663	\$ 5,738,708	\$ 6,385,610	\$ 7,094,031	\$ 7,971,246	\$ 8,002,625	\$ 9,026,559	\$ 10,257,840
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(4,620,745)	(4,923,787)	(5,086,125)	(5,743,170)	(6,385,610)	(7,094,031)	(7,971,246)	(8,002,625)	(9,026,559)	(10,257,840)
Contribution deficiency / (excess)	\$ (4,462) \$ (4,462)	\$ (4,462)	\$ (4,462)	\$ (4,462)	- \$	•	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$
Covered payroll	\$ 23,278,052	\$ 22,079,654	\$ 20,814,759	\$ 20,793,815	\$ 20,860,026	\$ 21,783,847	\$ 23,174,982	\$ 24,680,774	\$ 21,728,582	\$ 24,344,624
Contributions as a percentage of covered payrol	19.85%	22.30%	24.44%	27.62%	30.61%	32.57%	34.40%	32.42%	41.54%	42.14%

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-23 were derived from the June 30, 2021 funding valuation report.

Entry Age Normal For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report. Fair Value Actuarial cost method

6.90%
2.5%
Varies by Entry Age and Service
The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CaIPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.
Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. Amortzation method / Period Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions: Discount rate Inflation Salary increases Mortality rate table

^{*} Historical information is required only for measurement periods where GASB 68 is applicable.

City of Moreno Valley, California Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Years*

	l					Measuremen	Measurement Period ended June 30	e 30		
	·	June 30, 2017	-	June 30, 2018	ָ ד	June 30, 2018 ¹	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Total OPEB Liability Service cost	↔	397,604	↔	409,532	49	<i>₽</i>	360,905	459,956 \$	441,404 \$	453,543
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,103,301		1,149,342		•	1,212,957	1,178,040	1,250,876	1,272,484
Differences between expected and actual experience		•				135,598	(200,112)	475,121	(352,233)	(1,910,420)
Changes of Assumptions		•		•		(854,050)	1,961,763	109,418	29,971	438,727
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(977,892)		(700,673)		26,466	(689,589)	(718,916)	(764,294)	(1,054,058)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		•	ļ	(285,661)		•	(295,036)	(302,476)	(261,323)	(258,562)
Net change in total OPEB liability		523,013		572,540		(691,986)	2,350,888	1,201,143	344,401	(1,058,286)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	ļ	16,389,328	-	16,912,341	•	- 1	- 1	19,143,783	. ا ـ .	
Total OPEB liability - end of year (a)	₩	16,912,341	₽	17,484,881	>>	16,792,895 \$	19,143,783 \$	20,344,926	\$ 728,689,327	19,631,041
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Net investment income	↔	1,450,417	8	423,688	69	(72,538) \$	670,718 \$	421,628 \$	3,309,203 \$	(2,206,130)
Contributions - employer		1,116,747		642,216			661,483	631,564	1,576,755	1,747,036
Employer - implicit subsidy		•		285,661			295,036	302,476	261,323	258,562
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(977,892)		(700,673)		26,466	(689,589)	(718,916)	(764,294)	(1,054,058)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		•		(285,661)			(295,036)	(302,476)	(261,323)	(258,562)
Administrative expenses		(4,601)		(5,244)		(99)	(2,350)	(2,640)	(4,560)	(4,116)
Other Miscellaneous Income/ (Expense)	ļ	•		•		•	(10,898)	0	0	0
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,584,671		359,987		(46,138)	629,364	328,636	4,117,104	(1,517,268)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	I,	8,440,888	ļ	10,025,559	ļ	1	1	10,968,772	1	
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	∭ ഗ	10,025,559	₩	10,385,546	₩	10,339,408 \$	10,968,772 \$	11,297,408 \$	15,414,512 \$	13,897,244
Net OPEB liability - end of year (a)-(b)	↔	6,886,782	↔	7,099,335	↔	6,453,487 \$	8,175,011 \$	9,047,518 \$	5,274,815 \$	5,733,797
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	I	29.3%	I	59.4%		61.6%	57.3%	55.5%	74.5%	70.8%
Covered - employee payroll	↔	21,269,539	↔	20,129,158	€	20,682,710 \$	24,421,260 \$	21,287,842 \$	23,236,495 \$	24,579,873
Net OPEB liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	II.	32.4%	I	35.3%	I	31.2%	33.5%	42.5%	22.7%	23.3%
N - 4 - 5 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4										

Notes to Schedule:

¹ A one time change to the valuation approach was made to bring the census date in line with the measurement date, and to set the report date one year ahead of the fiscal year.

* Historical information is required only for measurement periods where GASB 75 is applicable. The City adopted GASB 75 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

Schedule of Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Years*

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Actuarially determined contributions	↔	642,132	s	659,902	s		s	908,656	S	1,114,937	()	1,367,308	s
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(1,116,747)		(927,877)		(956,519)		(934,040)		(1,838,078)		(2,005,598)	
Contribution deficiency / (excess)	s	(474,615)	s	(267,975)	s	(956,519)	s	(25,384)	\$	(723,141)	s	(638,290)	s
Covered-employee payroll	\$	21,269,539	\$	20,682,710	\$	24,421,260	\$	21,287,842	\$	23,236,495	\$	\$ 24,579,873	\$
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.3%		4.5%		3.9%		4.4%		7.9%		8.2%	

2023 1,405,197 (1,367,308) 37,889 6.1%

22,296,347

Entry age normal cost, level percent of pay Closed period, level percent of pay 20 years 6.00% 2.30% 2.80% 6.50%, trending down to 4.04% 6.00% CalPERS rates CalPERS rates

Assumed Payroll Growth Healthcare trend rates Rate of retum on assets Mortality rate Retirement rates

Assumptions and Methods
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Amortization period
Discount rate
Elifiation

Notes to Schedule:

City of Moreno Valley, California Schedule of Investment Returns - OPEB Last Ten Years*

Fiscal Year Ended Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2021 June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023	3.86% 28.28%
Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2020	6.72%
Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2019	-0.70%
Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2018	10.24%
Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2017	9.77%
		Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense

Notes: The annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses, is the net investment income for the year divided by the average net position for the year (less investment expenses).

* Historical information is required only for measurement periods where GASB 75 is applicable. The City adopted GASB 75 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

CITY OF MORENO VALLEY AND IN LANGUAGE AND A LENGUAGE COMPREHENSIVE COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Supplemental Section

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT SERVICES
D E P A R T M E N T

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:

State Gasoline Tax Fund

This fund is used to account for the City's share of state gas tax revenue restricted for street improvement and maintenance. The revenue is apportioned under the Streets and Highway Code of the State of California.

Measure A Fund

This fund is used to account for the City's share of the Riverside County half-cent sales tax restricted for transportation projects.

Air Quality Management Fund

This fund is used to account for the City's share of the State AB 2766 funds. The revenue is apportioned to cities by the South Coast Air Quality Management District and is restricted for programs to reduce air pollution from mobile sources pursuant to the California Clean Air Act of 1988.

Special Districts Administration Fund

This fund is used to account for the coordination and administration of all special financing districts formed to finance the construction of public infrastructure improvements and/or fund the operation and maintenance of public improvements and administered by the City or CSD.

Storm Water Maintenance Fund

This fund is used to ensure the safety and cleanliness of our City streets and the City's maintained storm drain system by providing for routine street sweeping, cleaning of all catch basins, connector pipes and culverts on an annual basis, and by providing emergency services, as needed.

Storm Water Management Fund

This fund is used to account for the city-wide storm water and non-storm water pollution prevention work conducted to comply with regulations set forth by the Federal Clean Water Act and State Water Resources Control Board.

CFD No. 4-M Fund

This fund is used to account for the maintenance and administration costs of the detention basin within Centerpointe Business Park.

Public Education Government Access Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures received in support of the City's cable television channel, MVTV-3. This fund also includes activity related to public education and government programming and equipment.

Civil Penalties Fund

This fund is used to account for all financial transactions involving civil penalties received by the City in accordance with the provisions of SB 1137, which requires legal owners of vacant properties to maintain and care for them.

Emergency Services Agency Fines Fund

This fund is used to account for the financial transactions involving American Medical Response (AMR) fines received by the City, which are to be used only to fund the purchase of various equipment needed by the Fire Department.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED):

Energy Efficiency Revolving Fund

This fund is used to account for cost-effective energy efficiency programs and projects with the use of utility rebates and incentives.

General Plan Amendments Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to support future General Plan Amendments.

Quimby In-Lieu Park Fees Fund

This fund is used to account for residential development fees in lieu of land dedication. In accordance with the Quimby Act, a 1965 provision in the State Subdivision Map Act for the dedication of park land. This revenue may be used for the development of parks and recreation facilities, including land acquisition, park improvements and rehabilitation of existing parks and facilities.

Recycling Programs Fund

This fund is used to capture administrative funds collected from Waste Management, covering the transportation, recycling, composting, and disposal of Solid Waste, Recyclables, Green Waste, Organic Waste, and Special Waste. It also addresses unfunded mandates imposed by the State and supports the enhancement of existing solid waste programs.

CFD No. 2014-01 Fund

This fund is used to account for the maintenance and administrative services related to public landscape maintenance and street lighting, streets, and drainage for developments that have annexed into the special financing district.

Child Care Grant Fund

This fund is used to account for the Child Care grant program which provides valuable, subsidized, after-school day care services for qualifying City residents year-round. Nutritious meals and snacks are served to the children, and partially reimbursed to the City through participation in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP).

ASES Program Grant Fund

This fund is used to account for state-funded After School Education & Safety (ASES) program grants which provide expanded learning opportunities in an after-school setting, at no cost. Services are provided to participants from kindergarten through eighth grade. Children are also served a nutritious snack daily.

Used Oil Recycling Grant Fund

This fund is used to account for the California Integrated Waste Management Board Used Oil Block Grant. The program provides public education and support for convenient used oil collection sites.

Other Grants Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures received from various governmental agencies and other sources for multiple purposes including beverage recycling, energy efficiency, and animal services programs.

Capital Projects Grants Fund

This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by grants.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED):

Law Enforcement Grants Fund

This fund is used to account for revenue from several grants restricted for law enforcement. The grants include the Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund (SLESF), Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG), and Law Enforcement Grant.

HOME Fund

This fund is used to account for federal funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to be used to develop and implement programs that expand the supply of affordable housing for low and very low income families.

Neighborhood Stabilization Grant Program Fund

This fund is used to account for the grant allocation received by the City from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to address the foreclosure crisis and implement a neighborhood stabilization program (NSP) aimed at assisting low-to-moderate income households, while targeting the areas of the City most affected by the foreclosures.

Community Development Block Grant Fund

This fund is used to account for federal funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development – Community Development Block Grant Program to be used for the development of suitable housing environment and expansion of economic opportunities for low and moderate income families.

Emergency Solutions Grant Fund

This fund is used to account for federal funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to be used to assist, protect, and improve living conditions for the homeless and to provide homeless prevention services for low-income families.

American Rescue Plan

This fund is used to account for the U.S. Department of the Treasury's allocation of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF) as established by the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2021.

Article 3 Transportation Fund

This fund is used to account for the City's share of Article 3 revenue restricted for construction of pedestrian and bikeway projects.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS:

Facility Construction Fund

This fund is used to account for City facility related capital projects.

TUMF Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for transportation capital projects funded by the City's share of the Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) which is a mandatory development impact fee program in Western Riverside County. This program, enacted by a two-thirds majority of voters in 2002, was designed to pay for major roads and interchange projects that are needed to serve communities as a result of new development. The Western Riverside Council of Governments (WRCOG) administers the program

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (CONTINUED):

Traffic Signal Mitigation Fund

This fund is used to account for traffic signal projects funded by revenues received from traffic mitigation fees.

Parks and Community Services Development and Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for parks acquisition and development projects, including general parks and recreation capital projects, the development of new parks and recreation facilities, community parks, neighborhood parks and sports facilities and for the major renovation of existing parks and facilities.

DIF Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for construction of capital improvements by the development impact fee (DIF) revenues.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS:

2013 Refunding of 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and for the payment of the refinancing of the 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds.

2014 Refunding of 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and for the payment of the refinancing of the 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds.

2020 Refunding of TRIP COP 13A

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and for the payment of the refinancing of the 2013 TRIP Certificates of Participation.

2011 Private Placement Refunding 97 Lease Revenue Bonds

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and for the payment of the refinancing of the 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds.

PERMANENT FUNDS:

Celebration Park Endowment Fund

This fund is used to account for the endowment program for Celebration Park. The principal endowment amount was provided by a developer. The Parks and Community Services Department may use 85% of the interest earned to sponsor a community event/activity at Celebration Park for the surrounding community to enhance community pride and involvement.

Equestrian Trail Endowment Fund

This fund is used to account for the endowment program for the Equestrian Trail. The principal endowment amount was provided by a developer. The interest earned will be used for the benefit of citywide trail use, maintenance, education and other trail-related costs.

Rockridge Park Endowment Fund

This fund is used to account for the endowment program provided for Rockridge Park. The principal endowment was provided by a developer. The interest earned will be used to provide recreational opportunities to the surrounding development areas.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

PERMANENT FUNDS (CONTINUED):

NPDES Endowment Fund

This fund is used to account for the endowment program provided for property owners to facilitate compliance with regulations set forth by the Federal Clean Water Act and State Water Resources Control Board. The principal endowment was provided by a property owner. The interest earned will be used for the benefit of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program.

Cultural Preservation Fund

This fund is used to account for funds held and managed for the purposes of securing a museum location or renovating a building for use as a museum. The interest earned will be used for the benefit of museum facility acquisition.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	STA	TE GASOLINE TAX	N	ΛΕASURE A		R QUALITY NAGEMENT		IAL DISTRICTS
Assets								
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$	8,006,853	\$	11,120,732	\$	281,858	\$	2,655,532
Prepaid		-		-		-		1,646
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		1,283,730		1,166,568		69,840		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	9,290,583	\$	12,287,300	\$	351,698	\$	2,657,178
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	2,833,451	\$	3,742,078	\$	18,634	\$	838
Accrued liabilities		-	•	-	•	-	•	-
Due to other funds (note 7)		_		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		_		_		_		_
Total Liabilities		2,833,451		3,742,078		18,634		838
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		_		_		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		_		_		-		1,646
Permanent fund principal		_		_		-		-,
Restricted								
Community development projects		_		_		_		_
Public safety		_		_		_		_
Public works		6,457,132		8,545,222		333,064		2,654,694
Capital projects		-		-		-		-,
Water quality		_		-		-		-
Debt service		_		-		-		-
Endowment		_		_		-		_
Committed								
Library development		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		_		_		_		_
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		6,457,132		8,545,222		333,064		2,656,340
		-,,	-			,		_,
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	9,290,583	\$	12,287,300	\$	351,698	\$	2,657,178

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		RM WATER		ORM WATER	CF	D No. 4-M	GO'	C EDUCATION /ERNMENT ACCESS
Assets Realed each and investments (note 2)	خ	00.766	\$	2 271 500	ė	110 927	ċ	621 619
Property Pro	\$	90,766	Þ	2,271,599	\$	110,837	\$	631,618
Prepaid Accounts		-		-		-		10,584
Interest		-		_		_		10,364
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		23,321		269,836		5,260		
Restricted assets:		25,521		203,030		3,200		
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)		_		_		_		_
Total Assets	Ś	114,087	\$	2,541,435	\$	116,097	\$	642,202
101417133013	<u>*</u>	114,007	<u> </u>	2,542,455	<u>*</u>	110,037	<u>*</u>	0-12,202
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	18,126	\$	66,137	\$	3,730	\$	51,700
Accrued liabilities	·	, -	•	, -	·	, -	•	· -
Due to other funds (note 7)		-		-		-		_
Unearned revenues		-		-		_		_
Total Liabilities		18,126		66,137		3,730		51,700
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues								-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Palances (Deficits)								
Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonspendable								
Prepaids				_		_		_
Permanent fund principal		_				_		
Restricted								
Community development projects		_		_		_		590,502
Public safety		_		_		_		-
Public works		95,961		_		112,367		_
Capital projects		-		-		,		_
Water quality		-		2,475,298		_		_
Debt service		-		-		_		_
Endowment		-		-		-		-
Committed								
Library development		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		95,961		2,475,298		112,367		590,502
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	114,087	\$	2,541,435	\$	116,097	\$	642,202

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	CIVIL PENALTIES	TERGENCY ICES AGENCY FINES	GY EFFICIENCY EVOLVING	IERAL PLAN ENDMENTS
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$ -	\$ 415,643	\$ 149,434	\$ 384,185
Prepaid	-	-	-	-
Accounts	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Notes and loans (note 4)	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	203,401	-	-
Restricted assets:				
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)		 -	 _	
Total Assets	\$ -	\$ 619,044	\$ 149,434	\$ 384,185
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 14,365	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds (note 7)	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	 14,365	-	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenues	-	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances (Deficits)				
Nonspendable				
Prepaids	-	-	-	-
Permanent fund principal	-	-	-	-
Restricted				
Community development projects	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	604,679	-	-
Public works	-	-	149,434	384,185
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Water quality	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Endowment	-	-	-	-
Committed				
Library development	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		 -	-	 -
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		 604,679	 149,434	 384,185
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ -	\$ 619,044	\$ 149,434	\$ 384,185

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		IMBY IN-LIEU PARK FEES		CYCLING DGRAMS	CFD	No. 2014-01	CHILD	CARE GRANT
Assets								
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$	2,810,150	\$	6,146	\$	1,026,342	\$	40,276
Prepaid		-		-		-		1,471
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		13,414		43,055
Restricted assets:								
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	2,810,150	\$	6,146	\$	1,039,756	\$	84,802
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	6,146	\$	8,932	\$	6,711
Accrued liabilities	•	_	•	-	·	-	•	40,276
Due to other funds (note 7)		_		_		_		29,522
Unearned revenues		_		_		_		,
Total Liabilities		-		6,146		8,932		76,509
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		-		_		-		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				-				
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		-		-		_		1,471
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		-
Restricted								
Community development projects		2,810,150		-		-		6,822
Public safety		-		_		-		· -
Public works		-		_		1,030,824		_
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Water quality		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		_
Endowment		-		-		-		-
Committed								
Library development		_		-		-		-
Unassigned		_		-		-		_
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		2,810,150		-		1,030,824		8,293
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	2,810,150	\$	6,146	\$	1,039,756	\$	84,802

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		PROGRAM GRANT		SED OIL LING GRANT	ОТІ	HER GRANTS	САР	ITAL PROJECTS GRANTS
Assets	<u> </u>			_		_		_
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$	-	\$	22,482	\$	30,422	\$	-
Prepaid		-		-		6,719		-
Accounts		-		-		8,799		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		717,081		-		1,233,165		10,740,076
Restricted assets:								
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)								-
Total Assets	\$	717,081	\$	22,482	\$	1,279,105	\$	10,740,076
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	3,552	\$	-	\$	325,479	\$	3,123,767
Accrued liabilities	'	-	•	_	•	-		-, -, -
Due to other funds (note 7)		683,720		_		227,391		8,102,707
Unearned revenues		-		22,482		733,417		-
Total Liabilities	-	687,272		22,482		1,286,287		11,226,474
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		_		_		_		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	<u>-</u>						<u>_</u>
Total Deletted lilliows of Resources	-							
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		-		-		6,719		-
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		-
Restricted								
Community development projects		29,809		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Water quality		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Endowment		-		-		-		-
Committed								
Library development		-		-		-		-
Unassigned						(13,901)		(486,398)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		29,809				(7,182)		(486,398)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	717,081	\$	22,482	\$	1,279,105	\$	10,740,076

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		LAW ORCEMENT GRANTS		НОМЕ		GHBORHOOD ABILIZATION GRANT	DE	OMMUNITY VELOPMENT OCK GRANT
Assets								
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$	54,011	\$	320,065	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		641,738		99,390		-
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		7,674,493		9,514,326		-
Due from other governments		46,197		238,929		-		1,611,184
Restricted assets:								
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)	_	-	_		_			-
Total Assets	\$	100,208	\$	8,875,225	\$	9,613,716	\$	1,611,184
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	54,011	\$	65,761	\$	_	\$	126,516
Accrued liabilities	*		*	-	*	_	•	
Due to other funds (note 7)		46,197		-		_		1,236,872
Unearned revenues		, -		_		_		-
Total Liabilities	-	100,208		65,761		-		1,363,388
						·		_
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues	-			3,014,103		9,613,716		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-		3,014,103		9,613,716		
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		-		-		-		-
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		-
Restricted								
Community development projects		-		5,795,361		-		247,796
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Water quality		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Endowment		-		-		-		-
Committed								
Library development		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)				5,795,361				247,796
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	100,208	\$	8,875,225	\$	9,613,716	\$	1,611,184

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Special Revenue Funds

Capital Projects Fund

		MERGENCY TIONS GRANT	AMER	RICAN RESCUE PLAN		RTICLE 3 PORTATION	co	FACILITY INSTRUCTION
Assets								
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,005	\$	23,646,536
Prepaid		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		2,060		-		-
Interest		-		18,785		-		-
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		103,344		-		-		3,493,500
Restricted assets:								
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)							-	-
Total Assets	\$	103,344	\$	20,845	\$	6,005	\$	27,140,036
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	44,256	\$	_	\$	_	\$	232,194
Accrued liabilities	·	, -	•	_	·	_	•	-
Due to other funds (note 7)		59,088		20,845		_		-
Unearned revenues		, -		, -		_		-
Total Liabilities		103,344		20,845				232,194
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		_		_		_		3,493,500
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-				3,493,500
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		_		_		_		_
Permanent fund principal		_		_		_		_
Restricted								
Community development projects		_		_		_		_
Public safety		_		_		_		-
Public works		_		_		6,005		-
Capital projects		_		_		-		15,646,342
Water quality		_		_		_		
Debt service		_		_		_		-
Endowment		_		_		_		-
Committed								
Library development		-		-		_		7,768,000
Unassigned		-		_		_		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		-		-		6,005		23,414,342
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	103,344	\$	20,845	\$	6,005	\$	27,140,036

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects Funds							
			TUMF CAPITAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL PROJECTS MITIGATION		PARKS AND COMMUNITY SERVICES DEVELOPMENT AND CAPITAL PROJECTS		DIF CAPITAL PROJECTS	
Assets						0 -00 00-		
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$	-	\$	3,499,824	\$	3,520,995	\$	1,417,632
Prepaid		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		3,634,144		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)								
Total Assets	\$	3,634,144	\$	3,499,824	\$	3,520,995	\$	1,417,632
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	1,049,214	\$	_	\$	49,022	\$	37,871
Accrued liabilities	,	-,,	*	_	•	-	т.	-
Due to other funds (note 7)		2,749,136		_		_		_
Unearned revenues		-		_		_		_
Total Liabilities		3,798,350		-		49,022		37,871
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		3,377,800		_		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-		_				-
							-	
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		-		-		-		-
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		-
Restricted								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		3,499,824		3,471,973		1,379,761
Water quality		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Endowment		-		-		-		-
Committed								
Library development		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(3,542,006)		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		(3,542,006)		3,499,824		3,471,973		1,379,761
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	3,634,144	\$	3,499,824	\$	3,520,995	\$	1,417,632

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Debt Service Funds

	2013 REF OF 2005 REVENUE	LEASE	OF	REFUNDING 2005 LEASE ENUE BONDS		REFUNDING RIP COP 13A	PLACE RI 97 LEASE	PRIVATE EFUNDING REVENUE NDS
Assets	.		<u>,</u>	6 040 204	<u> </u>	4.064	.	
Property Property (note 3)	\$	-	\$	6,018,301	\$	4,861	\$	-
Prepaid		-		-		206,442		-
Accounts Interest		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		-		_		-
Due from other governments		_		_		_		_
Restricted assets:		_		_		_		_
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)				2,321		3,871		_
Total Assets	\$		\$	6,020,622	\$	215,174	\$	
Total Assets	3		3	6,020,022	3	215,174	3	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	Ÿ	_	Y	_	Y	_	Y	_
Due to other funds (note 7)		_		_		_		_
Unearned revenues		_		_		_		_
Total Liabilities								
Total Elabilities			-		-			
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		_		-
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		-		-		206,442		-
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		-
Restricted								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Water quality		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		6,020,622		8,732		-
Endowment		-		-		-		-
Committed								
Library development		-		-		-		-
Unassigned				-				
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)				6,020,622		215,174		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	-	\$	6,020,622	\$	215,174	\$	-

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Permanent Funds

	-	ATION PARK	•	STRIAN TRAIL		KRIDGE PARK DOWMENT		NPDES DOWMENT
Assets	.	F2 47F	<u> </u>	44.022	.	442.425	Ś	22 202
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$	52,475	\$	11,823	\$	113,135	\$	33,392
Prepaid		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)		-						-
Total Assets	\$	52,475	\$	11,823	\$	113,135	\$	33,392
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds (note 7)		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			-	-			-	
Total Deferred lilliows of Resources		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		-		-		-		-
Permanent fund principal		49,050		10,000		100,000		14,506
Restricted								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Water quality		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Endowment		3,425		1,823		13,135		18,886
Committed								
Library development		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		52,475		11,823		113,135		33,392
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	52,475	\$	11,823	\$	113,135	\$	33,392

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Permanent Funds

	PF	CULTURAL RESERVATION	_	AL NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL FUNDS
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments (note 3)	\$	128,850	\$	68,882,780
Prepaid		-		216,278
Accounts		-		21,443
Interest		-		759,913
Notes and loans (note 4)		-		17,188,819
Due from other governments		-		24,896,045
Restricted assets:				
Cash with fiscal agents (note 3)		-		6,192
Total Assets	\$	128,850	\$	111,971,470
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	11,882,491
Accrued liabilities	*	_	,	40,276
Due to other funds (note 7)		_		13,155,478
Unearned revenues		_		755,899
Total Liabilities		-		25,834,144
- 6 6				
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenues				19,499,119
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		19,499,119
Fund Balances (Deficits)				
Nonspendable				
Prepaids		-		216,278
Permanent fund principal		114,542		288,098
Restricted				
Community development projects		-		9,480,440
Public safety		-		604,679
Public works		-		19,768,888
Capital projects		-		23,997,900
Water quality		-		2,475,298
Debt service		-		6,029,354
Endowment		14,308		51,577
Committed				
Library development		-		7,768,000
Unassigned		=		(4,042,305)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		128,850		66,638,207
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	128,850	\$	111,971,470

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	STATE GASOLINE		AIR QUALITY	SPECIAL DISTRICTS
	TAX	MEASURE A	MANAGEMENT	ADMINISTRATION
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	9,963,561	6,639,058	270,648	-
Fees and charges for services	2,375	-	-	843,634
Use of money and property	-	149,203	4,348	37,337
Miscellaneous			-	
Total Revenues	9,965,936	6,788,261	274,996	880,971
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community and economic development	-	-	-	-
Community and cultural	-	-	-	-
Public works	3,694,995	1,779,701	212,945	605,515
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	12,059,237	4,090,250	40,691	-
Total Expenditures	15,754,232	5,869,951	253,636	605,515
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,788,296)	918,310	21,360	275,456
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (note 7)	-	-	-	-
Transfers out (note 7)	(50,000)	(1,463,800)	-	-
Transfers from Successor Agency	-	-	-	-
SBITA acquisition	-	-	-	=
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	(50,000)	(1,463,800)		
Net change in fund balances	(5,838,296)	(545,490)	21,360	275,456
Fund balances - Beginning of Year	12,295,428	9,090,712	311,704	2,380,884
Fund balances - End of Year	\$ 6,457,132	\$ 8,545,222	\$ 333,064	\$ 2,656,340

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Revenues 265,661 1,187,387 66,500 392,192	STORM WATI MAINTENANG		STORM WATER MANAGEMENT	CFD No. 4-M	PUBLIC EDUCATION GOVERNMENT ACCESS	
Other taxes S	Revenues					
Transfers out (note 7)	Taxes:					
Sees and charges for services 265,661 1,187,387 65,239 1,261	Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Use of money and property	Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous		265,661	1,187,387	65,239	-	
Total Revenues 265,661 1,187,387 66,500 392,192	Use of money and property	-	-	1,261	-	
Expenditures Current: General government - - - - 661,345	Miscellaneous			-	392,192	
Current: General government 661,349 Public safety 661,349 Public safety 661,349 Public safety 661,349 Community and economic development	Total Revenues	265,661	1,187,387	66,500	392,192	
General government - - - 661,345 Public safety - - - - Community and economic development - - - - Community and cultural - - - - Public works 519,584 629,984 37,246 - Debt service: - - - - Principal retirement - - - - Interest and fiscal charges - - - - Capital outlay - - - - - Total Expenditures 519,584 629,984 37,246 661,345 661,345 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (253,923) 557,403 29,254 (269,157 Transfers in (note 7) 50,000 33,171 - - - Transfers out (note 7) - - - - - - Transfers from Successor Agency - -	Expenditures					
Public safety	Current:					
Community and economic development - - - Community and cultural - - - Public works 519,584 629,984 37,246 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - Interest and fiscal charges - - - - Capital outlay - <	General government	-	-	-	661,349	
Community and cultural Public works 5 19,584 629,984 37,246 Debt service: Principal retirement	Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Public works 519,584 629,984 37,246 Debt service: Principal retirement -	Community and economic development	-	-	-	-	
Debt service: Principal retirement - <t< td=""><td>Community and cultural</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Community and cultural	-	-	-	-	
Principal retirement - - - Interest and fiscal charges - - - Capital outlay - - - Total Expenditures 519,584 629,984 37,246 661,348 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (253,923) 557,403 29,254 (269,157) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (note 7) 50,000 33,171 - - Transfers from Successor Agency - - - - - SBITA acquisition - - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 33,171 - </td <td>Public works</td> <td>519,584</td> <td>629,984</td> <td>37,246</td> <td>-</td>	Public works	519,584	629,984	37,246	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	Debt service:					
Capital outlay	Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures 519,584 629,984 37,246 661,345 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (253,923) 557,403 29,254 (269,157) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (note 7) 50,000 33,171 - - Transfers out (note 7) - - - - - Transfers from Successor Agency -<	Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (253,923) 557,403 29,254 (269,157) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (note 7) Transfers out (note 7) Transfers from Successor Agency SBITA acquisition Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113	Capital outlay					
Over (Under) Expenditures (253,923) 557,403 29,254 (269,157) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (note 7) 50,000 33,171 - Transfers out (note 7) - - - Transfers from Successor Agency - - - SBITA acquisition - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 33,171 - Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,655	Total Expenditures	519,584	629,984	37,246	661,349	
Over (Under) Expenditures (253,923) 557,403 29,254 (269,157) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (note 7) 50,000 33,171 - Transfers out (note 7) - - - Transfers from Successor Agency - - - SBITA acquisition - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 33,171 - Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,655	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Transfers in (note 7) 50,000 33,171 - Transfers out (note 7) - - - Transfers from Successor Agency - - - SBITA acquisition - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 33,171 - Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,659		(253,923)	557,403	29,254	(269,157)	
Transfers in (note 7) 50,000 33,171 - Transfers out (note 7) - - - Transfers from Successor Agency - - - SBITA acquisition - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 33,171 - Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,655	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out (note 7) - - - Transfers from Successor Agency - - - SBITA acquisition - - - Total Other Financing Sources 50,000 33,171 - Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,655		50,000	33,171	-	-	
SBITA acquisition -		-	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 33,171 - Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,655	Transfers from Successor Agency	-	-	-	-	
(Uses) 50,000 33,171 - Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,655	SBITA acquisition	-	-	-	-	
Net change in fund balances (203,923) 590,574 29,254 (269,157) Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,659	Total Other Financing Sources					
Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,659	(Uses)	50,000	33,171			
Fund balances - Beginning of Year 299,884 1,884,724 83,113 859,659	Net change in fund balances	(203,923)	590,574	29,254	(269,157)	
	•	, , ,	•	•	859,659	
Fund balances - End of Year \$ 95,961 \$ 2,475,298 \$ 112,367 \$ 590,502	Fund balances - End of Year	\$ 95,961	\$ 2,475,298	\$ 112,367	\$ 590,502	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	EMERGENCY SERVICES AGENCY		ENERGY EFFICIENCY	GENERAL PLAN	
	CIVIL PENALTIES	FINES	REVOLVING	AMENDMENTS	
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	-	203,401	-	-	
Fees and charges for services	-	-	-	-	
Use of money and property	-	10,658	-	-	
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>			
Total Revenues		214,059			
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	224	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	31,883	-	-	
Community and economic development	-	-	-	17,601	
Community and cultural	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay					
Total Expenditures	224	31,883		17,601	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(224)	182,176		(17,601)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in (note 7)	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out (note 7)	-	-	-	-	
Transfers from Successor Agency	-	-	-	-	
SBITA acquisition		<u> </u>			
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)					
Net change in fund balances	(224)	182,176	-	(17,601)	
Fund balances - Beginning of Year	224	422,503	149,434	401,786	
Fund balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 604,679	\$ 149,434	\$ 384,185	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	QUIMBY IN-LIEU RECYCLI PARK FEES PROGRA		CFD No. 2014-01	CHILD CARE GRANT	
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 384,941	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	841,522	
Fees and charges for services	1,925,531	-	29,640	=	
Use of money and property	12,348	-	-	=	
Miscellaneous			<u> </u>		
Total Revenues	1,937,879	<u> </u>	414,581	841,522	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	=	
Community and economic development	-	-	-	=	
Community and cultural	-	-	-	841,522	
Public works	-	-	217,212	-	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay					
Total Expenditures			217,212	841,522	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,937,879		197,369		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in (note 7)	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out (note 7)	(168,351)	-	(10,665)	-	
Transfers from Successor Agency	-	-	-	-	
SBITA acquisition					
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)	(168,351)		(10,665)		
Net change in fund balances	1,769,528	-	186,704	-	
Fund balances - Beginning of Year	1,040,622	=	844,120	8,293	
Fund balances - End of Year	\$ 2,810,150	\$ -	\$ 1,030,824	\$ 8,293	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

ASES PROGRAM GRANT			SED OIL	OTHER GRANTS		CAPITAL PROJECTS GRANTS	
Revenues							
Taxes:							
Other taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental	9,3	374,940	27,953		2,907,269		10,350,027
Fees and charges for services		-	-		-		-
Use of money and property		-	-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-	 				
Total Revenues	9,3	374,940	 27,953		2,907,269		10,350,027
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		-	-		1,361,384		-
Public safety		-	-		74,855		-
Community and economic development		-	-		150,825		-
Community and cultural	9,3	374,940	-		121,906		-
Public works		-	27,953		14,848		-
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-	-		27,583		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay		-	-		1,183,452		9,757,926
Total Expenditures	9,3	374,940	 27,953		2,934,853		9,757,926
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures			 		(27,584)		592,101
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in (note 7)		_	_		-		-
Transfers out (note 7)		_	_		(692,878)		-
Transfers from Successor Agency		_	_		-		-
SBITA acquisition		_	_		27,583		-
Total Other Financing Sources			_		<u> </u>		
(Uses)			 		(665,295)		
Net change in fund balances		_	_		(692,879)		592,101
Fund balances - Beginning of Year		29,809	_		685,697		(1,078,499)
Fund balances - End of Year	\$	29,809	\$ 	\$	(7,182)	\$	(486,398)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	LAW		NEIGHBORHOOD	COMMUNITY	
	ENFORCEMENT		STABILIZATION	DEVELOPMENT	
	GRANTS	HOME	GRANT	BLOCK GRANT	
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	571,055	296,162	2,586	3,909,519	
Fees and charges for services	-	-	-	-	
Use of money and property	-	83,672	-	-	
Miscellaneous		690			
Total Revenues	571,055	380,524	2,586	3,909,519	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	532,837	-	-	40,878	
Community and economic development	38,218	373,230	2,586	765,527	
Community and cultural	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay				3,015,626	
Total Expenditures	571,055	373,230	2,586	3,822,031	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		7,294		87,488	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in (note 7)	-	-	-	7,576	
Transfers out (note 7)	-	-	(7,576)	· -	
Transfers from Successor Agency	-	-	-	-	
SBITA acquisition	-	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)			(7,576)	7,576	
Net change in fund balances	-	7,294	(7,576)	95,064	
Fund balances - Beginning of Year	-	5,788,067	7,576	152,732	
Fund balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 5,795,361	\$ -	\$ 247,796	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Fund	s	Capital Projects Fund
_	EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS GRANT	AMERICAN RESCUE	ARTICLE 3 TRANSPORTATION	FACILITY CONSTRUCTION
Revenues				
Taxes:		A		
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	463,726	24,177,658	342,619	7.053.170
Fees and charges for services	·	207.750	-	7,053,178
Use of money and property Miscellaneous	-	297,750	-	-
Total Revenues	463,726	24,475,408	342,619	7,053,178
Total Nevenues	403,720	24,473,408	342,013	7,033,178
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		176,286	-	_
Public safety		24,299,122	-	-
Community and economic development	463,726		-	-
Community and cultural	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		<u> </u>	323,228	2,657,082
Total Expenditures	463,726	24,475,408	323,228	2,657,082
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	<u> </u>	19,391	4,396,096
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (note 7)	_	_	_	7,131,227
Transfers out (note 7)	_	_	_	7,131,227
Transfers from Successor Agency	_	_	_	_
SBITA acquisition		-	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources	-	_		-
(Uses)	-	-	-	7,131,227
•	-	_		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	-	-	19,391	11,527,323
Fund balances - Beginning of Year		<u> </u>	(13,386)	11,887,019
Fund balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,005	\$ 23,414,342

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects Funds									
		MF CAPITAL PROJECTS		FFIC SIGNAL	CO S DEVEL	ARKS AND MMUNITY SERVICES OPMENT AND TAL PROJECTS		DIF CAPITAL PROJECTS		
Revenues										
Taxes:										
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		1,364,013		-		-		-		
Fees and charges for services		-		26,100		-		-		
Use of money and property		-		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		-		-		<u>-</u>				
Total Revenues		1,364,013		26,100		-		<u> </u>		
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		-		-		-		-		
Public safety		-		-		-		-		
Community and economic development		-		-		-		-		
Community and cultural		-		-		-		-		
Public works		-		-		-		-		
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-		
Capital outlay		3,799,130				1,003,641		140,955		
Total Expenditures		3,799,130		-		1,003,641		140,955		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,435,117)		26,100		(1,003,641)		(140,955)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in (note 7)		-		_		753,676		400,000		
Transfers out (note 7)		-		_		(236,847)		, -		
Transfers from Successor Agency		-		-		-		-		
SBITA acquisition		-		-		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources				,						
(Uses)						516,829		400,000		
Net change in fund balances		(2,435,117)		26,100		(486,812)		259,045		
Fund balances - Beginning of Year		(1,106,889)		3,473,724		3,958,785		1,120,716		
Fund balances - End of Year	\$	(3,542,006)	\$	3,499,824	\$	3,471,973	\$	1,379,761		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	vice	

Davanas	2013 REFUNDING OF 2005 LEASE REVENUE BONDS	2014 REFUNDING OF 2005 LEASE REVENUE BONDS	2020 REFUNDING OF TRIP COP 13A	2011 PRIVATE PLACE REFUNDING 97 LEASE REVENUE BONDS
Revenues				
Taxes:			A	A
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Fees and charges for services	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	2,591	2,945	3,411	-
Miscellaneous				
Total Revenues	2,591	2,945	3,411	
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	3,578	6,900	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community and economic development	-	-	-	-
Community and cultural	-	-	-	-
Public works	550	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,453,000	-	965,000	331,000
Interest and fiscal charges	36,233	1,009,333	431,179	6,587
Capital outlay				<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	1,489,783	1,012,911	1,403,079	337,587
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,487,192)	(1,009,966)	(1,399,668)	(337,587)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (note 7)	1,487,099	1,013,291	1,404,685	187,587
Transfers out (note 7)	-, 107,033	-		-
Transfers from Successor Agency	_	_	_	150,000
SBITA acquisition	-	-	_	-
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	1,487,099	1,013,291	1,404,685	337,587
Not shange in found halances	(02)	2 225	F 047	
Net change in fund balances	(93)	3,325	5,017	-
Fund balances - Beginning of Year	93	6,017,297	210,157	<u>-</u>
Fund balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 6,020,622	\$ 215,174	\$ -

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Permanent Funds

	CELEBRATION PAI	RK	EQUESTRIAN T		IDGE PARK DWMENT	NPDES DOWMENT
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental		-		-	-	-
Fees and charges for services		-		-	-	-
Use of money and property	1,09	97		233	2,366	708
Miscellaneous				350	 	
Total Revenues	1,09	97		583	 2,366	 708
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		-		-	-	-
Public safety		-		-	-	-
Community and economic development		-		-	-	-
Community and cultural		-		-	-	-
Public works		-		-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	-	-
Capital outlay					 	
Total Expenditures		_			 <u> </u>	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,09	97		583	 2,366	 708
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in (note 7)		-		-	-	-
Transfers out (note 7)		-		-	-	(223)
Transfers from Successor Agency		-		-	-	-
SBITA acquisition		-		-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)		_			 -	 (223)
Net change in fund balances	1,09	97		583	2,366	485
Fund balances - Beginning of Year	51,3		11	L,240	110,769	32,907
Fund balances - End of Year	\$ 52,47	75	\$ 11	,823	\$ 113,135	\$ 33,392

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Permanent Funds

	TURAL RVATION	_	L NONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Other taxes	\$ -	\$	384,941
Intergovernmental	-		71,705,717
Fees and charges for services	-		11,398,745
Use of money and property	2,693		612,621
Miscellaneous	 		393,232
Total Revenues	 2,693		84,495,256
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	-		2,209,721
Public safety	-		24,979,575
Community and economic development	-		1,811,713
Community and cultural	-		10,338,368
Public works	-		7,740,533
Debt service:			, -,
Principal retirement	-		2,776,583
Interest and fiscal charges	-		1,483,332
Capital outlay	-		38,071,218
Total Expenditures	-		89,411,043
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,693		(4,915,787)
Over (Onder) Expenditures	 2,033	-	(4,515,767)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in (note 7)	_		12,468,312
Transfers out (note 7)	_		(2,630,340)
Transfers from Successor Agency	_		150,000
SBITA acquisition	_		27,583
Total Other Financing Sources	 -		27,303
(Uses)	 		10,015,555
Net change in fund balances	2,693		5,099,769
Fund balances - Beginning of Year	 126,157		61,538,438
Fund balances - End of Year	\$ 128,850	\$	66,638,207

City of Moreno Valley, California STATE GASOLINE TAX Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts			Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual		inal Budget
Revenues	-							
Intergovernmental	\$	9,259,648	\$	11,508,703	\$	9,963,561	\$	(1,545,142)
Fees and charges for services		-		-		2,375		2,375
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Total Revenues		9,260,648		11,509,703		9,965,936		(1,543,767)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		4,034,484		4,214,332		3,694,995		519,337
Capital outlay		4,135,000		14,695,747		12,059,237		2,636,510
Total Expenditures		8,169,484		18,910,079		15,754,232		3,155,847
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		1,091,164		(7,400,376)		(5,788,296)		1,612,080
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		326,000		-		-		-
Transfers out		(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		276,000		(50,000)		(50,000)		-
Net change in fund balances		1,367,164		(7,450,376)		(5,838,296)		1,612,080
Fund balances - beginning		12,295,428		12,295,428		12,295,428		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	13,662,592	\$	4,845,052	\$	6,457,132	\$	1,612,080

City of Moreno Valley, California MEASURE A

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints			Variance with		
	Original		Final		Actual		inal Budget	
Revenues	 							
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,571,000	\$	6,369,000	\$	6,639,058	\$	270,058	
Use of money and property	30,000		30,000		149,203		119,203	
Total Revenues	 3,601,000		6,399,000		6,788,261		389,261	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works	1,947,975		2,021,975		1,779,701		242,274	
Capital outlay	140,000		5,216,995		4,090,250		1,126,745	
Total Expenditures	2,087,975		7,238,970		5,869,951		1,369,019	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	 1,513,025		(839,970)		918,310		1,758,280	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out	(1,463,800)		(1,463,800)		(1,463,800)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,463,800)		(1,463,800)		(1,463,800)		-	
Net change in fund balances	49,225		(2,303,770)		(545,490)		1,758,280	
Fund balances - beginning	9,090,712		9,090,712		9,090,712		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 9,139,937	\$	6,786,942	\$	8,545,222	\$	1,758,280	

City of Moreno Valley, California AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
Revenues						_			
Intergovernmental	\$	264,932	\$	264,932	\$	270,648	\$	5,716	
Use of money and property		2,500		2,500		4,348		1,848	
Total Revenues		267,432		267,432		274,996		7,564	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		267,432		267,432		212,945		54,487	
Capital outlay		20,000		51,466		40,691		10,775	
Total Expenditures		287,432		318,898		253,636		65,262	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		(20,000)		(51,466)		21,360		72,826	
Net change in fund balances		(20,000)		(51,466)		21,360		72,826	
Fund balances - beginning		311,704		311,704		311,704		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	291,704	\$	260,238	\$	333,064	\$	72,826	

City of Moreno Valley, California SPECIAL DISTRICTS ADMINISTRATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	d Amou	ints			Var	iance with
	Original			Final		Actual		al Budget
Revenues								
Fees and charges for services	\$	710,142	\$	710,142	\$	843,634	\$	133,492
Use of money and property		23,000		23,000		37,337		14,337
Total Revenues		733,142		733,142		880,971		147,829
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		664,787		846,975		605,515		241,460
Total Expenditures		664,787		846,975		605,515		241,460
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
expenditures		68,355		(113,833)		275,456		389,289
Net change in fund balances		68,355		(113,833)		275,456		389,289
Fund balances - beginning		2,380,884		2,380,884		2,380,884		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,449,239	\$	2,267,051	\$	2,656,340	\$	389,289

City of Moreno Valley, California STORM WATER MAINTENANCE Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	d Amou	ınts		Variance with	
		Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues					 		
Fees and charges for services	\$	495,982	\$	495,982	\$ 265,661	\$	(230,321)
Total Revenues		495,982		495,982	265,661		(230,321)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public works		545,982		545,982	519,584		26,398
Total Expenditures		545,982		545,982	519,584		26,398
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	-	(50,000)		(50,000)	 (253,923)		(203,923)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		50,000		50,000	50,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		50,000		50,000	50,000		-
Net change in fund balances		-		-	(203,923)		(203,923)
Fund balances - beginning		299,884		299,884	299,884		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	299,884	\$	299,884	\$ 95,961	\$	(203,923)

City of Moreno Valley, California STORM WATER MANAGEMENT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Amoı	ınts			Variance with	
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues	<u> </u>							
Fees and charges for services	\$	849,192	\$	1,035,894	\$	1,187,387	\$	151,493
Total Revenues		849,192		1,035,894		1,187,387		151,493
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		679,348		679,348		629,984		49,364
Capital outlay		80,000		267,642		-		267,642
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	759,348		946,990		629,984		317,006
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	<u> </u>							
expenditures		89,844		88,904		557,403		468,499
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		33,171		33,171		33,171		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		33,171		33,171		33,171		-
Net change in fund balances		123,015		122,075		590,574		468,499
Fund balances - beginning		1,884,724		1,884,724		1,884,724		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,007,739	\$	2,006,799	\$	2,475,298	\$	468,499

City of Moreno Valley, California CFD No. 4-M Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Vari	ance with
		Priginal		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenues								
Fees and charges for services	\$	58,467	\$	58,467	\$	65,239	\$	6,772
Use of money and property		100		100		1,261		1,161
Total Revenues		58,567		58,567		66,500		7,933
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		61,670		71,670		37,246		34,424
Total Expenditures	<u>-</u>	61,670		71,670		37,246		34,424
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	<u>-</u>							
expenditures		(3,103)		(13,103)		29,254		42,357
Net change in fund balances		(3,103)		(13,103)		29,254		42,357
Fund balances - beginning		83,113		83,113		83,113		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	80,010	\$	70,010	\$	112,367	\$	42,357

City of Moreno Valley, California PUBLIC EDUCATION GOVERNMENT ACCESS

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Va	(182,814) (182,814) (182,814) (86,343) (86,343) (269,157)		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget		
Revenues	<u> </u>	_						_		
Miscellaneous	\$	575,006	\$	575,006	\$	392,192	\$	(182,814)		
Total Revenues		575,006		575,006		392,192		(182,814)		
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		575,006		575,006		661,349		(86,343)		
Total Expenditures		575,006		575,006		661,349		(86,343)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		-		-		(269,157)		(269,157)		
Net change in fund balances		-		-		(269,157)		(269,157)		
Fund balances - beginning		859,659		859,659		859,659		-		
Fund balances - ending	\$	859,659	\$	859,659	\$	590,502	\$	(269,157)		

City of Moreno Valley, California CIVIL PENALTIES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Varian	ce with	
	Or	iginal	Final Actual			Actual	Final Budg		
Expenditures	·		·	_	·	_		<u> </u>	
Current:									
General government	\$	-	\$	224	\$	224	\$	-	
Total Expenditures	·	-		224	·	224		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures				224		224		<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances		-		(224)		(224)		-	
Fund balances - beginning		224		224		224		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	224	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

City of Moreno Valley, California EMERGENCY SERVICES AGENCY FINES Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
	(Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	80,000	\$	157,942	\$	203,401	\$	45,459
Use of money and property		10,000		10,000		10,658		658
Total Revenues		90,000		167,942		214,059		46,117
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		90,000		90,000		31,883		58,117
Total Expenditures		90,000		90,000		31,883		58,117
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		-		77,942		182,176		104,234
Net change in fund balances		-		77,942		182,176		104,234
Fund balances - beginning		422,503		422,503		422,503		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	422,503	\$	500,445	\$	604,679	\$	104,234

City of Moreno Valley, California ENERGY EFFICIENCY REVOLVING Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
	Original Final			Actual	Final Budget			
Revenues								
Miscellaneous	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	(10,000)
Total Revenues		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		10,000		10,000				(10,000)
Net change in fund balances		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
Fund balances - beginning		149,434		149,434		149,434		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	159,434	\$	159,434	\$	149,434	\$	(10,000)

City of Moreno Valley, California GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENTS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
	Original			Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community and economic development	\$	-	\$	401,783	\$	17,601	\$	384,182
Total Expenditures		-		401,783		17,601		384,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		-		401,783		17,601		384,182
Net change in fund balances		-		(401,783)		(17,601)		384,182
Fund balances - beginning		401,786		401,786		401,786		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	401,786	\$	3	\$	384,185	\$	384,182

City of Moreno Valley, California QUIMBY IN-LIEU PARK FEES Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Va	riance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Fees and charges for services	\$	300,000	\$	1,780,041	\$	1,925,531	\$	145,490
Use of money and property		10,000		10,000		12,348		2,348
Total Revenues		310,000		1,790,041		1,937,879		147,838
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		310,000		1,790,041		1,937,879		147,838
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(155,000)		(168,351)		(168,351)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(155,000)		(168,351)		(168,351)		-
Net change in fund balances		155,000		1,621,690		1,769,528		147,838
Fund balances - beginning		1,040,622		1,040,622		1,040,622		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,195,622	\$	2,662,312	\$	2,810,150	\$	147,838

City of Moreno Valley, California RECYCLING PROGRAMS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Amounts				Varianc	e with	
	Orig	ginal	Fina	al	Act	ual	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Revenues		-		-		-		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures	-								
Expenditures									
Current:									
General Government		-		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures						-		-	
Net change in fund balances		_		_		_		_	
Fund balances - beginning		_		_		_		_	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	-	

City of Moreno Valley, California CFD No. 2014-01 Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues				_				
Other taxes	\$	349,872	\$	349,872	\$	384,941	\$	35,069
Fees and charges for services		3,000		3,000		29,640		26,640
Use of money and property		4,960				-		
Total Revenues		357,832		352,872		414,581		61,709
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		356,636		356,635		217,212		139,423
Total Expenditures		356,636		356,635		217,212		139,423
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		1,196		(3,763)		197,369		201,132
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(3,000)		(12,231)		(10,665)		1,566
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,000)		(12,231)		(10,665)		1,566
Net change in fund balances		(1,804)		(15,994)		186,704		202,698
Fund balances - beginning		844,120		844,120		844,120		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	842,316	\$	828,126	\$	1,030,824	\$	202,698

City of Moreno Valley, California CHILD CARE GRANT Budgetary Comparison Schedule

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		l Amou	nts		Var	iance with	
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues	<u>-</u>				_		
Intergovernmental	\$	857,850	\$	857,850	\$ 841,522	\$	(16,328)
Fees and charges for services		10,000		10,000	-		(10,000)
Miscellaneous		750		750	-		(750)
Total Revenues		868,600		868,600	 841,522		(27,078)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community and cultural		868,600		868,600	841,522		27,078
Total Expenditures		868,600		868,600	841,522		27,078
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures			-	<u>-</u>	 -		-
Net change in fund balances		-		-	-		-
Fund balances - beginning		8,293		8,293	8,293		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	8,293	\$	8,293	\$ 8,293	\$	-

City of Moreno Valley, California ASES PROGRAM GRANT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints			Variand	e with
	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 8,167,722	\$	9,374,940	\$	9,374,940	\$	-
Total Revenues	 8,167,722		9,374,940		9,374,940		
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community and cultural	8,202,046		9,374,940		9,374,940		
Total Expenditures	8,202,046		9,374,940		9,374,940		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	 (34,324)				-		
Net change in fund balances	(34,324)		-		-		
Fund balances - beginning	29,809		29,809		29,809		
Fund balances - ending	\$ (4,515)	\$	29,809	\$	29,809	\$	

City of Moreno Valley, California USED OIL RECYCLING Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Vari	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	25,000	\$	50,435	\$	27,953	\$	(22,482)
Total Revenues		25,000		50,435		27,953		(22,482)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		53,860		50,435		27,953		22,482
Total Expenditures		53,860		50,435	,	27,953		22,482
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					,			
expenditures		(28,860)						
Net change in fund balances		(28,860)		_		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	(28,860)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

City of Moreno Valley, California OTHER GRANTS

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					V	ariance with
		Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues	' <u>'</u>				_		_
Intergovernmental	\$	378,526	\$	6,624,691	\$ 2,907,269	\$	(3,717,422)
Total Revenues		378,526		6,624,691	 2,907,269		(3,717,422)
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		48,409		2,742,808	1,361,384		1,381,424
Public safety		-		249,284	74,855		174,429
Community and economic development		10,738		1,210,470	150,825		1,059,645
Community and cultural		113,462		215,717	121,906		93,811
Public works		-		-	14,848		(14,848)
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-		-	27,583		(27,583)
Capital outlay		-		1,998,176	 1,183,452		814,724
Total Expenditures		172,609		6,416,455	2,934,853		3,481,602
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		205,917		208,236	 (27,584)		(235,820)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
SBITA acquisition		-		-	27,583		27,583
Transfers out		-		-	(692,878)		(692,878)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	(665,295)		(665,295)
Net change in fund balances		205,917		208,236	(692,879)		(901,115)
Fund balances - beginning		685,697		685,697	685,697		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	891,614	\$	893,933	\$ (7,182)	\$	(901,115)

City of Moreno Valley, California CAPITAL PROJECTS GRANTS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		٧	ariance with
	Original			Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues					 		
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	26,995,984	\$ 10,350,027	\$	(16,645,957)
Total Revenues		-		26,995,984	10,350,027		(16,645,957)
Expenditures							
Capital outlay		-		26,397,203	9,757,926		16,639,277
Total Expenditures		-		26,397,203	9,757,926		16,639,277
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		<u>-</u>		598,781	 592,101		(6,680)
Net change in fund balances		-		598,781	592,101		(6,680)
Fund balances - beginning		(1,078,499)		(1,078,499)	(1,078,499)		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	(1,078,499)	\$	(479,718)	\$ (486,398)	\$	(6,680)

City of Moreno Valley, California LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	d Amou	nts			Vai	riance with
	-	Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	350,000	\$	699,060	\$	571,055	\$	(128,005)
Total Revenues		350,000		699,060		571,055		(128,005)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		350,000		532,837		532,837		-
Community and economic development		-		166,223		38,218		128,005
Total Expenditures		350,000		699,060		571,055		128,005
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					,			
expenditures				<u> </u>				-
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts		V	ariance with
		Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues	·	_		_	_		_
Intergovernmental	\$	600,000	\$	3,697,155	\$ 296,162	\$	(3,400,993)
Use of money and property		-		-	83,672		83,672
Miscellaneous		-		-	690		690
Total Revenues		600,000		3,697,155	 380,524		(3,316,631)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community and economic development		600,000		3,697,155	373,230		3,323,925
Total Expenditures		600,000		3,697,155	 373,230		3,323,925
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures				-	 7,294		7,294
Net change in fund balances		-		-	7,294		7,294
Fund balances - beginning		5,788,067		5,788,067	5,788,067		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,788,067	\$	5,788,067	\$ 5,795,361	\$	7,294

City of Moreno Valley, California NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION GRANT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	d Amour	nts		Vari	ance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fina	ıl Budget
Revenues				 		
Intergovernmental	\$ 260,000	\$	-	\$ 2,586	\$	2,586
Total Revenues	 260,000		-	 2,586		2,586
Expenditures						
Current:						
Community and economic development	260,000		-	2,586		(2,586)
Total Expenditures	260,000		-	 2,586		(2,586)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				 		
expenditures	 -		-	 		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out	-		(7,576)	(7,576)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(7,576)	(7,576)		-
Net change in fund balances	-		(7,576)	(7,576)		-
Fund balances - beginning	7,576		7,576	7,576		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 7,576	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

City of Moreno Valley, California COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					V	ariance with
		Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	4,041,004	\$	6,348,133	\$ 3,909,519	\$	(2,438,614)
Total Revenues		4,041,004		6,348,133	3,909,519		(2,438,614)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		73,000		73,000	40,878		32,122
Community and economic development		1,407,592		1,407,592	765,527		642,065
Capital outlay		-		4,052,042	3,015,626		1,036,416
Total Expenditures		1,480,592		5,532,634	 3,822,031		1,710,603
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		2,560,412		815,499	 87,488		(728,011)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-		7,576	7,576		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		7,576	7,576		-
Net change in fund balances		2,560,412		823,075	95,064		(728,011)
Fund balances - beginning		152,732		152,732	152,732		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,713,144	\$	975,807	\$ 247,796	\$	(728,011)

City of Moreno Valley, California EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS GRANT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	d Amou	unts	Variance		
	Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues	 					
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,568,991	\$	2,249,808	\$ 463,726	\$	(1,786,082)
Total Revenues	2,568,991		2,249,808	463,726		(1,786,082)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Community and economic development	2,568,991		2,249,808	463,726		1,786,082
Total Expenditures	2,568,991		2,249,808	463,726		1,786,082
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	 					
expenditures	 -		-	 		
Net change in fund balances	-		-	-		-
Fund balances - beginning	_		-	_		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

City of Moreno Valley, California AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Varia	Variance with Final Budget \$ - (2,250) (2,250)		
	C	Priginal		Final	Actual		Budget		
Revenues	<u> </u>				 				
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	24,177,658	\$ 24,177,658	\$	-		
Use of money and property		-		300,000	297,750		(2,250)		
Total Revenues		-		24,477,658	24,475,408		(2,250)		
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		-		343,614	176,286		167,328		
Public safety		-		23,815,616	24,299,122		(483,506)		
Total Expenditures		-		24,159,230	 24,475,408		(316,178)		
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over									
Expenditures				318,428	 		(318,428)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		318,428	-		(318,428)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				-	 -				
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$		\$	318,428	\$ -	\$	(318,428)		

City of Moreno Valley, California ARTICLE 3 TRANSPORTATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Vai	riance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues					,			
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	562,012	\$	342,619	\$	(219,393)
Total Revenues		-		562,012		342,619		(219,393)
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		-		542,621		323,228		219,393
Total Expenditures		-		542,621		323,228		219,393
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures				19,391		19,391		-
Net change in fund balances		-		19,391		19,391		-
Fund balances - beginning		(13,386)		(13,386)		(13,386)		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	(13,386)	\$	6,005	\$	6,005	\$	-

City of Moreno Valley, California FACILITY CONSTRUCTION Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget		
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000,000)		
Fees and charges for services				7,026,719		7,053,178		26,459		
Total Revenues		1,000,000		8,026,719		7,053,178		(973,541)		
Expenditures										
Capital outlay		808,705		17,820,149		2,657,082		15,163,067		
Total Expenditures		808,705		17,820,149		2,657,082		15,163,067		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		191,295		(9,793,430)		4,396,096		14,189,526		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		808,705		7,256,227		7,131,227		(125,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		808,705		7,256,227		7,131,227		(125,000)		
Net change in fund balances		1,000,000		(2,537,203)		11,527,323		14,064,526		
Fund balances - beginning		11,887,019		11,887,019		11,887,019		-		
Fund balances - ending	\$	12,887,019	\$	9,349,816	\$	23,414,342	\$	14,064,526		

City of Moreno Valley, California TUMF CAPITAL PROJECTS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	17,529,928	\$	1,364,013	\$	(16,165,915)	
Total Revenues				17,529,928		1,364,013		(16,165,915)	
Expenditures									
Capital outlay		-		17,485,513		3,799,130		13,686,383	
Total Expenditures		-		17,485,513		3,799,130		13,686,383	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures				44,415		(2,435,117)		(2,479,532)	
Net change in fund balances		-		44,415		(2,435,117)		(2,479,532)	
Fund balances - beginning		(1,106,889)		(1,106,889)		(1,106,889)		=	
Fund balances - ending	\$	(1,106,889)	\$	(1,062,474)	\$	(3,542,006)	\$	(2,479,532)	

City of Moreno Valley, California TRAFFIC SIGNAL MITIGATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
	Original			Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues					<u> </u>			_
Fees and charges for services	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	26,100	\$	(13,900)
Total Revenues		40,000		40,000		26,100		(13,900)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		40,000		40,000		26,100		(13,900)
Net change in fund balances		40,000		40,000		26,100		(13,900)
Fund balances - beginning		3,473,724		3,473,724		3,473,724	\$	-
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,513,724	\$	3,513,724	\$	3,499,824	\$	(13,900)

City of Moreno Valley, California PARKS AND COMMUNITY SERVICES DEVELOPMENT AND CAPITAL PROJECTS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget		
Expenditures	<u> </u>								
Capital outlay	\$	405,000	\$	4,227,652	\$	1,003,641	\$	3,224,011	
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	405,000		4,227,652		1,003,641		3,224,011	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		405,000		4,227,652		1,003,641		3,224,011	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		405,000		753,676		753,676		-	
Transfers out		-		(236,847)		(236,847)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		405,000		516,829		516,829		-	
Net change in fund balances		-		(3,710,823)		(486,812)		3,224,011	
Fund balances - ending		3,958,785		3,958,785		3,958,785		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,958,785	\$	247,962	\$	3,471,973	\$	3,224,011	

City of Moreno Valley, California DIF CAPITAL PROJECTS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Va	riance with
		Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Expenditures					 		
Capital outlay	\$	-	\$	1,424,537	\$ 140,955	\$	1,283,582
Total Expenditures		-		1,424,537	 140,955		1,283,582
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures				1,424,537	140,955		1,283,582
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-		400,000	400,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		400,000	 400,000		
Net change in fund balances		-		(1,024,537)	259,045		1,283,582
Fund balances - beginning		1,120,716		1,120,716	1,120,716		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,120,716	\$	96,179	\$ 1,379,761	\$	1,283,582

City of Moreno Valley, California 2013 REFUNDING OF 2005 LEASE REVENUE BONDS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Amounts		Variance with Final		
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Revenues					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,591	
Total Revenues	<u> </u>		2,591	2,591	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public works	2,300	2,300	550	1,750	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	1,453,000	1,453,000	1,453,000	-	
Interest	36,300	36,300	36,233	67	
Total Expenditures	1,491,600	1,491,600	1,489,783	1,817	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(1,491,600)	(1,491,600)	(1,487,192)	4,408	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1,491,600	1,491,600	1,487,099	(4,501)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,491,600	1,491,600	1,487,099	(4,501)	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(93)	(93)	
Fund balances - beginning	93	93	93	-	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ -	\$ (93)	

City of Moreno Valley, California 2014 REFUNDING OF 2005 LEASE REVENUE BONDS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Original		Final	Actual	E	Budget	
Revenues						,		
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,945	\$	2,945	
Total Revenues					 2,945		2,945	
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		3,958		3,958	3,578		380	
Debt service:								
Interest		1,009,333		1,009,333	1,009,333		-	
Total Expenditures		1,013,291		1,013,291	1,012,911		380	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(1,013,291)		(1,013,291)	 (1,009,966)		3,325	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		1,013,291		1,013,291	1,013,291		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,013,291		1,013,291	 1,013,291		-	
Net change in fund balances		-		-	3,325		3,325	
Fund balances - beginning		6,017,297		6,017,297	6,017,297		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,017,297	\$	6,017,297	\$ 6,020,622	\$	3,325	

City of Moreno Valley, California 2020 REFUNDING OF TRIP COP 13A Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variand	e with Final
	0	riginal		Final		Actual	В	udget
Revenues							,	
Use of money and property	\$		\$		\$	3,411	\$	3,411
Total Revenues				-		3,411		3,411
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		8,506		8,506		6,900		1,606
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		965,000		965,000		965,000		-
Interest		431,179		431,179		431,179		-
Total Expenditures		1,404,685		1,404,685		1,403,079		1,606
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(1,404,685)		(1,404,685)		(1,399,668)		5,017
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		1,404,685		1,404,685		1,404,685		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,404,685		1,404,685		1,404,685		-
Net change in fund balances		-		-		5,017		5,017
Fund balances - beginning		210,157		210,157		210,157		, -
Fund balances - ending	\$	210,157	\$	210,157	\$	215,174	\$	5,017

City of Moreno Valley, California 2011 PRIVATE PLACEMENT REFUNDING 97 LEASE REVENUE BONDS Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final	
		Original		Final	Actual	В	udget
Expenditures	' <u>-</u>				 	,	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$	331,000	\$	331,000	\$ 331,000	\$	-
Interest		6,587		6,587	6,587		-
Total Expenditures	' <u>-</u>	337,587		337,587	 337,587	,	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	' <u>-</u>				 	,	
expenditures		337,587		337,587	337,587		<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		187,587		187,587	187,587		-
Transfers from Successor Agency		150,000		150,000	150,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		337,587		337,587	337,587		-
Net change in fund balances		-		_	_		-
Fund balances - beginning		-		-	-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-

City of Moreno Valley, California CELEBRATION PARK ENDOWMENT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Varianc	e with Final
	C	Original		Final		Actual	Budget	
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,097	\$	97
Total Revenues		1,000		1,000		1,097		97
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		1,000		1,000		1,097		97
Net change in fund balances		1,000		1,000		1,097		97
Fund balances - beginning		51,378		51,378		51,378		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	52,378	\$	52,378	\$	52,475	\$	97

City of Moreno Valley, California EQUESTRIAN TRAIL ENDOWMENT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amoun	ts		Variance with Final		
	Original		Final	Actual	В	udget	
Revenues							
Use of money and property	\$ 200	\$	200	\$ 233	\$	33	
Miscellaneous	-		-	350		350	
Total Revenues	200		200	583		383	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community and cultural	200		200	-		200	
Total Expenditures	200		200			200	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 			 583		583	
Net change in fund balances	-		-	583		583	
Fund balances - beginning	11,240		11,240	11,240		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,240	\$	11,240	\$ 11,823	\$	583	

City of Moreno Valley, California ROCKRIDGE PARK ENDOWMENT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final		
		Original	Final		Actual		Budget		
Revenues									
Use of money and property	\$	1,800	\$	1,800	\$	2,366	\$	566	
Total Revenues		1,800		1,800		2,366		566	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Community and cultural		6,142		6,142		-		6,142	
Total Expenditures		6,142		6,142		-		6,142	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		(4,342)		(4,342)		2,366		6,708	
Net change in fund balances		(4,342)		(4,342)		2,366		6,708	
Fund balances - beginning		110,769		110,769		110,769		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	106,427	\$	106,427	\$	113,135	\$	6,708	

City of Moreno Valley, California NPDES ENDOWMENT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final	
		Original		Final	/	Actual	Budget	
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	300	\$	300	\$	708	\$	408
Total Revenues		300		300		708		408
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		300		300		708		408
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(223)		(223)		(223)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(223)		(223)		(223)		-
Net change in fund balances		77		77		485		408
Fund balances - beginning		32,907		32,907		32,907		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	32,984	\$	32,984	\$	33,392	\$	408

City of Moreno Valley, California CULTURAL PRESERVATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amou	nts			Varian	ce with Final
	Original		Final		Actual	Budget	
Revenues	 						
Use of money and property	\$ 1,600	\$	1,600	\$	2,693	\$	1,093
Total Revenues	1,600		1,600		2,693		1,093
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	 1,600		1,600		2,693		1,093
Net change in fund balances	1,600		1,600		2,693		1,093
Fund balances - beginning	126,157		126,157		126,157		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 127,757	\$	127,757	\$	128,850	\$	1,093

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

General Liability Insurance Fund

This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the City's general liability insurance program, on a reimbursement basis through charges to benefiting funds; and maintaining responsible reserves based on current actuarial assumptions.

Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund

This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the City worker's compensation insurance program, on a reimbursement basis through charges to benefiting funds; and maintaining responsible reserves based on current actuarial assumptions.

Technology Services Fund

This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining and replacing the City's information systems including major software, hardware, radios, telephones, and the City's backbone telecommunications infrastructure. The fund recovers costs through charges to benefiting funds.

Facilities Maintenance Fund

This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining all City-owned and leased buildings. Its user charges include the recovery of depreciation on the City Hall building.

Fleet Operations Fund

This fund is used to account for the maintenance and replacement costs of the City's inventory of vehicles and equipment. This fund recovers costs through annual lease fees to benefiting departments.

Equipment Replacement Reserve Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of cash reserves to replace capital equipment based on replacement cost and useful life. The reserve recovers costs through user charges for each fund's share of annual depreciation; and provides a funding source to participating funds for capital replacement.

Unfunded Liabilities Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of cash reserves to provide for payment of future unfunded liabilities, such as those associated with employee benefits like pension, OPEB, and compensated absence, attributable to services already rendered.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

	l	GENERAL IABILITY ISURANCE	CON	VORKERS' //PENSATION ISURANCE	TECHNOLOGY SERVICES		FACILITIES AINTENANCE
Assets							
Current:							
Pooled cash and investments	\$	5,082,270	\$	3,856,935	\$	11,972,953	\$ 18,965,196
Accounts receivable		-		-		-	47
Prepaids		33,196		1,250		-	2,478
Inventories						-	 34,538
Total Current Assets		5,115,466		3,858,185		11,972,953	 19,002,259
Noncurrent:							
Capital assets - net of accumulated							
depreciation		-		-		2,906,642	8,617,048
Total Noncurrent Assets		-		-		2,906,642	 8,617,048
Total Assets		5,115,466		3,858,185		14,879,595	27,619,307
Liabilities							
Current:							
Accounts payable		-		2,440		1,535,987	383,561
Compensated absences		11,340		2,791		-	83,543
Self-insurance payable		893,000		394,000		-	-
Total Current Liabilities		904,340		399,231		1,535,987	467,104
Noncurrent:							
Compensated absences		7,560		1,861		-	55,695
Self-insurance payable		1,604,000		1,143,000		-	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,611,560		1,144,861		-	 55,695
Total Liabilities		2,515,900		1,544,092		1,535,987	522,799
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		-		-		2,906,642	8,617,048
Unrestricted		2,599,566		2,314,093		10,436,966	18,479,460
Total Net Position	\$	2,599,566	\$	2,314,093	\$	13,343,608	\$ 27,096,508

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

	0	FLEET PERATIONS	QUIPMENT PLACEMENT RESERVE		INFUNDED LIABILITIES	TOTAL	
Assets			_				
Current:							
Pooled cash and investments	\$	12,049,049	\$ 23,981,312	\$	6,563,042	\$	82,470,757
Accounts receivable		-	-		-		47
Prepaids		-	-		-		36,924
Inventories		12,829	 -		-		47,367
Total Current Assets		12,061,878	 23,981,312		6,563,042		82,555,095
Noncurrent:							
Capital assets - net of accumulated							
depreciation		82,666	-		-		11,606,356
Total Noncurrent Assets		82,666	 -		-		11,606,356
Total Assets		12,144,544	23,981,312		6,563,042		94,161,451
Liabilities							
Current:							
Accounts payable		62,100	-		-		1,984,088
Compensated absences		59,445	-		-		157,119
Self-insurance payable		-	-		-		1,287,000
Total Current Liabilities		121,545	 -	-	-		3,428,207
Noncurrent:			 				
Compensated absences		39,630	-		-		104,746
Self-insurance payable		-	 		-		2,747,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		39,630	-		-		2,851,746
Total Liabilities		161,175	-		-		6,279,953
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		82,666	-		-		11,606,356
Unrestricted		11,900,703	23,981,312		6,563,042		76,275,142
Total Net Position	\$	11,983,369	\$ 23,981,312	\$	6,563,042	\$	87,881,498

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE	WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE	TECHNOLOGY SERVICES	FACILITIES MAINTENANCE
Operating Revenues				
Sales and service charges	\$ 1,087,130	\$ 485,953	\$ -	\$ 4,037,176
Miscellaneous	11,745			
Total Operating Revenues	1,098,875	485,953		4,037,176
Operating Expenses				
Cost of services	371,601	123,772	20,210	5,658,540
Depreciation expense	-	-	504,531	478,141
Self-insurance claims and charges	3,213,824	512,090	=	-
Total Operating Expenses	3,585,425	635,862	524,741	6,136,681
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,486,550)	(149,909)	(524,741)	(2,099,505)
Transfers in (note 7)	4,600,000	1,000,000	1,525,000	11,500,000
Transfers out (note 7)	-	-	-	(1,708,227)
Change in Net Position	2,113,450	850,091	1,000,259	7,692,268
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	486,116	1,464,002	12,343,349	19,404,240
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,599,566	\$ 2,314,093	\$ 13,343,608	\$ 27,096,508

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	FLEET OPERATIONS	EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT RESERVE	UNFUNDED LIABILITIES	TOTAL
Operating Revenues				
Sales and service charges	\$ 2,267,614	\$ 1,078,914	\$ -	\$ 8,956,787
Miscellaneous	-			11,745
Total Operating Revenues	2,267,614	1,078,914		8,968,532
Operating Expenses				
Cost of services	1,600,712	-	-	7,774,835
Depreciation expense	27,513	-	-	1,010,185
Self-insurance claims and charges	-	-	-	3,725,914
Total Operating Expenses	1,628,225	-		12,510,934
Operating Income (Loss)	639,389	1,078,914		(3,542,402)
Transfers in (note 7)	1,645,000	3,000,000	1,000,000	24,270,000
Transfers out (note 7)	-	-	-	(1,708,227)
Change in Net Position	2,284,389	4,078,914	1,000,000	19,019,371
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	9,698,980	19,902,398	5,563,042	68,862,127
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 11,983,369	\$ 23,981,312	\$ 6,563,042	\$ 87,881,498

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		GENERAL LIABILITY NSURANCE	CON	VORKERS' MPENSATION NSURANCE	т	ECHNOLOGY SERVICES		FACILITIES AINTENANCE
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Cash receipts from customers	\$	1,098,875	\$	485,953	\$	-	\$	4,037,129
Payments to suppliers		(278,859)		(61,532)		1,515,777		(4,678,262)
Payments to employees		(156,867)		(58,244)		-		(895,437)
Cash paid for claims		(1,786,824)		(572,090)		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(1,123,675)		(205,913)		1,515,777		(1,536,570)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
Cash tranfers in		4,600,000		1,000,000		1,525,000		11,500,000
Cash transfers out				-		-		(1,708,227)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		4,600,000		1,000,000		1,525,000		9,791,773
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		_		_		(1,525,835)		(10,667)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities						(1,525,835)		(10,667)
Cash Flows from Investing Financing								
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,476,325		794,087		1,514,942		8,244,536
Balances - beginning of year		1,605,945		3,062,848		10,458,011		10,720,660
Balances - end of the year	Ś	5,082,270	\$	3,856,935	ć	11,972,953	Ś	18,965,196
balances - end of the year	<u> </u>	3,062,270	-	3,030,333	-	11,372,333	>	10,905,190
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating Income (loss)	Ś	(2,486,550)	Ś	(149,909)	Ś	(524,741)	Ś	(2,099,505)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided	*	(=, :==,===,	*	(= .5/5 55/	,	(== :,: :=,	•	(=,===,===,
(used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation		_		_		504,531		478,141
Changes in assets and liabilities:						30.,332		., 0, 2 . 2
Customer Receivables		_		_		_		(47)
Prepaids		(33,196)		_		_		(1,766)
Inventories		(55,250)		_		_		9,143
Accounts Payable		(33,219)		72		1,535,987		106,047
Self Insurance Payable		1,427,000		(60,000)		-		-
Compensated absences		2,290		3,924		_		(28,583)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	Ś	(1,123,675)	\$	(205,913)	\$	1,515,777	\$	(1,536,570)
tab p. o	<u>~</u>	(1)123,073)	-	(203,513)	<u> </u>	1,515,77	<u> </u>	(1)333,370)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	o	FLEET PERATIONS	QUIPMENT PLACEMENT RESERVE	JNFUNDED LIABILITIES	TOTAL
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		_		_	
Cash receipts from customers	\$	2,267,614	\$ 1,078,914	\$ -	\$ 8,968,485
Payments to suppliers		(1,024,967)	-	-	(4,527,843)
Payments to employees		(574,230)	-	-	(1,684,778)
Cash paid for claims		-	-	-	(2,358,914)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		668,417	1,078,914		 396,950
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Cash tranfers in		1,645,000	3,000,000	1,000,000	24,270,000
Cash transfers out		-	-	-	(1,708,227)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		1,645,000	3,000,000	1,000,000	22,561,773
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-	-	-	(1,536,502)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		-	-	-	 (1,536,502)
Cash Flows from Investing Financing					
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,313,417	4,078,914	1,000,000	21,422,221
Balances - beginning of year		9,735,632	 19,902,398	5,563,042	 61,048,536
Balances - end of the year	\$	12,049,049	\$ 23,981,312	\$ 6,563,042	\$ 82,470,757
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating Income (loss)	\$	639,389	\$ 1,078,914	\$ -	\$ (3,542,402)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided					
(used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation		27,513	-	-	1,010,185
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Customer Receivables		-	-	-	(47)
Prepaids		-	-	-	(34,962)
Inventories		2,385	-	-	11,528
Accounts Payable		(12,170)	-	-	1,596,717
Self Insurance Payable		-	-	-	1,367,000
Compensated absences		11,300	 -	 	 (11,069)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	668,417	\$ 1,078,914	\$ 	\$ 396,950

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

MSHCP Trust

This fund is used to account for the receipt of the Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP) fees and their remittance to the Western Riverside County Regional Authority (WRCRCA).

Pass Through Agreements

This fund is used to account for the collection of fees such as Kangaroo Rat Mitigation fee, Strong Motion and Instrumentation fee, and Waste Management fee that are collected on behalf of and remitted to various government and private organizations.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	MS	HCP TRUST	 THROUGH REEMENTS	 TOTAL
Assets			_	
Pooled cash and investment	\$	625,123	\$ 974,777	\$ 1,599,900
Total Assets		625,123	974,777	 1,599,900
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		625,123	974,777	1,599,900
Total Liabilities		625,123	974,777	1,599,900
Net Position				
Restricted for organizations and				
other governments		-	 -	 -
Total Net Position	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	MSI	HCP TRUST	 THROUGH EEMENTS	TOTAL
Additions				
Receipts from property owners	\$	554,979	\$ 14,931	\$ 569,910
Total Additions		554,979	 14,931	569,910
Deductions				
Due to trustee		475,710	13,052	488,762
Payments to trustee		79,269	1,879	81,148
Total Deductions		554,979	14,931	569,910
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net				
position		-	-	-
Net Position - Beginning of year		-	-	-
Net Position - End of Year	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

CITY OF MORENO VALLEY AND IN LIFE COMPREHENSIVE COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Statistical Section

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT SERVICES
D E P A R T M E N T

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Moreno Valley's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u> Page #</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	180
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its key revenues.	185
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	191
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	196
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	198

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Moreno Valley Net Position by Component Last ten fiscal years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 841,259,763	\$ 848,135,743	\$ 843,153,359	\$ 839,572,666	\$ 837,174,593	\$ 823,199,477	\$ 807,820,542	\$ 815,230,770	\$ 790,714,054	\$ 856,489,261
Community development projects	47,104,275	44,564,797	67,426,468	63,563,689	69,723,387	72,126,493	71,043,104	76,026,632	45,190,864	46,500,366
Community and cultural	13,201,156	15,490,740	17,003,008	18,850,364	18,852,822	20,259,407	21,850,049	22,426,157	23,276,291	30,105,216
Public safety	328,236	1,000,633	473,282	509,262	595,357	618,440	618,793	583,248	422,503	604,679
Public works/capital projects	56,388,219	43,385,566	45,945,528	47,002,124	50,262,334	59,592,469	59,630,024	63,605,906	87,504,537	81,457,406
Debt service	11,996,640	606'269'6	9,734,330	6,021,727	6,022,962	6,023,401	6,021,207	6,224,295	6,021,107	6,029,355
Other programs	538,101	538,908	707,617	949,249	1,155,659	1,350,421	1,411,128	1,608,165	1,884,724	2,475,298
Permanent funds	328,823	332,597	337,682	338,156	324,240	336,843	345,754	346,215	44,353	51,578
Unrestricted:	70,552,111	33,342,552	27,376,839	26,675,321	20,688,716	30,516,185	35,538,041	52,708,448	133,179,233	139,483,474
Total Governmental activities net position	\$1,041,697,324	\$ 996,487,445	\$1,012,158,113	\$1,003,482,558	\$1,004,800,070	\$1,014,023,136	\$1,004,278,642	\$1,038,759,836	\$1,088,237,666	\$1,163,196,633
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 9,569,296	\$ 10,903,412	\$ 13,977,670	\$ 20,512,511	\$ 20,959,563	\$ 25,289,496	\$ 25,754,111	\$ 29,351,232	\$ 27,055,337	\$ 30,453,356
Regulatory contingencies	3,903,663	3,803,242	1	4,806,157	5,460,607	6,125,796	5,048,552	6,069,655	7,939,389	10,225,486
Unrestricted:										
Total Business-type activities net position	\$ 13,733,416	\$ 19,004,092	\$ 26,464,745	\$ 30,291,480	\$ 38,588,058	\$ 44,147,926	\$ 52,083,088	\$ 63,205,858	\$ 71,224,918	\$ 83,731,746
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 850,829,059	\$ 859,039,155	\$ 857,131,029	\$ 860,085,177	\$ 858,134,156	\$ 848,488,973	\$ 833,574,653	\$ 844,582,002	\$ 817,769,391	\$ 886,942,617
Community development projects	47,104,275	44,564,797	67,426,468	63,563,689	69,723,387	72,126,493	71,043,104	76,026,632	45,190,864	46,500,366
Community and cultural	13,201,156	15,490,740	17,003,008	18,850,364	18,852,822	20,259,407	21,850,049	22,426,157	23,276,291	30,105,216
Public safety	328,236	1,000,633	473,282	509,262	595,357	618,440	618,793	583,248	422,503	604,679
Public works/capital projects	56,388,219	43,385,566	45,945,528	47,002,124	50,262,334	59,592,469	59,630,024	63,605,906	87,504,537	81,457,406
Debt service	11,996,640	606'269'6	9,734,330	6,021,727	6,022,962	6,023,401	6,021,207	6,224,295	6,021,107	6,029,355
Other programs	538,101	538,908	707,617	949,249	1,155,659	1,350,421	1,411,128	1,608,165	1,884,724	2,475,298
Permanent funds	328,823	332,597	337,682	338,156	324,240	336,843	345,754	346,215	44,353	51,578
Public purpose programs	3,903,663	3,803,242	1	4,806,157	5,460,607	6,125,796	5,048,552	6,069,655	7,939,389	10,225,486
Unrestricted:	70,812,568	37,639,990	39,863,914	31,648,133	32,856,604	43,248,819	56,818,466	80,493,419	169,409,425	182,536,378
Total primary government net position	\$1,055,430,740	\$1,015,491,537	\$1,038,622,858	\$1,033,774,038	\$1,043,388,128	\$1,058,171,062	\$1,056,361,730	\$1,101,965,694	\$1,159,462,584	\$1,246,928,379

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

City of Moreno Valley Change in Net Position Last ten fiscal years (accrual basis of accounting)

ò					Fisc	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Expenses Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 12,081,324	\$ 26,675,932	\$ 17,250,813	\$ 20,743,087	\$ 17,866,194	\$ 17,692,328	\$ 21,724,336	\$ 22,833,748	\$ 30,489,658	\$ 26,811,517
Fublic sarety	53,5/8,915	56,270,003	56,238,838	0,880,925	62,932,166	62,282,794	65,849,855	65,544,156	68,558,932	76,207,709
Community and cultural	20 615 807	20 589 032	20,228,108	27 144 633	23.158.730	23,653,269	25 136 772	75 586 885	77 179 371	28 558 641
Public works	43,540,207	29,397,062	34,772,136	39,433,172	47,833,852	50,392,109	55,562,894	51,087,761	49,394,862	50,775,462
Interest and fiscal charges	4,031,673	3,338,928	3,625,888	2,407,992	2,201,392	2,106,238	2,006,183	1,328,064	1,859,429	2,735,642
Total Governmental activities expenses	141,603,306	146,144,794	142,026,769	152,505,383	170,120,241	173,770,137	185,646,851	183,410,521	195,681,495	201,000,088
Business-type activities: Electric	19,796,146	22,277,378	24,230,159	25,319,390	26,286,674	28,740,920	30,514,567	32,862,486	36,722,932	40,907,575
Total business-type activities expenses Total primary government expenses	19,796,146 \$ 161,399,452	22,277,378 \$ 168,422,172	\$	25,319,390 \$ 177,824,773	26,286,674 \$ 196,406,915	28,740,920 \$ 202,511,057	30,514,567 \$ 216,161,418	32,862,486 \$ 216,273,007	36,722,932 \$ 232,404,427	40,907,575 \$ 241,907,663
Program revenues Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 5,057,964	\$ 4,996,612	\$ 6,142,310	8 6,705,689	\$ 7,862,247	\$ 7,531,941	\$ 6,168,776	\$ 7,236,038	\$ 12,730,053	\$ 10,276,989
Public safety	3,077,843	3,196,167	3,409,176	3,013,430	3,797,064	3,726,879	2,527,911	2,903,821	3,983,806	4,197,413
Community and economic development	7,620,631	7,529,017	7,437,687	3,710,803	10,912,039	14,891,509	9,015,897	19,231,538	11,511,757	11,883,403
Community and cultural Public works	6,518,337 2,604,218	6,292,363	3.268.761	3,765,367	5,947,505	5,527,271	5,176,845	360,074	9.270,165	1,208,759 9,580,855
Operating contributions and grants:	1/2 00/1	100	10 1/00-1/0	100/00 1/0						
General government	121,564	154,230	121,850	146,906	325,286	235,088	348,315	250,857	352,232	327,845
Public safety	687,498	4,213,573	3,954,561	2,459,630	2,896,580	1,925,943	4,873,871	5,056,115	37,471,672	4,616,284
Community and economic development	4,972,354	2,278,546	1,225,925	120,222	363,296	253,588	777,408	5,888,527	9,584,813	26,378,847
Community and cultural	7,515,185	7,595,170	7,437,170	7,306,606	8,329,978	8,492,028	9,291,831	10,072,938	11,306,307	10,477,142
Public works	12,279,173	12,837,819	10,131,877	9,395,207	9,940,429	13,026,677	12,843,565	14,032,036	15,691,305	17,164,641
Capital grants and contributions General covernment	17.576	,	,	,	,	4 808	,	,	,	,
Community and economic development	9 726 528	16 679 953	16 349 211	•	•		•	٠	٠	
Community and cultural	-	-	-	•	431,335	•	٠	•	٠	
Public works	6,544,892	5,052,634	1,638,903	5,544,464	647,635	15,433,181	6,933,754	24,600,896	6,116,441	19,979,476
Total governmental activities program										
revenues	66,746,763	74,071,523	66,045,216	48,160,930	58,000,429	75,858,311	62,464,360	101,454,520	119,034,168	116,091,654
Business-type activities: Charges for services										
Electric Operating/Capital grants and contributions	20,213,736	27,678,542	29,363,663	29,090,573	31,443,140	31,074,323 2,496,022	35,899,025 1,704,623	39,507,049 3,831,308	45,339,827 832,461	48,711,053 2,208,429
Total business-type activities program revenues	20,213,736	27,678,542	29,363,663	29,090,573	31,443,140	33,570,345	37,603,648	43,338,357	46,172,288	50,919,482
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 86,960,499	\$ 101,750,065	\$	\$ 77,251,503	\$ 89,443,569	\$ 109,428,656	\$ 100,068,008	\$ 144,792,877	\$ 165,206,456	\$ 167,011,136 (Continued)

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

City of Moreno Valley Change in Net Position Last ten fiscal years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
!	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Net (Expense)/ Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (74,856,543) 417,590	\$ (72,073,271) 5,401,164	\$ (75,981,553) 5,133,504	\$ (104,344,453) 3,771,183	\$ (112,119,812) 5,156,466	\$ (97,911,826) 4,829,425	\$ (123,182,491) 7,089,081	\$ (81,956,001) 10,475,871	\$ (76,647,327) 9,449,356	\$ (84,908,434) 10,011,907
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ (74,438,953)	\$ (66,672,107)	\$ (70,848,049)	\$ (100,573,270)	\$ (106,963,346)	\$ (93,082,401)	\$ (116,093,410)	\$ (71,480,130)	\$ (67,197,971)	\$ (74,896,527)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes:										
Property taxes Transient occurrence taxes	\$ 28,153,697	\$ 30,738,190	\$ 33,418,804	\$ 35,664,089	\$ 38,152,053	\$ 40,517,556	\$ 44,284,961	\$ 47,480,138	\$ 49,694,895	\$ 54,491,764
Sales taxes	15,887,129	16,130,340	18,937,738	18,395,442	19,192,515	21,208,442	20,498,386	25,723,709	40,570,137	36,161,809
Franchise taxes	5,361,531	5,885,913	5,493,936	5,384,726	5,680,137	5,968,690	6,150,038	6,448,031	6,847,689	7,994,625
Business license taxes	1,581,918	1,886,558	2,249,400	2,291,816	2,351,794	2,451,260	2,461,291	2,664,404	2,668,645	2,959,202
Utility users taxes Other taxes	15,595,141	16,138,202	15,824,481	15,613,484 6,464.018	15,629,102	15,483,806	15,499,534	16,361,233	17,708,256 7.433,316	19,501,114
Franchise in lieu taxes	194,943	278,186	293,022	288,383	620,349	617,101	644,760	728,885	858,828	1,051,159
Documentary transfer tax	447,103	502,822	740,120	719,514	767,591	833,082	935,133	739,434	1,314,039	954,975
Use of money and property	4,718,739	3,440,087	4,774,277	2,639,133	6,166,810	9,724,871	12,006,098	2,306,145	(7,101,511)	8,393,925
Miscellaneous	696,377	403,609	1,975,035	769,125	1,040,861	999,027	1,090,864	1,872,604	1,398,878	12,728,963
Contributed capital	1 10	•	•	•	14,513,139	•		•		
Extraordinary items	26,364,076	•	•	•			1 1		•	
Transfers	(904,032)	•	•	•	300,000	5,354	147,460	•	•	
Total governmental activities	105,555,256	83,113,960	91,652,221	90,082,314	113,437,322	107,134,892	113,437,997	116,214,123	126,125,157	159,867,401
Business-type activities Use of property and money	35,249	137,947	202,544	129,253	47.572	504,300	810,852	380,035	(1,654,123)	910,770
Miscellaneous	531,523	1,141,838	2,124,605	209,279	293,756	231,497	182,689	266,864	223,827	1,584,151
Contributed capital	1 000	•	•	•	3,098,784	, i	1 1	•	•	
Iransters	904,032	1	1		(300,000)	(5,354)	(147,460)			
Total business-type activities Total primary government	1,470,804 \$ 107,026,060	1,279,785 \$ 84,393,745	2,327,149 \$ 93,979,370	338,532 \$ 90,420,846	3,140,112 \$ 116,577,434	730,443 \$ 107,865,335	\$46,081 \$ 114,284,078	646,899 \$ 116,861,022	(1,430,296) \$ 124,694,861	2,494,921 \$ 162,362,322
Change in Net Position Government activities	\$ 30,698,713	\$ 11,040,689	\$ 15.670.668	\$ (14.262.139)	\$ 1317.510	\$ 9,223,066	(9,744,494)	\$ 34.258.122	\$ 49,477,830	\$ 74,958,967
Business-type activities										
Total primary government	\$ 32,587,107	\$ 17,721,638	\$ 23,131,321	\$ (10,152,424)	\$ 9,614,088	\$ 14,782,934	\$ (1,809,332)	\$ 45,380,892	\$ 57,496,890	\$ 87,465,795

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

City of Moreno Valley Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last ten fiscal years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Fund Nonspendable Roctricted	\$ 9,132,415	\$ 8,388,275	\$ 8,215,977	\$ 8,395,058	\$ 11,444,674	\$ 10,973,748	\$ 11,145,637	\$ 11,360,516	\$ 11,467,906	\$ 11,654,770
Committed Assigned	2,729,722	2,266,281	2,755,281 2,621,245	13,359,691	13,844,094	16,187,828	16,187,828 17,495,351	17,111,082 19,912,414	18,970,110 15,698,448	25,301,966 38,016,554
Unassigned Total General Fund	27,536,445 \$ 40,555,575	31,606,163 \$ 43,375,903	37,529,532 \$ 51,122,035	24,369,793 \$ 56,131,737	19,690,252 \$ 55,721,954	22,138,541 \$ 65,733,689	25,641,999 \$ 70,470,815	38,201,342 \$ 86,585,354	51,127,685 \$ 97,264,149	23,671,159 \$ 98,644,449
All Other Funds Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 6,848,083 123,037,367	\$ 6,351,290 110,373,496	\$ 5,869,254 103,223,132	\$ 5,863,731 98,182,217	\$ 301,800 110,783,344	\$ 296,615 123,852,864	\$ 288,098 125,764,203	\$ 299,765 129,507,392	\$ 502,038 164,344,379	\$ 522,756 167,223,894
Assigned Unassigned Total all other funds	(449,279) \$ 129,436,171	(447,628) \$ 116,277,158	(122,130) \$ 109,970,256	3,7 05,705,007 - (207,251) \$ 109,606,697	(204,086) \$ 116,649,058	(198,206) \$ (198,206) \$ 130,719,273		(13,140) \$ 137,562,017	(2,198,774) \$ 170,415,643	(4,042,305) \$ 171,472,345

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

City of Moreno Valley
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last ten fiscal years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenue Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 28,153,697	\$ 30,738,190	\$ 39,806,252	\$ 35,664,089	\$ 38,152,053	\$ 40,517,556	\$ 44,284,961	\$ 47,480,138	\$ 49,694,895	\$ 54,491,764
Utility users taxes	15,595,141	16,138,202	15,824,481	15,613,484	15,629,102	15,483,806	15,499,534	16,361,233	17,708,256	19,501,114
Sales taxes	15,887,129	16,130,340	18,937,738	18,395,442	19,192,515	21,208,442	20,498,386	25,723,709	40,570,137	36,161,809
Other taxes	15,044,129	16,263,532	10,334,438	17,000,816	18,442,840	19,195,836	19,910,694	22,470,294	27,251,443	28,589,825
Licenses and permits	2,164,733	2,020,230	2,834,449	2,860,486	3,020,868	3,468,511	3,843,038	4,193,378	4,182,232	4,234,783
nitergoverninental Foos and charge for corridos	20,2010,219	32,303,319	27,403,838	20 967 315	22,360,906	30 913 729	24 349 889	29,137,721	78,549,748	40.146.340
I'ee of money and property	4 034 589	3.405.008	4 734 930	2630133	6 166 810	9 724 871	12 006 098	23067320	(7 101 511)	7 298 241
Use of moties and property	4,034,369	3,403,008	4,7 34,730	626,453	654 993	7,754,011	593 471	2,306,143	(115,101,7)	7,296,241
Miscellaneous	2.269.465	1.623.569	2.273.288	769,126	1.040.861	730,901	1.090.864	1.872.604	1.248.875	10.822.816
	207/207/				1		TO LOCAL DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRACT			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Total revenues	132,808,698	140,505,551	143,972,710	141,/42,319	135,245,901	1/0,945,474	1/5,786,71	191,210,472	747,862,609	2/4,3/3,2/6
Expenditures										
General government	12,019,962	13,146,749	16,275,216	16,860,169	15,663,530	15,912,863	18,917,838	19,799,613	32,927,152	22,235,810
Public safety	53,492,051	55,248,006	55,140,221	56,601,719	61,747,652	61,141,018	64,599,689	64,345,030	67,264,088	74,925,997
Community and economic development	7,923,409	883,788	9,116,820	8,759,075	15,367,566	13,531,870	14,336,632	16,522,665	18,006,440	15,718,315
Community and cultural	19,232,689	18,797,257	19,031,065	19,163,687	20,702,253	21,241,618	22,215,275	23,131,291	25,003,971	26,110,860
Public works	18,273,006	18,130,438	19,293,627	18,434,525	19,311,593	20,516,249	21,395,223	20,209,010	22,753,740	24,203,895
Capital outlay	27,212,890	28,898,279	19,586,004	11,038,070	13,234,873	12,203,689	18,680,033	20,407,331	19,082,597	82,700,583
Debt service	10 004	200	727 000 0	000 000	000 000	000 100 6	000	000	070 050	007 1100
Fincipal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	3.284,500	3 388 158	3,092,176	2,613,000	7 399 001	2,005,000	2,117,000	1 501 066	3,061,930	3,544,060
nicress and iscar charges Bond issuance costs	895,960	360,956		2,3000,2	100/266/7	2,304,430	2,203,101	381,094	- 1,01,10,1	
Total expenditures	156,219,425	150,409,861	144,485,814	135,971,020	150,346,468	148,856,763	164,466,871	169,054,100	189,717,595	251,327,283
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(23,410,727)	(9,904,330)	(513,104)	5,771,299	4,899,433	22,088,711	11,120,925	22,156,372	53,145,014	23,045,993
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in (note 7)	30 993 218	44 585 720	9 218 855	11 834 731	21 981 064	19 333 554	719 020 915	32 697 172	39 319 526	49 392 796
Transfers out (note 7)	(30.111.368)	(44.677.294)	(8.588.009)	(9.397.470)	(20,397,921)	(18.964.541)	(22.462.686)	(35.957.806)	(51.741.289)	(71.954.569)
Transfers from Successor Agency	9,729,528	1,489,134	1,620,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
Transfer in of land						1,474,226				
Contributions to Successor Agency	1	•	(298,513)	1	•		•	1	1	,
Premium on debt issued	905,166	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	٠
Proceeds from leases	i	1	1	1	•	1	•	1	2,659,170	,
Proceeds from SBITA										1,802,782
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	' 000 000 00	•	1	1	1	1	1	(20,382,555)	•	
Other debts issued	20,000,000	(000 000 10)		•	•		•	•	•	
Defeased bonds Refunding bonds issued	10.454.230	24,108,085		•				- 000 020 06		
nanser spirod griminay	10,404,430	Z4,100,000	- 000 010 1	10000	- 4 400 4	1 000 000	(PEEE 600 0)	(0,57,0,000	(007.01)	100 007 007
Total other financing sources (uses)	41,970,774	(434,355)	1,952,333	2,587,261	1,733,143	1,993,239	(3,282,771)	(2,523,189)	(9,612,593)	(20,608,991)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 18,560,047	\$ (10,338,685)	\$ 1,439,229	\$ 8,358,560	\$ 6,632,576	\$ 24,081,950	\$ 7,838,154	\$ 19,633,183	\$ 43,532,421	\$ 2,437,003
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	13.06%	5.38%	5.21%	4.35%	3.14%	3.01%	2.98%	2.85%	2.80%	2.16%
										!

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

City of Moreno Valley
Tax Revenues by Source, General Fund
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Total	64,683,789	68,833,035	74,124,471	75,661,282	606'197'309	84,197,073	760'026'28	98,745,387	121,222,991	123,801,227	91%
	€						(1)				
Cannabis Business Tax	1	ı	1	1	1	1	47,589	1,229,029	3,396,941	3,183,652	n/a
	3	7	0	4	1	2	4	4	6	10	
Documentary Transfer	\$ 447,103	502,822	740,120	719,514	767,591	833,082	935,134	739,434	1,314,039	954,975	114%
	118	28	00	116	794	191	161	104	45	102	
Business License Gross Receipt	\$ 1,581,918	1,886,558	2,249,400	2,291,816	2,351,794	2,451,261	2,461,291	2,664,404	2,668,645	2,959,202	87%
Franchise	5,556,474	6,164,099	5,786,958	5,673,110	6,300,485	6,585,791	6,794,798	7,176,916	7,706,517	9,045,784	%89
Fr	\$		-/	-,							
Transient Occupancy	991,431	1,197,143	1,416,343	1,852,584	2,344,159	2,433,358	2,731,202	3,638,959	4,731,985	4,787,129	383%
·	\$	0	œ	7	23	2	9	6	_	6	
Sales	\$ 15,887,129	16,130,340	18,937,738	18,395,442	19,192,515	21,208,442	20,498,386	25,723,709	40,570,137	36,161,809	128%
ers	141	202	481	184	102	908	534	233	256	114	
Utility Users	\$ 15,595,141	16,138,202	15,824,481	15,613,484	15,629,102	15,483,806	15,499,534	16,361,233	17,708,256	19,501,114	25%
y Tax u of cle : Fees	1,755	15,137,754	16,409,009	17,430,250	18,406,258	19,577,636	21,232,068	22,738,372	23,835,902	25,938,708	%
Property Tax In-Lieu of Vehicle License Fees	\$ 13,871,755	15,13	16,40	17,43	18,40	19,57	21,23	22,73	23,83	25,93	%28
Property	\$ 10,668,782	11,594,459	12,679,455	13,593,075	14,696,576	15,623,696	17,217,684	18,473,330	19,290,569	21,268,854	% 66
Prof	\$ 10,6	11,5	12,6	13,5	14,6	15,6	17,2	18,4	19,2	21,2	
Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Change 2014 to 2023

Notes: (1) In Fiscal Year 2018-19 the voters approved the Cannabis Business Tax. Fiscal Year 2019-20 was the first year any businesses were subject to the tax.

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

Key Revenues, General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Moreno Valley

Fiscal Year	Utility	Utility Users Taxes	Prop	Property Taxes	Proj In-L	Property Taxes In-Lieu of VLF	Sa	Sales Taxes	Prop In-Li	Property Taxes In-Lieu of Sales Taxes	De	Development Services
2014	↔	15,595,141	₩	10,668,782	€	13,871,754	€	11,478,971	↔	4,408,158	€	5,832,468
2015		16,138,202		11,594,459		15,137,754		12,347,660		3,782,680		5,323,881
2016		15,824,481		12,679,455		16,409,009		15,412,390		3,525,352		6,453,497
2017		15,613,484		13,593,075		17,430,250		18,395,442		ı	(1)	7,124,351
2018		15,629,102		14,696,576		18,406,258		19,192,515		ı		7,917,171
2019		15,483,806		15,623,696		19,577,636		21,208,442		ı		8,780,550
2020		15,499,534		17,217,684		21,232,068		20,498,386		ı		8,303,569
2021		16,361,233		18,473,330		22,738,372		25,723,709		ı		9,107,808
2022		17,708,256		19,290,569		23,835,902		40,570,137		ı		10,030,061
2023		19,501,114		21,268,854		25,938,708		36,161,809		ı		9,587,512

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

Notes: 1) Per direction of the State Director of Finance, the Triple Flip program ended in 2016.

City of Moreno Valley Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Secured Value	Un	Unsecured Value	Tot and F	Total Assessed and Estimated Full Value	Exe	Less: Exemptions	Taxa	Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate
2014	\$ 11,042,637	\$	352,337	\$	11,394,974	\$	(264,161)	\$ 11,	11,130,813	0.00185
2015	12,102,252		366,400		12,468,652		(262,713)	12,	12,205,939	0.00179
2016	12,991,881		486,350		13,478,231		(256,756)	13,	13,221,475	0.00173
2017	13,703,128		609,642		14,312,770		(265,286)	14,	14,047,484	0.00172
2018	14,517,849		584,791		15,102,640		(273,025)	14,	14,829,615	0.00169
2019	15,490,166		637,631		16,127,798		(360,916)	15,	15,766,881	0.00166
2020	16,780,625		718,741		17,499,366		(494,977)	17,	17,004,389	0.00162
2021	17,993,472		744,145		18,737,617		(525,363)	18,	18,212,254	0.00155
2022	18,891,344		732,720		19,624,064		(416,160)	19,	19,207,904	0.00152
2023	20,519,932		795,211		21,315,143		(433,258)	20,	20,881,885	0.00153

Notes:

(limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a maximum rate of 1% based upon the that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of the property may be increased by an "inflation factor" described above.

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department Hdl Coren & Cone

City of Moreno Valley
Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(per \$100 of assessed value)

					Fisce	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City Direct Rate:	\$0.00185	\$0.00179	\$0.00173	\$0.00172	\$0.00169	\$0.00166	\$0.00162	\$0.00155	\$0.00152	\$0.00153
Redevelopment Agency Direct Rate:	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Total Direct Tax Rate:	0.00185	0.00179	0.00173	0.00172	0.00169	0.00166	0.00162	0.00155	0.00152	0.00153
Enchance Misses density and Wicken Issue Dict	000000	0.01100	0.01100	0.01100	000100	0.000	0.01000	0.01000	0.01000	00200
Eastern Municipal Water imp Dist	0.0000	0.01100	0.01100	0.01100	0.01000	0.01000	0.01000	0.01000	0.01000	0.0000
Metropolitan Water Dist Original Area	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350
Moreno Valley Unified School District	0.04354	0.04071	0.10223	0.1032	0.09333	0.09864	0.09980	0.09714	0.09817	0.09817
Mt. San Jacinto Jr College	0.00000	0.00000	0.01394	0.01320	0.01320	0.01320	0.01320	0.01320	0.01320	0.01320
Riverside City Community College District	0.01768	0.01791	0.01725	0.01649	0.01616	0.01478	0.01476	0.01470	0.01470	0.01470
San Jacinto Unified School District	0.12746	0.11866	0.11727	0.11656	0.15078	0.15291	0.15292	0.15291	0.15291	0.14988
Val Verde Unified District	0.07235	0.07882	0.07135	0.07210	0.06368	0.06966	0.06368	0.11200	0.11200	0.11200
Total Tax Rate	\$0.29638	\$0.27239	\$0.33827	\$0.33777	\$0.35234	\$0.36435	\$0.35948	\$0.40500	\$0.40600	\$0.39898

Notes:

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of the Metropolitan Water District bonds, the Eastern Municipal Water District bonds and the Riverside Community College bonds.

Source: City of Moreno Valley Finance Department Hdl Coren & Cone

City of Moreno Valley Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2023				2014	
Taxpayer	Тах	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Tax	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Skechers USA, Inc.	\$	327,192,762	1	1.57%	\$	-		-
Duke Realty LP		269,650,486	2	1.29%				
First Industrial LP		268,267,502	3	1.28%		61,643,457	7	0.55%
TGA Centerpointe LLC		267,104,459	4	1.28%				
Prologis Targeted US Logistics Fund LP		198,349,302	5	0.95%				
Prologis		160,579,127	6	0.77%				
Ross Dress For Less, Inc.		150,736,696	7	0.72%		134,148,489	2	1.21%
Amazon Com Services LLC		147,298,314	8	0.71%				
FR Cal Moreno Valley LLC		131,853,947	9	0.63%		49,509,039	8	0.44%
Walgreens Company		125,968,859	10	0.60%		117,221,041	3	1.05%
HF Logistics SKX T1		-				202,007,054	1	1.81%
Stonegate 552		-		-		82,614,238	4	0.74%
IIT Inland Empire Logistics Center		-		-		76,952,001	5	0.69%
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals		-		-		65,975,333	6	0.59%
CLPF 16850 Heacock Street		-		-		47,765,266	9	0.43%
2250 Town Circle Holdings		-		-		47,165,814	10	0.42%
	\$	2,047,001,454		9.80%	\$	885,001,732		7.93%

Source: Hdl Coren & Cone

City of Moreno Valley Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected within the Fiscal	the Fiscal			
	Taxes Levied	Year of Levy	yvy	Collections in	Total Collections to Date	s to Date
Fiscal Year	for the Fiscal		Percent of	Subsequent		Percent of
Ended June 30,	Year	Amount	Levy (1)	years	Amount	Levy
2014	\$ 26,906,254	\$ 26,862,040	99.84%	\$ 44,214	\$ 26,906,254	100.00%
2015	26,455,986	26,154,116	%98.86	301,870	26,455,986	100.00%
2016	27,643,578	27,249,232	%22.86	394,345	27,643,578	100.00%
2017	28,476,155	28,270,448	99.28%	205,707	28,476,155	100.00%
2018	29,595,157	29,425,906	99.43%	169,250	29,595,157	100.00%
2019	30,459,787	30,334,346	%65'66	125,440	30,459,787	100.00%
2020	31,609,650	31,609,650	100.00%	1	31,609,650	100.00%
2021 (2)	33,423,930	32,965,479	% 89.86	458,450	33,423,930	100.00%
2022	35,239,398	34,720,200	98.53%	519,198	35,239,398	100.00%
2023	37,433,664	37,433,664	100.00%	1	37,433,664	100.00%

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city payment equal to 100% of the total tax value. Any delinquencies and the associated penalties and interest are collected and maintained by the (1) The City began participating in the "Teeter Plan" in FY 1993-94. The Teeter Plan adopted by the County of Riverside guarantees each participating County.

(2) Starting in fiscal year 2021, with the implementation of GASB 84, Custodial Funds receiving tax levies (Special Tax) are accounted for as liabilities, therefore, excluded from the Property Tax Levies and Collections calculation.

Source: County of Riverside Auditor-Controller

City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

Fiscal Year 2022/23 Assessed Valuation

\$ 20,904,263,775

	Total Debt		City's	s Share of Debt
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	6/30/2023	% Applicable (1)		6/30/2023
Metropolitan Water District	\$ 19,215,000	0.575%	\$	110,486
Riverside County Flood Control and Water Reclamation District, Zone No.4	5,380,000	29.189%		1,570,368
Eastern Municipal Water District I.D. No U-22	1,220,000	99.047%		1,208,373
Riverside Community College District	291,274,397	15.015%		43,734,851
Mount San Jacinto Community College District	247,850,000	0.021%		52,049
Moreno Valley Unified School District	290,606,643	80.485%		233,894,757
San Jacinto Unified School District	75,310,000	0.589%		443,576
Val Verde Unified School District	321,056,948	32.089%		103,023,964
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2002-1	4,810,000	100%		4,810,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2003-1&2	8,425,000	100%		8,425,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2004-1	1,995,000	100%		1,995,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2004-2	4,115,000	100%		4,115,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2004-3	2,790,000	100%		2,790,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2004-4	3,540,000	100%		3,540,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2004-5	3,345,000	100%		3,345,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2004-6	20,965,000	100%		20,965,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2005-1	6,220,000	100%		6,220,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2005-2, 3, 4 & 5	21,425,000	100%		21,425,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2007-1	4,690,000	100%		4,690,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2015-2	6,190,000	100%		6,190,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2015-3	3,990,000	100%		3,990,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2016-1	5,130,000	100%		5,130,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2017-1	3,565,000	100%		3,565,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2017-1	9,945,000	100%		9,945,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2019-1	5,325,000	100%		5,325,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2019-2	4,955,000	100%		4,955,000
Moreno Valley Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2019-2	3,985,000	100%		3,985,000
Val Verde Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 98-1	10,380,000	100%		10,380,000
Val Verde Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2003-2	2,175,000	100%		2,175,000
Val Verde Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2003-2 Val Verde Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2014-1	6,700,000	100%		6,700,000
Val Verde Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2018-1	12,450,000	100%		12,450,000
Eastern Municipal Water District Community Facilities Districts	14,601,000	100%		14,601,000
	4,530,000	100%		4,530,000
City of Moreno Valley Community Facilities District No. 5		100%		
City of Moreno Valley Community Facilities District No. 7, 1.A. No. 1 City of Moreno Valley Community Facilities District No. 87-1, I.A. No. 1	2,880,000 345,000	100%		2,880,000 345,000
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	343,000	100 /0	\$	
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAFFING TAX AND ASSESSIVENT DEBT			Ф	563,504,424
DIDECT AND OVERLADDING CENERAL ELIND DERT.				
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:	\$ 686,776,829	5.773%	\$	20.647.626
Riverside County General Fund Obligations		5.773%	Ф	39,647,626
Riverside County Pension Obligations	748,540,000			43,213,214
Riverside City Community College District Certificates of Participation	24,550,000	15.015%		3,686,183
Moreno Valley Unified School District Certificates of Participation	4,895,000	80.485%		3,939,741
San Jacinto Unified School District Certificates of Participation	39,175,000	0.589%		230,741
Val Verde Unified School District Certificates of Participation	47,860,000	32.089%		15,357,795
Western Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	4,075,058	0.142%		5,787
City of Moreno Valley General Fund Obligations	75,330,773	100%		75,330,773
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$	181,411,860
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agencies):	\$ 65,670,000	24.496 - 100%	\$	44,812,020
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT				75,330,773
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT				714,397,531
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				789,728,304 (2)

Notes

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded finance lease obligations.

Ratios to FY 2022-23 Assessed Valuation:	
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.70%
Total Direct Debt (\$75,330,773)	0.36%
Combined Total Debt	3.78%
Ratios to Redevelopment Succesor Agencies Incremental Valuation (\$4,827,773,264):	

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt

0.93%

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

City of Moreno Valley	Legal Debt Margin	Last Ten Fiscal Years	(dollars in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023: Assessed Value Debt Limit (15% of assessed value)	\$ 20,881,885 3,132,283										
Debt applicable to limit:	1										
Total net debt applicable to limit	€										
				, FO	1	Fiscal Year	Year		500		
		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assessed Valuation (in thousands)		\$ 12,199,659	\$ 12,064,572	\$13,082,108	\$ 13,909,814	\$ 14,693,509	\$15,633,325	\$17,135,121	\$ 18,340,853	\$ 19,207,905	\$ 20,881,886
Conversion percentage		25%	25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation (in thousands)		3,049,915	3,016,143	3,270,527	3,477,454	3,673,377	$3,016,143 \qquad 3,270,527 \qquad 3,477,454 \qquad 3,673,377 \qquad 3,908,331 \qquad 4,283,780 \qquad 4,585,213 \qquad 4,801,976 \qquad 5,220,472$	4,283,780	4,585,213	4,801,976	5,220,472
Debt limit percentage		15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%		15% 15%	15%	15%

783,071

720,296

687,782

642,567

586,250

551,007

521,618

490,579

452,421

457,487

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Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit

783,071

720,296

687,782

642,567

586,250

551,007

521,618

490,579

452,421

457,487

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department County of Riverside Auditor-Controller

Legal debt margin (in thousands) Total net debt applicable to limit Debt Limit (in thousands)

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Moreno Valley

Fiscal Year Certificates of 2014 \$ 20,000,000 2015 20,000,000 2016 20,000,000 2017 19,391,245 2019 18,347,041	of Lease Revenue						,					
↔	G	Notes and Other	Lease Payables	SBITA Payables	Total Governmental Activities	Lease Revenue Bonds	Notes and Other	Total Business- type Activities	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Debt per Capita	Debt per	Zapita
	Ð	\$ 11,874,411	· \$	· •	\$ 68,268,641	\$ 27,836,607	. ⊕	\$ 27,836,607	\$ 96,105,248	2.66%	€-	482
	32,486,745	10,620,844	•	ı	63,107,589	26,982,029	ı	26,982,029	90,089,618	2.43%		442
	33,788,512	2,838,000	•		56,626,512	36,713,979	ı	36,713,979	93,340,491	2.54%		454
	45 32,324,572	1,800,000	•	ı	53,515,817	37,339,941	ı	37,339,941	90,855,758	2.41%		439
	43 31,002,924	1,527,000		1	51,411,567	36,185,829	ı	36,185,829	87,597,396	2.24%		422
	29,630,276	1,245,000		1	49,222,317	50,502,630	8,110,892 (2)	58,613,522	107,835,839	2.64%		518
2020 17,782,439	39 28,184,628	954,000		1	46,921,067	49,308,523	8,089,757	57,398,280	104,319,347	2.32%		200
19,830,000	26,682,981	649,000		1	47,161,981	48,075,413	7,120,146	55,195,559	102,357,540	2.28%		489
18,870,000	25,116,334	331,000	2,252,220	ı	46,569,554	47,744,600	6,898,177	54,642,777	101,212,331	1.91%		483
2023 17,905,000	23,473,688	ı	1,852,301	1,003,657	44,234,646	46,118,201	6,425,772	52,543,973	96,778,619	1.62%		465

66 3) These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior year.

2) In Fiscal Year 2019 the City and Moreno Valley Utility entered into an Equipment Lease/Purchase Agreement with Banc of America Leasing & Capital for the purchase and retrofit of streetlights.

3) The City has adopted GASB 87 and GASB 96, resulting in the presentation of Lease Payables and SBITA Payables, effective as of June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department Riverside County Economic Development Agency State of California Department of Finance

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, (1)	Certificates of Participation	Lease Revenue Bonds	Direct Placement	Total Governmental Activities	Percent of Assessed Value	Per Capita
2014	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 36,394,230	\$ 2,555,000	\$ 58,949,230	0.53%	\$ 296
2015	20,000,000	32,486,745	2,314,000	54,800,745	0.45%	269
2016	20,000,000	33,788,512	2,062,000	55,850,512	0.42%	272
2017	19,391,245	32,324,572	1,800,000	53,515,817	0.38%	259
2018	18,881,643	31,002,924	1,527,000	51,411,567	0.35%	248
2019	18,347,041	29,630,276	1,245,000	49,222,317	0.31%	236
2020	17,782,439	28,184,628	954,000	46,921,067	0.27%	225
2021	19,830,000	26,682,981	649,000	47,161,981	0.26%	225
2022	18,870,000	25,116,334	331,000	44,317,334	0.23%	212
2023	17,905,000	23,473,688	-	41,378,688	0.20%	199

Notes:

General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources and general obligation bonds recorded in enterprise funds (of which the City has none).

1) Assessed value has been used because the actual value of taxable property is not readily available in the State of California.

Data Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department County of Riverside Auditor-Controller

City of Moreno Valley Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Years

	Coi	Community Facilities District No. 3, AutoMall Retinancing	es District No.	3, Autol	dall Ketına	ncing		(Stor	(Stoneridge)				Tax Refunding Bonds	ing bonds	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Special Tax Levy	Property Tax Increment	Del Principal	Debt Service pal Ir	ice Interest	Coverage	Special Tax Levy	(Fund Debt Principal	(Fund 4108) Debt Service		Coverage	Property Tax Increment	(Fund 4106) Debt Service Principal Inl	4106) ervice Interest	Coverage
2014	1	1	\$ 105,000	\$ 00	3,938	00:00	\$ 393,684	\$ 45,000	\$ 283,633	633	1.20	\$ 1,174,345	\$ 700,000	\$ 310,906	1.16
2015	•	•		,	,	ı	398,468	55,000	281,505	505	1.18	1,186,238	730,000	283,181	1.17
2016	•	•		,	,	ı	405,862	65,000	278,893	893	1.18	1,190,000	760,000	253,381	1.17
2017	•	•		,	'	•	368,314	75,000	275,	275,775	1.05	1,175,245	790,000	218,431	1.17
2018	•	•		,	,	ı	419,663	85,000	272,175	175	1.17	1,173,745	830,000	177,931	1.16
2019	•	1		,	,	ı	429,694	95,000	268,125	125	1.18	1,171,595	870,000	136,106	1.16
2020	•	•			'	•	415,790	110,000	263,458	458	1.11	737,598	910,000	96,831	0.73
2021	•	•		,	,	ı	•	•		,	- (1)	1	•	•	- (1)
2022	•	1		,	,	ı	1	•		,	•	ı	•	•	ı
2023	1	1		1	1	•	•	•		1	1	1	•	1	1
	Towngate Con	ımunity Facilitie	s District No. 87-1, Refunding Bonds	7-1, Imp.	rovement l	Towngate Community Facilities District No. 87-1, Improvement No. 1 Special Tax Refunding Rands	Community	Community Facilities District No. 7 Improvement Area 1 Special Tay Bonds Series 2016	ict No. 7 Imp ynde Series 3	provement	Area 1				
Fiscal Year Ended Tune	Special Tax	Property Tax	(Fi	(Fund 4105) Debt Service	(6		Special Tax	(Fun Debt	(Fund 4114) Debt Service						
30,	Levy	Increment	Principal		Interest	Coverage	Levy	Principal	Interest	 	Coverage				
2014	\$ 117,164	\$ 275,007	\$ 220,000	\$ 00	135,009	1.10	• •	₩.	\$,	1				
2015	114,616	277,896	230,000	0(125,668	1.10	•	•		,	,				
2016	114,070	280,000	240,000	0(115,739	1.11	•	٠		,	1				
2017	16,083	275,803	250,000	0(105,170	0.82	•	•			1				
2018	115,220	278,123	260,000	0(93,851	1.11	189,410	٠	94,	94,088	2.01				
2019	112,239	279,775	275,000	0(81,676	1.10	0.00	75,000	93,	93,338	0.00				
2020	88,489	277,188	290,000	0(98,536	1.02	0.00	75,000	91,	91,388	0.00				
2021	•	•		,	1	- (1)	1	•		,	- (1)				
2022	•	1			'	1	•	•		,	1				
2023															

Notes:
(1) Starting in fiscal year 2021, with the implementation of GASB 84, Custodial Funds receiving tax levies (Special Tax) are accounted for as liabilities, therefore, excluded from the Pledged Revenue Coverage calculation.

Data Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

City of Moreno Valley Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	Population	sonal Income thousands)	er Capita onal Income	Unemployment Rate
2014	199,258	\$ 3,612,548	\$ 18,130	11.0%
2015	203,696	3,704,415	18,186	7.0%
2016	205,383	3,671,016	17,874	7.1%
2017	206,750	3,775,669	18,262	6.0%
2018	207,629	3,902,595	18,796	4.8%
2019	208,297	4,085,746	19,615	4.7%
2020	208,838	4,500,668	21,551	14.9%
2021	209,426	4,490,722	21,443	8.8%
2022	209,407	5,301,976	25,319	4.1%
2023	208,289	5,969,563	28,660	5.4%

Data Source:

California Department of Finance www.dof.ca.gov/research/demographic

Employment Development Department http://www.edd.ca.gov/

City of Moreno Valley Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2023	23	2014	14
Employer	Sector	Business Type	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment
March Air Reserve Base	Military/Public Sector	Military Reserve Base	6,500	6.57%	8,600	26.12%
Amazon Fulfillment Center	Fulfillment	Retail Distribution	4,854	4.91%		
Riverside County Regional Medical Center	Medical Facilities	County Hospital	4,325	4.37%	2,987	%20.6
Moreno Valley Unified School District	Public Sector	Public Schools	3,673	3.71%	3,442	10.45%
Kaiser Permanente	Medical Facilities	Hospital/Medical Services	1,467	1.48%	944	2.87%
Ross Distribution Center	Distribution	Retail Distribution	1,366	1.38%	1,921	5.83%
Harbor Freight Tools	Retail	Retail Distribution	1,150	1.16%		
Procter & Gamble	Distribution	Retail Distribution	632	0.64%		
Val Verde Unified School District	Public Sector	Public Schools	620	0.63%	674	2.05%
United Natural Foods (UNFI)	Distribution	Distribution - Grocery	559	0.57%		
Moreno Valley Mall	Retail	Retail Mall			1,390	4.22%
City of Moreno Valley	Public Sector	Municipal Government			684	2.08%
Walgreens Distribution Center	Distribution	Retail Distribution			009	1.82%
iHerb, Inc.	Distribution	Retail Distribution			750	2.28%

"Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all employers located within City limits.

Source: MuniServices, LLC/Avenu Insights & Analytics

City of Moreno Valley Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
Function	2014	2015	2016	207	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government	93	94	91	10	104	112	104	95	101	105
Public Works	121	119	118	12	121	121	124	127	145	146
Community Development	49	51	09	5	09	52	52	52	20	22
Parks and Community Services	113	127	138	14	7 149 14	142	124	130	130	133
Animal Services	22	22	22	76	22	22	24	22	21	24
Public Safety (1)	286	287	284	29	289	289	285	275	290	307
. 11	684	200	713	73	745	738	713	701	737	770

This data represents a count of people employed by the City not the number of approved full time equivalents.

(1) The City contracts with the County of Riverside for Police and Fire services. The number includes the County and City employees.

Source: City of Moreno Valley Financial and Management Services Department

City of Moreno Valley Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal '	Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Lana mila afatosata	1.000	1,080	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 100	1 100	1 100	1 105	1 105
Lane miles of streets	1,080		1,080	1,080	1,090	1,122	1,122	1,122	1,125	1,125
Number of street lights	11,449	11,512	11,620	11,694	12,011	12,083 190	12,240	12,252 192	12,305	12,444
Number of traffic signals	182	186	188	191	190	190	191	192	197	198
Fire protection:	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Number of stations	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Police protection:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1
Number of policing stations			1						1	
Number of policing substations Recreation and culture:	6	2	3	2	2	4	3	4	3	2
Parks	37	20	20	38	20	20	38	2.4	35	22
- 4		38	38 533		38	38 547	545	34		33 551
Maintained acreage of parks Parks under construction	520 1	533	533	540	540	547	545 2	593 2	596 1	551
	12.75	-	-		-	-	7.1	9.94	2.85	-
Acreage of parks under construction Multi-use athletic fields	12.75	- 24	24	24	- 24	24	7.1 24	9.94	2.85	25
Conference/Recreation centers	1	24 1	24 1	24 1	24 1	24 1	24 1	24 1	24 1	25 1
,						42,800				_
Square footage of recreation centers	42,413	42,413	42,800	42,800	42,800	*	42,800	42,800	42,800	42,800
Senior Centers	1 14,700	1 14,700	1 14,700	1 14,700	1 14,700	1 14,700	1 14,700	1 14,700	1 14,700	1 14,700
Square footage of senior centers	*	*	•		,	*		,	*	
Equestrian centers	1	1 45	1 45	1 45	1 45	1 45	1 45	1 45	1 45	1 45
Maintained acreage of equestrian centers	45 10	45 10	45 11	45 11			45 11.68	45 11.68	12.30	45 14.46
Multi-use equestrian trails miles maintained					11	11.68				
Bikeway trails miles maintained	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3.32	3.32	3.32	5.75	3.61 5
Community centers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	20.750	4	
Square footage of community centers	38,758	38,758	38,758	38,758	38,758	38,758	38,758	38,758	38,758	38,758
Sports courts	24	24 1	24	24	24	24	24 2	24 2	24 2	25 2
Skate parks	10.500		10.500	10.500	10.500	22 500		_		_
Square footage of skate parks	18,500	18,500	18,500	18,500	18,500	23,500	23,500	23,500	23,500	23,500
Soccer Arena	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1 1
Nine-hole golf courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	1	1	_
Play apparatus	26	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	29	31
Water play features	2	2	2	2 1	2 2	2	2 3	2	2	2
Library	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3
Utilities:	F 202	F 0/0	F 0/F	F 404	F 70F	F 0F2	6.000	(0.40	((EC	ć 0 25
Residential utility meters	5,202	5,260	5,365	5,494	5,725	5,953	6,099	6,349	6,679	6,825
Commercial utility meters	639	652	663	673	694	715	725	767	780	898

Sources: City of Moreno Valley Technology Services, Special Districts, Transportation, Fire Department, Police Department, Parks & Community Services, Utilities.

					Fiscal Y	l'ear				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Square mileage of area	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
Fire protection:	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02
Provided by the County of Riverside in cooperation with										
the State Department of Forestry and Fire:										
Sworn personnel	69	69	69	69	75	75	67	61	83	93
Volunteers	25	18	16	14	11	7	14	10	27	31
Non-sworn personnel	11	13	12	11	10	12	11	11	4	4
OEM non-sworn personnel	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Responses to emergency calls	16,340	17,727	19,006	21,268	19,807	19,753	20,354	21,326	22,536	29,709
Inspections and Permits	3,251	3,445	6,382	4,741	3,737	3,279	3,298	4,848	9,074	11,258
Apartment Complex Inspections	1476	1,777	1,943	771	1,160	757	704	560	629	665
Plan checks	1,646	1,788	1,317	861	1,202	1,747	1,385	1,802	2,033	3,275
Counter/Public inquiries	2,966	2,683	2,604	2,162	2,472	2,605	1,790	62	819	691
Police protection:										
Provided through contract with the County of Riverside										
Sheriff's Department:										
Sworn officers	153	151	150	150	150	150	150	150	146	151
Classified personnel	48.5	50	50	50	45.5	45	48.5	47.5	49.5	51.5
City support personnel	2	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Volunteers	69	84	72	88	149	62	53	12	19	16
Responses to Calls:										
Priority 1	402	420	461	446	521	473	488	568	567	675
Priority 1A	1,500	1,463	1,480	1,398	1,553	1,477	1,587	1,450	1,589	1,538
Priority 2	28,048	28,696	30,294	31,097	31,450	30,544	30,798	28,619	28,768	27,168
Priority 3	28,521	30,499	35,317	33,816	31,841	28,206	26,924	27,325	25,867	25,790
Priority 4	16,662	16,749	17,944	17,841	16,708	15,787	15,681	15,999	13,743	13,497
Priority 5	63	62	54	18	11	9	8	19	12	2
Priority 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Priority 7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Priority 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1
Priority 9	436	312	295	331	292	296	279	267	261	345
Cancelled	26,172	29,095	26,061	22,903	19,210	18,710	23,592	19,593	21,081	14,252
Disp/Arr Time Missing	8,191	9,384	8,807	7,592	7,077	7,493	7,732	6,702	7,212	7,168
Same Disp/Arr Time	40,425	45,041	47,794	67,829	66,269	45,609	42,647	34,174	36,429	38,621
Tactical Response Unit Calls	76	42	27	39	34	1	1	2	0	339
Building and Safety:	2.0//	2 220	0.411	2.022	4.070	4.400	4.140	4.700	F 700	6 FF1
Building permits issued	2,066	2,329	2,411	2,823	4,369	4,499	4,149	4,723	5,782	6,551
Counter requests for service	7,049	7,597	8,066	7,895	9,615	9,572	7,532	430	4,482	5,545
Planning:	752	667	672	494	674	757	745	992	1,713	1,302
Planning applications processed Planning public counter customers	3,718	3,527	3,366	3,598	4,018	5,313	4,275	99 <u>2</u> 286	2,802	2,731
01	3,/18	3,327	3,300	3,398	4,018	5,313	4,2/5	286	2,802	2,731
Recreation and culture: Rounds of golf played	9,002	7,948	8,237	6,500	7,652	2,635	7,144	12,737	6,770	8,880
0 1 2	1,058	1,087	1,235	1,300	1,026	1,432	453	36	801	943
Community center rentals Participants in recreation programs	47,405		44,000		48,000	69,430	64,559	15,464	45,425	55,588
rarticipants in recreation programs	47,403	43,361	44,000	46,000	40,000	69,430	04,339	15,464	43,423	33,366
Utilities:										
Average residential daily consumption (kilowatt hours)	19.1	20.1	19.7	19.7	20.2	19.63	19.36	22.27	20.45	16.49
Average commercial daily consumption (kilowatt hours)	395.3	573.0	622.24	646.2	630.8	571.48	576.28	585.58	592.18	596.10
New residential connections	111	575.0	105	129	231	228	146	250	330	146
New commercial connections	32	13	11	10	231	21	10	42	13	118
Employees:	32	13	11	10	21	21	10	42	13	110
Members of City Council	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Members of City Council Members of the Planning Commission	5 7	5 7	9	8	7	5 7	5 7	5 7	6	4
Full-time career status (FTE)	299	261	264	262	263	272	281	275	266	306
Part-time career status (FTE)	11	14	15	12	13	14	15	12	3	5
Animal Shelter visitors (prior year information not available)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	31,788	23,150	3,799	18,796	19,760
Animal Stietter visitors (prior year illiorination flot available)	11/ а	11/ a	11/ а	11/ а	11/ a	31,700	20,100	3,177	10,7 70	17,700

Sources: City of Moreno Valley Technology Services, Fire Department, Police Department, Community Development, Parks & Community Services, Public Works, Utilities, Human Resources.

